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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXX VII NO. 244 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

O. G. LICENCE No. X1 suspended by Government. No more imports now. Hasten to call at "DECORA" to make your selection of plain and printed everglazed Chintz, Veleds, Tapestry Fabrics, American Pile Fabrics, Czech Outglassware, etc. from their rapidly diminishing stock.

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A WORD TO THE BRITISH

Pandit Nehru in a pensive mood as he spoke over the B.B.C. microphone on his arrival at London Airport.

India Can't Be Neutral With Liberty Menaced

NEHRU ADDRESSES U.S. SENATE AND REPRESENTATIVES

WASHINGTON, OCTOBER 13, (PTI-REUTER). PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TOLD A CHEERING HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES HERE TODAY THAT INDIA "CANNOT AND SHALL NOT BE NEUTRAL WHERE FREEDOM IS MENACED OR JUSTICE THREATENED, OR WHERE AGGRESSION TAKES PLACE".

The Prime Minister delivered a history-making speech twice in Congress, first to the House of Representatives and then to the Senate. Earlier, he visited the National Art Gallery where his knowledge of fine paintings was praised by the Assistant Director, Mr. MacGill James.

The Prime Minister received loud and enthusiastic ovation in Congress. He was introduced to the House of Representatives by its veteran speaker, Mr. Sam Rayburn of Texas, as the "representative of the great democracy of India with its millions" and as a man of learning in the ways of democracy.

To Congress, which is considering the implementation of President Truman's programme to assist under-developed areas, the Indian Prime Minister stressed the need of mechanical, technological and economic aid from the United States.

He said that India would welcome such aid "on terms which are of mutual benefit," but added firmly, "We do not seek any material advantage in exchange for any part of our hard-won freedom".

He described the basis and the goal of Indian foreign policy in brief but blunt phrases which were repeatedly cheered, particularly these words: "We are neither blind to reality nor do we propose to acquiesce in any challenge to man's freedom, from whatever quarter it may come. Where freedom is menaced, or justice threatened, or where aggression takes place, we cannot be and shall not be neutral".

MAHATMA

Prolonged applause greeted his tribute to Mahatma Gandhi and his reference to Gandhi's peaceful technique of action which "was effective and yielded results which led us not only to freedom, but to friendship with those with whom we were till yesterday in conflict."

The proceedings were dignified and solemn, but lacked the pomp and ceremony which frequently accompany such visits to Congress.

Both the House and the Senate were meeting in cramped temporary quarters because their usual chambers were under repair. There was no accommodation for the public or the full diplomatic corps. Many tried to obtain admission, but only a handful of special passes were available. But newsreel and television cameras recorded the proceedings for a larger audience.

Powerful lights lit up vividly the cream and gold of the Committee Room in which the House of Representatives was sitting. Wearing a dark informal western business suit, the Indian Prime Minister read his speech before a "Stars and Stripes" hung before a large gold curtain. Before Pandit Nehru arrived, the Chaplain of the House referred to him in a prayer with which the proceedings were opened.

TRIBUTE

Congressmen gave a friendly welcome to the Indian Prime Minister. Representative Emmanuel Celler (Democrat, New York), said, "Pandit Nehru's visit and his speech to us today emphasise and highlight the development of a treaty of commerce, navigation and friendship between our two countries.

"Pandit Nehru is a symbol of the friendship and cordiality that should exist between the two great democracies, the United States in the West and India in the East.

"One sees clearly in the lines of his face his fixed determination to lead India forward to happiness and contentment," Mr. Celler added.

TO SENATORS

After his address in the House of Representatives, Pandit Nehru crossed into the Capitol to address the Senate. He was escorted into the temporary Senate quarters, the early 19th century chamber, where the Supreme Court once sat. Senators in the semi-circular domed chamber rose

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 1.)

AMERICA GREETS INDIA

A radio photo shows President Truman receiving Pandit Nehru at the Washington Airport.

12 KILLED IN U.S. BOMBER CRASH

Accident Near Newmaket

NEWMARKET (SUFFOLK), Oct. 13, (PTI-Reuter): All twelve of the crew were killed today when an American B-50 Stratoplane, carrying a full load of live bombs, crashed at Iselham, Newmarket, while flying to Heligoland.

It was at first feared there were 13 aboard the aircraft one of the type built for carrying atom bombs. The giant bomber belonging to a squadron which flew to Britain in August for training, crashed into a wheat field exploded and burst into flames which quickly set haystacks and farm buildigs alight.

Visibility at the time was reduced to three-quarters of a mile by fog.

RANGOON: Recognition of the Chinese Communist Government by Burma would be determined independently o fany decisions taken by India and other Commonwealth countries, Burmese Foreign Minister U. Maung stated here, according to the English daily newspaper "The Nation".

ELEVEN HURT IN CITY FIRING

Panicky Looting Of Grocer's Shop

SITUATION CALM; SUPPLY OF SALT ASSURED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

ELEVEN citizens of Bombay were injured near the G.I.P. Railway station, Matunga, on Thursday afternoon, when police opened thirteen rounds of fire after a lathi-charge, to quell a riotous mob trying to raid a grocer's shop. Ten suffered bullet wounds, while the eleventh was injured during the lathi-charge.

The Director of Publicity said in a press note tonight that the situation was now perfectly under control; and that no other incident of any other kind had been reported. He added that the police had taken extensive precaution to prevent any untoward happenings.

The whole trouble started over a demand for salt, it is said. During the afternoon recess, a worker of the Matunga Railway Workshop went to a grocer's shop on Bhandarkar Road near the railway bridge and asked for some salt. The grocer said he had no stock. The worker went away, but returned later in the company of some co-workers. He asked the grocer again for some salt, and was again refused.

ARGUMENT

Then, the group of workers are said to have entered the shop and started an argument. Passers-by hearing the violent verbal battle joined in the fray. Soon afterwards, the men began to ransack the shop in an effort to see for themselves if there was any stock of salt hidden by the grocer. The goods in the shop were thrown on the road by the ransackers, and by now a fair crowd had collected at the shop.

More men joined the crowd when they saw the streets littered with the grocer's wares and the crowd diverted its attention to neighbouring shops

The unarmed police in the locality tried to control the infuriated mob which had now grown into a few hundred strong. But it was beyond them as they were unarmed.

A call was then put in by the police to the Kingsway Police Station Adequate reinforcements of armed constables were immediately rushed to the spot. The reinforcements were

(Continued on page 7, col. 5)

KHER'S ASSURANCE

POONA, Oct. 13 (PTI).—The Premier, B. G. Kher, stated on the floor of the Bombay Legislative Assembly today that Bombay had ample stocks of salt and that arrangements would be made to make salt available to the people in as large quantities as they desired.

Mr. Kher said that he had ascertained from th eCivil Supplies Minister that the salt position was entirely satisfactory and he appealed to the people of the Province not to fall a

Favourites Of Sugar Gods !

BOMBAY, Thursday.

THE sugar shortage in the city is being met in various ways. One of the ingenious methods of "equitable" distribution to the citizens during Divali week is collective purchase from the Merchants' Association by Government offices and doling it out to employees.

It is reported that the entire staff of the Secretariat, the Directorate of Industries, the Collector's office and the office of the Prohibition and Excise Commissioner has been offered and given sugar ranging from two to seven pounds per head, at the controlled price of 6 annas and 9 pies per pound. The staff of the Secretariat received special favour, their quota being no less than seven pounds.

Other citizens of Bombay—at least, such of those as can get half a pound per head, it may be recalled, for the Divali week. It is said that the special favour is being shown because the Government employees are what was described by one official as "genuine" customers.

SARDAR DETERMINED TO BALANCE BUDGET

Cut In Salary Of Indian Government Employees?

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, Oct. 12.

EMPLOYEES of the Government of India are in for a salary cut, it is learnt here. There were two alternatives, namely, either to have large-scale retrenchment or to resort to a cut in salaries.

Large-scale retrenchment was regarded undesirable because it would have created discontent. Hence the proposal to have a cut in salaries.

Under the scheme existing resources would be spread over the maximum number of people.

Whether this course would lead to efficiency, it is too early to forecast.

Two proposals are in the field. They are:

(1) A 15 per cent cut in salaries drawn at old scales of pay.

(2) Enforcement of recommendations of the Central Pay Commission which had scaled down salaries in the higher grades.

A five per cent cut in salaries was imposed about 15 years ago, it may be recalled but conditions then prevailing were radically different, it is pointed out here.

It was a period of slump and prices were ruling at rock bottom level.

Prices now are rising and are uncontrolled.

Comparison with ministers voluntarily cutting down their salaries does not hold good, because ministers enjoy many benefits which are not available to Government employees.

Government employees, on the other hand cannot have it both ways. They cannot maintain staff at its existing level and also their salaries at their existing scales. They shall have to reduce one of them.

Having burnt their boats by opposing the Economy Committee's recommendations they are now faced with a proposal for a cut in salaries for, Sardar Patel is determined to balance Government's budget and if Government employees prefer to maintain inflated scales of staff they shall have to scale down their own salaries.

NO ELECTION IN U.K THIS YEAR

Attlee's Announcement

LONDON, Oct. 13 (PTI-Reuter)—Prime Minister Clement Attlee announced today that Britain will not have a general election this year, thus ending weeks of speculation as to whether the Government would spring a surprise autumn election instead of waiting until the term of Parliament expires in 1950.

The following statement was issued from 10, Downing Street: "Having regard to the disturbing effect on trade and industry and on the national effort by the continuance of speculation as to an early general election, the Prime Minister thinks it right to inform the country of his decision not to advice His Majesty to dissolve Parliament this year."

VICTORY

The Prime Minister's statement was issued after a two and a half hours' Cabinet meeting which discussed the case for and against an autumn election.

The decision is a victory for the Premier and the section of the Cabinet which has all along considered that the Labour Government should run its full time.

SABOTAGE ON B. N. RAILWAY

Bombay-Bound Mail Derailed

SIX DEAD 31 INJURED: EYE-WITNESS REPORT

CALCUTTA, Oct. 13, (PTI):

FOUR persons were killed on the spot two more died subsequently, and 31 were injured when the Calcutta-Bombay Mail, which left Calcutta last night was derailed near Kharagpur, 80 miles west of Howrah shortly after 10 p.m.

The cause of the accident was due to sabotage caused by the removal of four pairs of fish-plates and bolts from a rail length, according to a statement issued by the Public Relations Officer, Calcutta Railways.

The scene of accident lay between Kalai Kundah and Surdiah, about 80 miles from Howrah. Medical aid was rushed to the place by railway ambulance specials both from Kharagpur and Chakardharpore with full medical outfit.

Two more persons died this morning bringing the death roll in the accident to six, according to G.I.P. railway officials. One person is in a precarious condition. Two bodies have so far been identified. They are the bodies of Mr. Jiwanlal of Ahmedabad and Mr. Istakar Ahmed of Calcutta. The other four bodies are awaiting identification. The name of the person lying in a serious condition is Mr. Aninesh Das of Calcutta.

Mr. P. C. Bahl, General Manager of the B. N. Railway who was in Nagpur yesterday in connection with the meeting of the C. P. Local Advisory Committee of the Bengal Nagpur Railway left for Calcutta this morning by air. From Calcutta he will proceed to the scene of the accident by special train.

Mr. R. C. Sood, Government Inspector of Railway will hold an inquiry tomorrow at Kharagpur Railway station into the derailment it was learned here.

Down trains coming to Calcutta are being diverted via Sini near Kharagpur.

The Public Relations Officer stated the first bogie a luggage and brake van was derailed while the second and third—both class three compartments capsized. The fourth, an upper class coach telescoped with rear end of the third bogie while the next two left the rails.

A duplicate train is being run by the Bengal Nagpur Railway from Kharangpur.

Eye-Witness Account

Giving an eye-witness account of

(Continued on Page 9)

Gujerat University

POONA, Oct. 13 (PTI)—Assent was given today by the Bombay Legislative Council to the bill for creating a regional university for Gujerat.

U.N. TO CONTINUE EFFORTS TO SOLVE KASHMIR QUESTION

No More Hostilities There Asserts Commission's Chairman

GENEVA, Oct. 13 (PTI-Reuter).

MR. CARLOS LEGUIZAMAN, Chairman of the United Nations Kashmir Commission, said here today that the Commission's report to the Security Council would recommend continued United Nations efforts to solve the Kashmir question.

Speaking at a press conference, Mr. Leguizaman declined any details on what measures the report would propose. He stressed the Commission's success in bringing about a cease-fire and fixing truce demarcation lines, adding, "I do not think hostilities will ever begin in Kashmir. I am expressing the opinion of all my colleagues when I say that the United Nations will continue to do everything possible to help India and Pakistan in their problems."

Asked if the Commission's report would recommend further action to break down the barriers to a plebiscite, Mr. Leguizaman replied, "Certainly."

Ambassador Erik Colban, Norwegian representative of the U. N. Secretary General with the Kashmir Commission, said, "Nothing remains but to present a fair account and ask the Security Council to decide what further mediation work can be carried out."

Mr. Leguizaman said the report would probably take three weeks for a month to complete in Geneva before the Commissioners go on to Lake Success.

Ambassador Colban plans to return to India about the middle of next month.

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2 ANNAS PER WORD

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Wanted: A Principal for a School across the Bombay Harbour. Pay according to qualification. Apply Box No. 1235, "Bombay Chronicle".

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Experienced salesman urgently required, preferably (in Cycle line) on commission or salary basis. Apply to: The Metal Goods Mfg. Co. Ltd., Banaras Cantt. 1242

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EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for special classes now started for Professional Diplomas of Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce or suitable combination. Education personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road. (1238)

Learn Homoeopathy by post and subscribe for "Homoeopathy and Comparative Medicine", the most popular Homoeopathic monthly in India. For details write to the Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore. (107A)

BOOKS

Home University Encyclopedia—12 massive volumes Original Price Rs. 250. Few pulled sets as good as new available at Rs. 112|8. Very rare bargain. Write for details. K.L.K.M., P.B, 2227, Madras 2. (1239)

MEDICAL ADLET

Chitrakot Hills Herbs for asthma cure. A most powerful and highly effective world renowned remedy which cures asthma in a single dose. To be taken on 5-11-49 full moon night. Apply in English or Hindi at once. Swami Darshnanand, Ayurvedashram, Yagvedi P.O. Chitrakot (Banda) U.P. (1246)

Widely renowned and a most Powerful highly effective remedy for curing Asthma by one dose to be taken on 5-11-49 full moon night. Apply in English, Shri Mahatma Yogi Baba, Ayurvedic Buti Bhandar, P.O. Chitrakot, U.P. (1244)

Kailash Hills Herbs (Regd.) relieves asthma of all five kinds completely by one dose to be taken on 5-11-49 (sarad full moon) apply in English or Hindi. Brahamchari G. Das, Sri Sidh Brahamcharaya Sewa Asram, P. O. Chitrakot U.P. (1243)

Blumer's Therapeutics of Internal Diseases—5 massive volumes—Rs. 250|- Ask for free descriptive convincing folder. K.L.K.M., P.B. 2227, Madras 2 (1240)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Highly Silverplated Sports Cups— Medals and Presentation Articles. Ask for Catalogue. Arora Brothers 1, Pussa Road, New Delhi. (1241)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Stockists and Agents throughout Bombay Presidency for sale of our Sports Goods. Reliable parties interested in this trade should contact National Sports Works, Kartarpur. (District Jullundur). 5983

Wanted agents in all municipal towns on Rs. 80|10|150 plus commission for soaps, inks, coffee etc. Investment in stock Rs. 500|-. Reserve your town sending Rs. 100|- to The Andhra Soap Industries Ltd., Akidu. (6006)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

"Atlas" Grade I Sheet Metal Working machines for the manufacture of tin containers, hurricane lamps, hinges, toys, electric fittings, utensils, etc., obtainable from M/S Roberts McLean & Co., Ltd., Haco House, Sir P. Mehta Road, Bombay, or The Industrial Syndicate, 119, Ripon Street, Calcutta. 16. 5930A

ASTROLOGICAL

At Last a way has been perfected for you to look into your future without the aid of Astrologers and Palmists. We will send you a Magnetic Device that will enable you to answer any question with startling accuracy. For further particulars please contact. Box 1226, "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Dunlopillo— The original Latex Foam Matress for the utmost in hygiene and comfort. Supplies available at The Army and Navy Stores Ltd., Esplanade Road, Bombay; Good Housekeeping Co., Ltd. 38, Queen's Road, Bombay; Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co Ltd., 278 and 286, Hornby Road, Bombay and The Art Flooring and Construction Co., 16, Sleater Road, Bombay. 5047

PUBLIC NOTICES

ELECTRIC GRID DEPARTMENT
OPERATION & MAINTENANCE STAFF,
of the North Gujarat Electric Grid Scheme.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts of JUNIOR ENGINEERS (Electrical and Mechanical) at Nadiad in the scale of Rs. 80-5-100-8-140-E. B.-10-220-E. B.-10-270 in the Electric Grid Department, Government of Bombay, for the operation and maintenance of the North Gujarat Electric Grid Scheme.

2. Higher starting pay upto Rs. 200|- P.M. in case of Graduates in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering and Rs. 132|- in the case of Diploma Holders may be allowed to qualified candidates with experience. The candidates will also be entitled to Dearness Allowance on the scale sanctioned by Government from time to time, and if posted at Bombay, Compensatory Local Allowance and House Rent Allowance admissible according to rules. The posts carry the benefit of the Contributory Provident Fund.

3. The posts are temporary but are likely to be made permanent.

4. The candidates should possess a University Degree or a Diploma in Electrical or Mechanical Engineering of a recognised Institution Experience of operation and maintenance of 66 KV., 33 KV., 11 KV., overhead transmission lines and substations, and L. T. Distribution lines will be given a special preference. Experience in relay and meter-testing will be also considered an advantage.

5. Applications giving full particulars regarding Age, domicile, educational qualifications and practical experience should reach the Electrical Commissioner with the Government of Bombay, Electric Grid Offices, Foreshore Road, Bombay 1 on or before 10th November, 1949. (6001)

RAJASTHAN PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, JAIPUR

SECRETARY, Rajasthan Public Service Commission invites applications (bonafide residence of the United State of Rajasthan preferred) through proper channel, if employed (applications can be sent direct and forwarded applications should follow soon)—with copies of certificates and testimonials for the undermentioned posts by the 2nd November, 1949. Details regarding qualifications, experience, residence etc. should be given. No candidates will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so. No travelling allowance will be paid.

FOR DUNGAR COLLEGE, BIKANER

1. One Hindi Lecturer. Pay Rs. 170-10-250.
Ist or 2nd Class M.A. in Hindi preferably with teaching experience.

FOR LOHIA INTER COLLEGE, CHURU (BIKANER)

2. One Hindi Lecturer.
Pay Rs. 150-10-250.
Ist or 2nd Class M.A. in Hindi preferably with teaching experience. (6000)

G. I. P. RAILWAY TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER of Stores invites Tenders for reconditioning of scrap metal white No. 6 (Mushroom shape ingots) Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2|- per copy, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 10th November, 1949 at 3 p.m. (S.T.). (5998)

EAST & WEST INSURANCE CO. LTD.
NOTICE

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss, destruction or misplacement of Policy No. 41446 of the EAST & WEST INSURANCE CO. LTD., BOMBAY, on the life of Mr. Seetlaprasad Kamtaprasad Pande for Rs. 2,000|-, a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within a fortnight from this date.

K. N. SAMANT,
Manager.
6003

NOTICE OF TENDER
MILITARY ENGINEERING SERVICES

TENDERS are invited from Contractors who are borne on the Approved List of M.E.S. Contractors and within whose financial limits the value of the work lies, by the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona, for the construction of Class "D" and "E" Quarters, Technical School, Students' Hostel, Dining Hall and Roads for Prototype Machine Tool Factory at AMBERNATH. The work is estimated to cost about Rs. 26 lakhs.

Applications for tender forms must be submitted on or before 24th October to the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, POONA.

Copies of the conditions of Contract and Drawings would be open for inspection in the Office of the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona during office hours after 26th October, 1949.

Tender Documents will be issued on and after 26th October '49.

Tenders will be received by 15-00 hours on 10th November, 1949. 5988

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING.
PUBLIC NOTICE.

WE HAVE PLEASURE in announcing that on and from Saturday, the 15th instant, the following two Bus Services which are running between Tardeo T.T. and Afghan Church and between Carnac Bunder and Dhobi Talao will be extended to R. C. Church and Flora Fountain, respectively.

"C" ROUTE: The route, stopping stations, fares and headway will remain same.

EARLY MORNING.

	First Bus.	Last Bus.		First Bus.	Last Bus.
R. C. Church	7.35	20.55	Churchgate	6.32	7.17
Tardeo	7.00	21.30	Afghan Church	6.48	7.36
Afghan Church	21.05	22.00			

"L" ROUTE: Via Mahatma Gandhi Road to Flora Fountain Headway every 9 minutes.

	First Bus.	Last Bus.
Flora Fountain.	7.00	20.55
Carnac Bunder.	7.27	21.20

J. R. TALEYARKHAN.
Traffic Manager.
5975

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY—TENDER NOTICE

THE GENERAL MANAGER, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Bombay invites Sealed Tenders for reconditioning 85 tons of Non-Ferrous Scrap. Copy of Tender No. P3|C|66 of 11-10-49 may be obtained on payment of Rs. 5|- per copy which is not refundable, from the Controller of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Jacob Circle, Mahalaxmi, Bombay No. 11 to whom the tenders are returnable by 11-30 a.m. on or before 26-10-49.

Firms not on approved list of Tenderers should give their Banker's references. (6002)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all persons concerned that the undersigned has, as from the day of 13th October, 1949, ceased to be a Director of M|s. Eastern Security (India) Ltd., of Mazagaon, Bombay, and that he is no longer concerned with its management, being only a Share-Holder now.

NATIVITY A. D'SOUZA. (1248)

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER 'Grainshops', G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 2 p.m. on 24-10-49 for the supply of Bakery Products (Bread and Buns) to the Railway Canteens at Kalyan, Lonavla, Dhond, Sholapur, Igatpurl, Manmad and Bhusaval. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asstt. Controller, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, Poona. (6007)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from residents of the province of Bombay and from non-Muslim displaced personnel from Pakistan for posts of Sub-Auditors of Co-operative Societies in Co-operative Department. The posts are at present temporary but persons recruited are likely to be absorbed in the regular establishment of the Department.

GRADE: Rs. 100-8-140 plus cost of living and other allowances as are admissible under the existing orders of Government.

QUALIFICATIONS: A degree in B.Com (with advanced accountancy) or holders of the Government Diploma in Co-operation and Accountancy, or graduates who have obtained Higher Diploma in Cooperation after having gone through a regular course of training at the Cooperative Training College, Poona.

AGE: 25 years in case of Advanced Class and 28 years in case of Intermediate or Backward Class on 1-12-1949. The age-limit in case of displaced personnel will be regulated in accordance with Government orders issued in this behalf.

LANGUAGES KNOWN: Any one or more of the regional languages of the Province of Bombay.

Persons already in Government service who are eligible may also apply, if they are permitted by the Heads of their Departments.

Candidates desiring to be considered for appointment to these posts, should submit their applications so as to reach the Registrar, Co-operative Societies and Director of Agricultural Marketing and Rural Finance, Bombay Province, Poona, not later than 15th November 1949, giving full particulars regarding qualifications, age, languages known, previous experience, if any, etc.

11th October, 1949. 5989

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY
REGISTRATION OF FIRMS ON APPROVED LISTS OF CONTRACTORS

APPLICATIONS for enlistment as "Approved Contractors" for supply of stores to this Railway are invited from Manufacturers, Manufacturers' Agents and Stockists in the prescribed form obtainable from the undersigned on payment of Rupees Ten in cash or by M.O. (not refundable). Postal Orders or Cheques will not be accepted. Firms already on the approved List of the Stores Department need not apply.

The decision of the undersigned in respect of registration will be final and no correspondence will be entertained.

Only one application form can be obtained by any one firm.

A. R. SARIN
Controller of Stores.
Mahalaxmi, Bombay 11. 5978

PADMA PUBLICATIONS LTD.
NOTICE

THE SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held on FRIDAY, 28th October, 1949, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, 3rd Floor, Lakshmi Building, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statement of Account for the period ended 30th June, 1948.
2. To elect two Directors in place of Sirdar C. S. Angre and Shri L. J. Kirpalani, who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election and offer themselves as such.
3. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
4. To consider any other business which may be put up before the Meeting and may be allowed by the Chairman.

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
For Padma Publications Limited.
MERCHANT BROS
Managing Agents.

N.B.—The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 15th October, 1949 to 5th November, 1949, both days inclusive. (6004)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RUSSY PHIROZE COOPER, BEHRAM PHIROZE COOPER, KEKOO PHIROZE COOPER and HILLA H. BOATWALLA, all of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Flora Fountain, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground, admeasuring 260 square yards or thereabout out of a large piece or parcel of land, admeasuring about 1136-1|3 square yards with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate at Grant Road, lying and being on the South side of Grant Road which large piece of land is registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 7378, Cadastral Survey No. 1023 of Girgaum Division together with the buildings standing thereon assessed by the Bombay Municipality under D. Ward No. 2402(I), Street No. 315-315D and the premises agreed to be sold is bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the joint passage belonging to the Trustees of Phirozeshaw D. Cooper and Eruchshaw D. Cooper on or towards the West by the property of Nusserwanji Pestonji Waglacooper, on or towards the South by the remaining property of the Vendors and or towards the North by Grant Road. Dated at Bombay this 10th day of October, 1949.

SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT,
Purchasers' Attorneys. (5999)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF KANDEWADI PROPERTY, advertised to take place, Today 14-10-19 has been POSTPONED.

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"DEVIL OF COMMUNALISM STRENGTHENED"

Congress Executive Decision On R. S. S. Criticized

THE R.S.S. is not merely Mr. Golwalkar's organisation but a devil that dwells snugly in the hearts of many persons who do not technically belong to the R.S.S... The task of the Congress leadership has been to root out the devil or at least to suppress it. But the moment the R.S.S. is encouraged to enter the Congress the devil is strengthened. Thus writes the National Herald, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's paper commenting editorially on the recent decision of the Congress Working Committee to allow the R.S.S. members to join the Congress.

The Congress Working Committee, it seems to us, has landed the Congress organisation in a muddle of its own making. No satisfactory explanation can be given for the committee's decision that the members of the R. S. S. may be allowed to join the Congress "so long as that body remains unpolitical." Certainly the explanation given by Mr. Kala Venkata Rao is not satisfactory. In fairness to the Working Committee it must be stated that the decision came by way of clarification but when further clarification is added by no less an authority than the general secretary of the Congress, the decision appears in true light. We do not know if the decision was taken lightheartedly. It was certainly taken when seven members of the committee were absent and these include Jawaharlal Nehru, Pandit Pant, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad Dr. P. C. Gosh and Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani. Unless the committee were accused of bias in favour of the R.S.S. ideology, after its earlier severe indictment of the dangerous character of the R.S.S. and demand for action, the only possible explanation is that the decision follows logic. If the ban on the R.S.S. was removed on the ground that it had eschewed politics and violence and that its character had changed, it would seem to follow that membership of a cultural organisation need not be a bar to membership of the Congress. But facts are stronger than logic and the Working Committee's decision, even if it were only a clarification, ignores formidable facts. It has become plain by now through display of volunteer forces and staging of mammoth gatherings, parade and marches that the R.S.S. is using culture as a velvet cover for its steel gindoss to in general forgotten that the R.S.S. was originally banned for being a private army; if we do not forget that fact, it is plain that the character of the R.S.S. has not changed. The goose-stepping continues with added gaiety. Culture ceases to be culture when it becomes physically militant. The pomp of Papal grandeur, however well organised, betrays the hollow character of the cultural activities proclaimed. The intellectual or philosophic content of the R.S.S. is too thin for its huge mechanism. Mr. Golwalkar, instead of being content to be a secular mahant dabling in culture, stalks about like an ancient Pope with his panoply of might. To follow logic without bearing the facts in mind would be to be foolish. If we are not foolish we are dishonest.

It is needless to analyse R.S.S. ideology which the indefatigable Mr. Govind Sahai does so inveterately. But certain trends the dangers of which seems to us too obvious have to be emphasised repeatedly so that sufficient attention may be drawn to them in time. The statement of Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, who is blatantly wrong in characterising the R.S.S. as a party which is neither political nor communal illustrates the danger of casualness of approach to a problem of vital importance. He may be right in saying that there is no political implication in the Working Committee's decision, that the Congress need neither lean on the R.S.S. for its support nor shun it out of fear and that in any case the Congress can take disciplinary action if a person breaks discipline. But this is too simple and naive an approach The R.S.S. is not merely Mr. Golwalkar's organisation but a devil that dwells snugly in the hearts of many persons who do not technically belong to the R.S.S. Reaction, like revolution has no sharp boundaries and the R.S.S. spirit overflows. Between the recent exhibition of perverted orthodoxy and communal militancy over the language and other questions and the outlook of the R.S.S. there is not merely association but close kinship. Reaction to Pakistan's provocative actions confuses not only the outlook of the R.S.S. but of many Congressmen. The task of the Congress leadership has been to root out the devil or at least to suppress it. But the moment the R.S.S. is encouraged to enter the Congress the devil is strengthened. It may seem to short-sighted Congressmen that politically it may be safer to have the R.S.S. as an ally in securing power again than to have it as an enemy. Because of this opportunism, other Congressmen are genuinely alarmed at this casual strengthening of social and political reactionism in the Congress. The Working Committee has blundered. It does not interest us much whether it has done so knowingly or un-knowingly for political or philanthropic reasons.

Financial Assistance For Gun Clubs

BOMBAY, Thursday.

In order to protect crops from wild animals, the Government of Bombay is encouraging the formation of gun clubs by villagers. Shikar staff for organising such clubs and for training cultivators in the art of hunting, has already been appointed in some of the districts of the Province and is, in addition, being appointed in the districts of Surat, Thana, Mehsana, Sholapur, Bijapur and Kolhapur.

The Government will give financial assistance to new gun clubs. Each one of such clubs will be given an initial grant of Rs. 50 to meet organisational expenses and supplied with arms at half the cost. An aggregate sum of Rs. 50,000 has been placed at the disposal of the three Commissioners of Division for the purpose.

CLOTH GLUT IN AHMEDABAD

No Change In Situation

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 13 (UPI): The cotton textile position in Ahmedabad does not seem to have eased appreciably even after the concession announced by the Government. The position, as a matter of fact, seems to have deteriorated to some extent.

In the beginning of this month, nearly one lakh bales were accumulated and this accumulation and the consequent financial difficulties caused seven mills out of 64 to be closed completely and 15 others had to close their second or third shift. If within a month there is no improvement, it is apprehended that more mills may have to close. Unemployed workers are leaving the city as they do not see any chances of their immediate employment. There is also no demand for cloth from consumers in the ration cloth shops where the daily sale ranges from Rs. 4 to Rs. 25 only.

New Evacuee Property Ordinance

NAGPUR, Oct. 13 (UPI): A new Evacuee Property Ordinance would be issued by the Central Government within a day or two to replace the old one. Mr. Mohanlal Saxena, Rehabilitation Minister, disclosed to the United Press of India today.

Sugar Rationing In Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 13 (UPI): Voluntary sugar rationing is being enforced in Ahmedabad from tomorrow According to present arrangements, eight ounces of sugar per head per week will be given in all ration shops, as will be done in Bombay during the Diwali week.

Nearly 20,000 bags of sugar which were in the market before the shortage, have disappeared.

City Posting Hours For Night Mail

BOMBAY, Thursday

The Night Air Service which remained suspended during the monsoon will resume operations from October 15, 1949. The latest hour of posting for this Night Air Mail will be 6-30 p.m. in Bombay G.P.O., Kalbadevi, Mandvi and Girgaum Post Offices, and 6-00 p.m. in other delivery offices in Bombay city.

The clearances of street letter boxes in Bombay city will be made a little earlier according to their distance from the office of despatch. Although the latest hours are fixed as shown above, the public are requested to post earlier or in batches so as to avoid congestion in the Post Offices and Sorting Offices at the last hour.

Greater Efforts On Food Front

MADRAS PREMIER WARNS

MADRAS, Oct. 13.

Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja, Premier of Madras, told the Provincial Food Advisory Committee at its meeting here today that December 1951 would be the milestone to assess our efforts towards attaining self-sufficiency in food.

He declared Government and the public should put forth every ounce of their energy for the satisfactory solution of the problem. "If, however, food production is to continue at the same level as it exists today I am afraid that people in our Province will have to face a grave and precarious situation after 1951" he said.

The Advisory Committee, comprising of leading agriculturalists and members of the Provincial Legislature, has been summoned for a two-day session here to suggest methods to be adopted for increasing food production.

The Premier invited the views of the Committee whether the present system of intensive procurement should be replaced by the "levy system."

SUBSIDIARY FOODS

Proposals for bringing 2,00,000 additional acres under cultivation of subsidiary food crops like sweet potatoes, tapioca and bananas, are under the consideration of the Madras Government.

This is disclosed in an official note circulated by the Government to the Provincial Food Advisory Committee, meeting here today.

As the cultivation of subsidiary food crops involves payment of subsidies to ryots, the Provincial Government has referred the matter to the Government of India.

PUT NEW LIFE INTO SERVICE

Abdullah's Call To State Police

SRINAGAR, Oct. 13, (PTI): Addressing the conference of police officers of Kashmir Valley yesterday, the Premier Sheikh Abdullah urged upon them to put a new life to their service. He said he was happy to find the police force of today smarter and more discipline than before.

The conference was held to devise means to implement the latest ordinances pertaining to foodgrains.

Sheikh Abdullah emphasised that the duty of the police force was to serve every citizen irrespective of social or religious differences. He said that the police force should deem it as its duty to support and protect the oppressed against social tyranny.

He appealed to the police officers to ensure that there was no wastage in foodgrains that they might set an example to others in austerity.

mlflp hrdl shdl shrd shrd sharz

In Memory Of Mandvi Congress Worker

BOMBAY, Thursday (UPI): The Mandvi District Congress Committee is raising a fund in honour of one of its best workers Shari Mavjibhai Rathod who was done to death by certain miscreants. It is reported that the Committee has already collected some money, and it expects to get a substantial addition. The President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee Mr. S. K. Patil, will informally inaugurate this Fund on October 22, 1949, in Mandvi.

Rangoon Roundup Of Bad Characters

RANGOON, Oct. 13, (PTI-Reuter): Rangoon Policse last night arrested 38 people in a city-wide roundup of "subversive elements", among whom it is believed were underground Communists.

DRAFTING THE MASSES TO STARVATION

Jayaprakash Criticises India's Economic Policy

JAIPUR Oct. 13 (PTI).

Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, the Socialist leader, said here last evening that the economic policy of the Government of India was "drafting the masses to starvation and acute poverty"

The Government, he added, had given a "free hand" to the Indian capitalists for the next ten years to exploit the people and amass huge profits.

Mr. Narayan who was addressing a public meeting said that this trend would never bring economic prosperity to the nation. The Socialist Party, he said, stood for nationalisation of industries and collective and co-operative village economy. Nationalisation was necessary not only from the point of view of humanity but also to put an end to exploitation of labour and increase production.

Production, Mr. Narayan said, could not be increased without nationalising the industries and without effective control over them.

INTENSIVE CULTIVATION

The Socialist leader suggested intensive and extensive cultivation to solve the problem of food deficiency in the country. New lands, he said, must be brought under cultivation on a large scale. Side by side, co-operative principles of farming would have to be followed and the unit of cultivation increased so as to achieve the benefits of large scale cultivation.

He suggested also the formation of a land army to bring new lands under cultivation, and said that minor irrigation works and repair of tanks and wells should be undertaken to achieve immediate results.

Speaking of the problems of the Indian State, Mr. Narayan criticised the States Ministry of the Government of India for retaining the Rajpramukhs and allowing them to have at their disposal large amounts of privy purse and private property.

OUTLIVING

Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan said: "The reasons why the Congress cannot make the country prosperous is that it has become anti-reactionary in character and wants to maintain the status quo and does not want to change the present social set up. The Congress "outlived" its purpose, he said.

Referring to the abolition of zamincari and jagirdari, Mr. Narayan said that no compensation should be paid to big zamindars and jagirdars but to small landholders who would be affected by it. Those who would be without their means of livelihood as the result of abolition should be paid rehabilitation allowance. He criticised the Government's policy regarding refugees and said that Government had no clear cut plan to resettle them.

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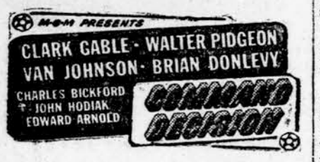
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CITY & SUBURBS

Today

BOMBAY, Friday.
Hindu: Asoe Vad 7, 2005.
Muslim: Zilhej 21, 1368.
Parsi: Ardibehesht 12, 1319,
Sunrise 6-32 a.m., Sunset 6-17 p.m.
Hightide 04-08, 14-59.
Lowtide 09-50, 21-47.

Today's Engagements

SUBSIDIARY FOODS EXHIBITION: Inauguration by Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Minnster for Civil Supplies, at Bhartiya Vidya Bhuvan, Chowpatty, 5 p.m.

COMMERCE GRADUATES' ASSOCIATION: Meeting at Green's Hotel, Apollo Bunder, 6 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Study class, at Jehangir Wadia Bldg., Fort, 6-15 p.m.

SILVERFISH: Talk by Dr. Mulk Raj Anand on Indian Culture, New Book Co., Fort, 6 p.m.

SHARAD USTAV CELEBRATION: Gilder Tank Compound, 5 p.m. The Mayor Mr. S. K. Patil will preside.

Dearth Of Skilled Technicians

BOMBAY, Thursday...The manpower position in India during August 1949 was marked by a continued shortage of skilled technicians in engineering and building trades and of trained teachers and stenographers. Employment Exchange returns for the month also disclose a shortage of qualified doctors, nurses, compounders and dressers in many parts of the country.

Clerks, untrained teachers, unskilled technicians, motor-drivers, peons and chowkidars and young men fresh from schools and colleges continued to be in surplus of requirements.

Displaced persons continued to show an aversion to lower-grade jobs on Railways although reserved vacancies were available to them on several Railways.

The number of employment-seekers who registered themselves was 98,782 as against 1,08,161 during the previous month. The number of persons placed in employment was 20,223 (including 946 women)—12,132 in Government establishments and 3,091 in private employment. Of these persons 2,096, involving 10,312 dependents, were displaced persons.

BURGLARY ATTEMPT FOILED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A daring attempt to burgle a wealthy Marwadi's shop at Marine Street was foiled by the timely arrival of the police on Wednesday night. Ismail Khan Mira Fulkhan and three others who are supposed to be the brains behind the planned robbery, were put under arrest, and knives, jimmies torches and other implements necessary for forcing entry into a house were seized by the police. The arrested men were taken to the Esplanade lockup where they are now cooling their heels.

Inquiries indicate that Sub-Inspector Bodhanwalla of the Esplanade Police Station was informed by a champiwalla about the nefarious activities of a gang of house-breakers. He is allowed to have told the Sub Inspector that Ismail Khan who was the ringleader of the gang had approached him with a request to supply him with full details regarding the shop which they wanted to burgle. He had, however, turned him down his request saying that he had no knowledge of the place.

The police acted on this information and kept an all-night vigil on the movements going on in the Marine Street. Their efforts when rewarded at the dead of night they saw four doubtful-looking persons standing in front of the shop and surveying their surroundings. They were immediately put under arrest, and taken to the Esplanade Police Station.

Tamil Booklet Forfeited

The Government of Madras has banned the Tamil booklet "What is happening in Telegana after the entry of the Nehru-Patel Arm".

R-E-G-A-L
It's Cosy! It's Comfy!! Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
None Were
Wilder!
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Tougher!!!
YOUNGER BROTHERS
Wayne Morris, Jaris Paige
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Special Technicolor Short
'SPORTSMEN OF THE EAST"
SUNDAY AT 10 A.M.
KINGS ROW
Ann Sheridan. Robert Cummings

Mr. S. K. Patil's daughter, Miss Sushila and nephew Mr. M. V. Thakur were married in Bombay on Wednesday. The picture shows Sushila and her husband, Mr. D. G. Nerurkar (sitting left) and Mr. Thakur and his wife Vatsala (sitting right) with Mr. Patil in the centre.

INDIA WANTS THE BEST OF EVERYTHING

Kher On Future Of Journalism

POONA, Oct. 13.

THE hope that journalism in India would have the same place of honour as enjoyed by it in other democratic countries of the world was expressed by the Premier, Mr. B. G. Kher, speaking in Poona today.

The occasion was a function organised by the Poona Assembly Press Gallery Association and the guests included Mr. R. G. Soman, President of the Bombay Legislative Council, Mr. K. S. Firodia, speaker of the Assembly, Mr. Shantilal Shah Deputy President of the Council, Mr. S. N. Angadi, Deputy Speaker, Mr. A. A. Khan, leader of the Opposition and Mr. S. K. Sheode, Secretary of the Bombay Legislature.

The President of the Association, Mr. A. K. Karekatte, echoed the unanimous opinion of the press that the Speaker, Mr. Firodia and the President, Mr. Soman, had built up high traditions of impartiality and adorned their chairs with grace and ability.

It would be hard to find fault with their rulings but in response to the Speaker's invitation to offer candid comments, he mentioned the feeling secretly harboured by a section of the House that the Speaker was more lenient to members of the Government and the Ministers than to the Opposition members, who were called to order for irrelevance.

HASTY JUDGMENT

Mr. Karekatte also alluded to an address of the Premier to the Press Gallery on a former occasion when he spoke in somewhat pessimistic tone about the standard of journalism in the country.

He said that the standard of journalism in India should be judged not by a few papers which transgressed the limits of journalistic canon but by the very large number of honest newspapers which stuck to the highest tenets of journalism and strove to serve the public cause. He asked if the Indian people were to be judged by the few who thrived on black-markets or by the millions of others who led honest life.

The Premier in replying shared the view of the Press Gallery that the Speaker and the President had established high traditions for impartiality. 'If members of the Opposition secretly nursed a feeling that they were not being treated leniently, members from Government often found that the Speaker was far too lenient to the members of the Opposition.

Only the same day, one Congress member had questioned him why an Opposition member was being allowed to make a speech which lasted 80 minutes without making any substantial point, and whether it could be construed that the Speaker was in sympathy with what the Opposition member was saying.

NO REFLECTION

The Premier told the member that in a young democracy the Opposition parties should be accorded more latitude than the members of Government, Therefore the grouse that certain members of the Opposition seemed to have ventilated was not entirely correct. It was one of the complaints generally made by parties opposed to each other.

Mr. Kher said he had no intention of casting any reflection on standards of journalism in India. On the last occasion when he made the remark that journalism had to travel a long distance in this country to occupy the same place of honour as it did in other democratic countries, he was only echoing the sentiments expressed recently by the Prime Minister Pandit Nehru, that in all spheres of actiOvity, India must aim very high and must not be satisfied with anything but the best.

"The remark he had made applied to every sphere of activity in a young democracy which was now only two years old in this country. There was scope for every institution, including the members and legislature, to advance and the Premier had not the least doubt that the press in India would march ahead to take its place of pride in the public life of the country.

TODAY'S RADIO

FRIDAY, Oct. 14.

BOMBAY—A

7-30 a.m. Shubha Smriti 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram 7-45 Ponnu Swami (Gottuwadyam par Bheiravin) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Wali Mohammad 8-45 News (G) 12-45 p.m Musical Interlude 12-50 Wali Mohammad (G. Bhajan) 1-0 News Gujarati 1-10 As in Bombay B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Dennis Matthews 2-10 Giselle (Ballet Music) 2-30 Close down. 5-0 Susheela Kelekar (Bhavgeet) 5-15 Master Gangaram Bhajan (Meera) 5-30 As in Bombay B 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 V. K. Atre. (Puria) 6-30 p.m. Bhajan Aur Geet 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Ponnuswami (Gottuwadyam par light Dhun) 7-30 Gujarati Geet 7-45 Kamgar Sabha 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay B 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay B 10-0 Make Believe Ballroom.

BOMBAY—B

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay A 7-45 News (K) 8-0 Seeta Moolkey (Lalit) 8-30 News (M) 8-45 G. N. Joshi (Todi) 1-50 Mahila Mandal 5-0 As in Bombay A 5-30 Seeta Moolkey (Patdeep) 6-0 L. K. Kunte (Clarionet par Eman Kalyan) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News in Marathi 8-15 Master Ganga Ram (Bhajan) 8-30 Shikshan ani Vyavastha: Talk in Marathi. 8-45 Sitar aur Gottuwadyam par Bihag 9-0 Susheela Kelekar (Kedar) 9-15 V. K. Atre Thumri Tilang 9-30 Sarod Rag Gauri Manjari by A. A. Khan 9-45 Sociological approach: (E) 10-0 G. N. Joshi (Malkans) 10-35 Seeta Moolkey Darbari Kanada. 7-40 a.m. As In Ahmedabad 8-0 News (E) 8-15 As in Ahmedabad 8-30 Geet Sudha 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. Songs from Screen 6-0 News (E) 6-10 Puria Dhanashree (Sarangi) 6-25 Mohan Kallu (Prachin Bhajano) 6-35 Gramjano Mate 7-0 Vividh Geeto 7-15 Sarangi Vadan (Thumri Mishra-Pilu) 7-30 Vasudev Shelat (Geet) 7-45 Bharatiya Jeevan Drashti 8-0 Raag Ranjan 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Air Trio 8-45 Vasudev Shelat (G. Geeto) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Bharatiya Sangeet 9-30 As in Ahmedabad.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. As in Baroda 7-40 V. D. Tendulkar (Samay No Rag) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Programme of Orchestra music Khare and Party. 8-30 Geet 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda 6-0 News (E) 6-10 As in Baroda 6-25 Geet Gurjari 6-35 p.m. Majoor Bhaio Mate 7-0 Geeto 7-15 As in Baroda 7-30 Vividh Geeto 7-45 Bharitiya Jeevan Drushti 8-0 Programme of Orchestral music: by Khare and Party 8-10 Loacls 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Bhajano 8-45 Raag Ranjan 9-0 News (E) 9-15 As in Baroda 9-30 V. D Tendulkar Khayal Bahar.

ALLEGED CAR THIEF ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mohamed Miyaji was arrested by the Sewree Police, yesterday, in connection with the theft of a Super De Luxe Ford car valued at Rs. 6,000.

It was stated in the court of Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, that at about 8-30 on Wednesday morning, Kamruddin Haji, a coal merchant, had parked his car near his coal shop at Haji Bunder. The accused is alleged, drove away with the car. At about 10-30 a.m. the car was seen emerging from Jail Road, Sewree, and was chased by the Police who intercepted it some distance away. On examination the car was found to contain five four-gallon drums, which the police suspect were used for transporting liquor from the docks. The accused it is alleged is an old offender.

The Magistrate ordered the accused to be remanded to custody pending further investigations by the police.

TOOK HIS MEDICINE AND DIED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Rasool Mohamed, residing at Andheri, who had been ill for some time and had been under medical treatment, took some mixture from a doctor at Jogeshwari on October 7. After taking the first dose of the medicine in the evening, he bcame unconscious and was immediately removed to the K. E M. Hospital by his brother-in-iaw where he expired, yesterday. A post-mortem examination was held and the contents of the deceased stomach were sent to the Chemical Analyser for analysis. The Andheri Police took charge of the medicine bottle from the home of the deceased.

Dacoity Case Accused Freed

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. Justice Rajadhyaksha and Mr. Justice Chainani, sitting on the appellate side of the Bombay High Court, admitted the appeal filed by Tukaram Abu and Dinker Keshav Patil against the conviction and sentence of four years' rigorous imprisonment passed on them by the Sessions Judge of Kolhapur on a charge of robbery.

Ordering both the appellants to be acquitted, Their Lordships remarked that the prosecution evidence was not satisfactory.

The prosecution alleged that on August 20, last year, when Luxman Nigave was proceeding from Ichhal Karanji to Korochi, nearby, he was waylaid and robbed of his purse by four persons. The culprits were arrested at the village of Taradal which they were found moving about in a suspicious manner. Next day while they were being taken for interrogation they were alleged to have taken out revolvers from their bags, pointed them at the police and made good their escape. They were chased by the police but the villagers subsequently arrested them. Luxman identified the two appellants as two of the four persons who had robbed him. It was further alleged that the missing purse was recovered from them.

The appellants in their defence pleaded not guilty, denying any knowledge of the affair.

The Extra Additional Judge of Kolhapur, however, found the two men guilty and sentenced them. Against this conviction and sentence, they appealed to the High Court.

It was pleaded before the High Court on behalf of the appellants that the identification by Luxman was unsatisfactory as the night on which the crime was committed was dark; it was raining and that it was not proved that the bag was with the appellants when they were arrested.

Their Lordships upheld the appellants' plea and ordered them to be acquitted.

Theft Suspect On Bail

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Alleged to have stolen jewellery valued at Rs. 1,250 from a building at Sheikh Memon Street, Bombay, last week, Ratansing Mangalsing was arrested by the Princess Street Police yesterday.

The Police stated that the accused was apprehended while he was trying to dispose of the stolen jewellery.

The suspect was released on bail in a sum of Rs. 2,000 by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, today.

Samyukta Maharashtra Campaign

BOMBAY, Thusday.

A plan of action to arouse public opinion regarding the formation of an unified Maharashtra and the claim of Maharashtra for Bombay has been proposed by the Samyukta Maharashtra Parishad. The Committee of the Samyukta Maharashtra Parishad will enrol members and hold meetings and demonstrations on October 16 all over Bombay city and suburbs. Besides speeches by well-known leaders, there will also be entertainment programmes at some of the meetings.

First Rural University

COIMBATORE, October 10 (P.T.I.): The first rural university started under the auspices of Sri Ramakrishna Mission — Ramakrishna Vidyalaya — was inaugurated by Mr. K. Madhava Menon, Minister for Education, at Perianaickenpalayama, 15 miles from here.

Speaking on the occasion, M. Madhava Menon, stressed the usefuiness of the rural college scheme.

Mr. Avanashalimgam Chettiar, former Edcation Minister, presided.

THE WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 13. (P. T. I.): The following is the weather summary for Thursday, October 13:—

The trough of low pressure in the East Arabian Sea off the Saurashtra —North Konkan coast is less marked. It may become unimportant.

Thunder-showers have been widespread in Assam, the Central Provinces and North Madras coast and local in Sub-Himalayan West Bengal, Gujerat, Vindhya Pradesh Madhya Bharat and the Konkan. A few thunder-showers have occurred elsewhere in North-East India and in the Peninsula outside South Deccan.

Night temperatures were appreciably above normal over the region extending from the United Provinces to the Central Provinces and Saurashtra.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL FRIDAY EVENING: Rainfall will be fairly widespread in West Central Provinces and occur locally in Assam, West Bengal, Madhya Bharat, Vindhya Pradesh, East Central Provinces, North Konkan and South Gujerat. Scattered thundershowers are likely elsewhere over the Peninsula and North-East India.

WEATHER CHART

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from October 1 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. on October 13:—

Ahmedabad 99 78 0 0.3 plus 0.2, Ahmednagar 90 75 T 0.5 minus 0.7, A[illegible] 97 67 0 0 mianus 0.2, Akola 90 [illegible] 0.1 0.7 minus 0.3, Allahabad 95 76 0 0.4 minus 1.0, Amraoti 86 74 0 1.3 plus 0.4, Aurangabad 88 71 0 0.1 minus 0.4, Bangalore 82 66 1.3 3.1 minus 0.5, Baroda 95 75 0 0.1 minus 0.3, Belgaum 82 66 0 0 minus 2.4, Bhopal 88 72 0.5 3.1 plus 2.0, Bhuj 98 76 0 0 minus 0.1, BOMBAY 87 78 0 1.1 minus 0.1, Calcutta 93 79 0 1.0 minus 1.4, Cherrapunji 72 62 T 1.7 minus 7.9, Cuttack 85 81 1.0 5.6 plus 3.1, Delhi 96 6T 0 0.1 minus 0.2, Devgad 84 77 0.6 0.8 —, Gaya 95 79 0 0 minus 1.1, Gorakhpur 95 78 0 0 minus 2.2, Gulbarga 93 72 0 0.2 minus 0.9, Hanamkonda 95 76 0 0.1 minus 1.3, Hornai 87 75 0.5 0.5 —, Honavar 87 74 0 0.1 —, Hyderabad (Dn.) 93 72 0 0 minus 1.0, Jaipur 93 68 0—0 minus 0.3, Jubbulpore 91 72 1.0 3.2 plus 2.3, Kanpur 95 73 0 0.3 minus .6, Khandwa 90 72 0.5 3.1 plus 2.3, Kodaikanal 64 54 0.6 4.2 minus 0.3, Kolhapur 86 67 0 0.2 —, Lahore 99 64 0 0 minus 0.1, Lucknow 95 72 0 0 minus 0.9, Madras 93 78 0 1.4 minus 2.3, Mahabaleshwar 75 63 0 1.2 minus 2.3, Mangalore 84 75 0 0.5 minus 2.9, Marmagao 86 75 0 0.1 minus 4.4, Masulipatam 90 81 0 0.7 minus 1.9, Mussoorie 69 56 0 0.2 minus 0.7, Mysore 82 69 0 1.5 minus 2.1, Nagpur 89 73 0 3.3 plus 2.6, Ootacamund 67 54 0 2.3 minus 1.2, Pachmarhi 78 67 1.1 1.8 plus 0.5, Poona 89 70 0 0.2 minus 1.5, Raichur 93 74 0 0.1 minus 0.8, Rajkot 95 77 0 0 minus 0.3, Ranchi 88 7P 0 0.8 minus 0.5, Shillong 74 60 T 1.9 minus 0.9, Simla 67 55 0 0.2 minus 0.7, Surat 91 74 1.2 2.6 plus 1.9.

Delhi Congressmen To Do Constructive Work

NEW DELHI, Oct. 13—Sponsored by the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee an All-India Exhibition for the development of Cottage and Swadeshi Industries will be held from the 26th January, 1950, the Remembrance Day of Purna Swaraj upto the 10th March, 1950. Bapu's Death Anniversary, Basant Panchami, Holi, Parliamentary Session, All-India Ayurvedic, Unani, Students and other conferences will take place during this crowded period.

A TWA Record

Flying 123,000,000 passenger miles in one month, TWA in July completed 99.7 per cent of its scheduled mileage. Domestic and international volume over TWA in July marked one of the largest months in the 20-year-old airline's history.

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CENTRAL FILM Distributors Release

Wayne Morris and Janis Paige in "THE YOUNGER BROTHERS".

TECHNICOLOR WESTERN AT REGAL

Thrills and romance of the west fill Warner Bros.' Technicolour melodrama, "The Younger Brothers," starring Wayne Morris, Janis Paige, Bruce Bennet, Geraline Brooks and Robert Huton. It opens today at the Regal Theatre.

The drama, showing all the magnificence of some of the early untamed west, is set againt that part of Minnesota adjoining the Missouri border.

The action takes place over a period of two weeks in the year 1876. And action there is aplenty. As the outlaws in the big bank-robbery scene clash head-on with the Younger brothers, there is enough gunplay and hard riding to suit the most avid of action fans.

"The Younger Brothers" furnished a number of 'first times' in the dangerous action for at least two members of the large cast, and in at least one instance the players found their acting assignment rather harrowing. Wayne Morris was to slap Janis Paige in one sequence and by mutual agreement between the pair, there were no rehearsal slaps, only one convincing one.

FOREIGN FILMS THIS WEEK

THRILLING WAR PLAY AT METRO

"Command Decision"— An Air Force Drama

"Command Decision", the William Wister Haines play, which scored an enormous success on Broadway, now showing at the Metro Cinema, in a gripping M.G.M. film version. it is a motion picture studded by some of the finest performances of the year by a brilliant all-male cast topped by Clerk Gable, Walter Pidgeon, Van Johnson, Brian Donlevy, John Hodiak, Charles Brickford and Edward Arnold.

Here we have a demonstration of a topnotch dramatic work given even greater scope in its translation into screen terms. The story of an intrepid Air Force general who has to face the momentous decision of sacrificing the future of day-light mobbing for the larger end of saving the lives of millions of American flyers is given a heart-tearing validity and power in its imaginative camera treatment and its panoramic view of a bombing mission the crews, who man its Flying Fortresses and the top-echelon commanders who carry the burden of success or failure on their shoulders.

This is the story of one of the most dramatic missions of any war—Operation Stitch, an operation designed to destroy German production of a superior jet fighter plane. Gen. Casey Dennis is convinced that if he can wipe out the three factories producing this deadly, new aircraft, he can shorten the war. His superior officer, Gen. Kane, contends that the plan entails too great a loss of Flying Fortresses. It is the clash of these two strong wills that spins the dramatic thread on which hangs the lives and destinies of nations and men.

Seldom has the screen produced as varied a gallery of sterling acting portrayals as is offered in his hard-hitting drama. Gable, as the touch unswering but visinonary Casey Dennis and Pidgeon, playing the soft-pedalling Gen. Kane, who bucks him at every turn, are perfect antagonists carrying conviction in their every scene together. Van Johnson gives an infectious warmth and humour to the role of Sgt. Evans who never loses his poise in an emergency. Brian Donlevy is excellent as the general who takes over when Dennis refuses to compromise with his superiors. John Hodiak gives a touching portrayal of the gallant Col. Ted Martin. Charles Bickford makes the most of his role as the sardonic news- hound, and Edward Arnold scores as the blundering member of the Military Affairs Committee. Standing out in lesser roles are Marshall Thompson, Richard Quine, Came on Mitchell, Clinton Sunderberg and Ray Collins.

SUNDAY MORNING AT 10 A. M.
"Command Decision"

HOME OF THE BRAVE

MOST TALKED ABOUT FILM

Arthur Laurents' unusual drama, "Home of the Brave," has been made into a sensational screenplay of exceptional power and distinction. This UNITED ARTISTS' picture was produced by Stanley Kramer. It comes to New Empire next Friday, October 21.

"Home of the Brave" was adapted from the famous Broadway hit by Carl Foreman, and the direction was in the capable hands of Mark Robson.

The story tells of a small reconaissance group of the soldiers on an island in the South Pacific some time during the last war. It is led by a young callow major, frightened of the magnitude of his task, but doing his best in charge of four men on a strategic dangerous mission. One of the men, all volunteers, is an average, pleasant GI, one is an irritating bigot, one is a hardened veteran with a philosophical outlook, and happens to be a sensitive well-educated Negro who is an expert surveyor.

The pressure of work accomplished in the Jap-surrounded jungle and the varying reactions of the soldiers not only to the imminent presence of death but to the Negro in their midst, are depicted with spine-tingling realism. The climax of the picture has the Negro undergoing treatment as a psychoneuretic, a condition brought on when he cracks up after seeing his one faithful buddy killed, after a period of extended abuse by the Japs, but which really stems back to the neuroses built up in his own past life. It is an army medico who diagnoses the case and finally effects the cure.

In the role of Negro soldier, James Edwards does a finely tempered job, revealing the man's inner torments from behind a frame of stoic dignity. And Lloyd Bridges is equally good as his hail-fello-wellmet, old school friend who tries. without too much success to assuage his anguish.

As the young Major Douglas Dick turns in a competent performance, with Frank Lovejoy as the hard-bitten Mingo, and Steve Brodie as the brazen corporal well in line. Jeff Corey is the wise, weary but always competent psychiatrist.

Well produced and intelligently directed, "Home of the Brave is the most exciting screen entertainment of the year. It is a mighty big, important and trrilling production, telling a scorching, story that will thrill every one who is lucky enough to see it.

A SCENE FROM "HOME OF THE BRAVE".

INDONESIA READY TO TAKE OVER DEFENCE

BATAVIA, Oct. 12 (PTI).—The Republican Defence Ministry was ready to take over the defence of Indonesia along with the transfer of sovereignty, the Sultan of Jogjakarta who is Deputy Prime Minister and Defence Minister of the Indonesian Republic told pressmen in Jogjakarta.

The Sultan stated that problems of defence which would confront the future United States of Indonesia had been fully considered.

Indonesian guerillas killed five Dutch soldiers yesterday at Trets, 12 miles from Sourabaya, official sources in Sourabaya reported today.

A Dutch patrol of eight men was held up by guerillas who demanded their rifles. When the demand was refused the guerillas opened fire at point blank range.

Two soldiers escaped and one is missing. The incident is said to be third in East Java this week in which "unofficial" guerillas clashed with Dutch patrols.

INDEPENDENCE FOR LIBYA

U. N. Sub-Committee's Decision

LAKE SUCCESS, October 12 (P.T.I.-Reuter): A twenty-one-nation sub-committee set-up by the United Nations Political Committee today decided in principle that Libya should be granted independence as soon as possible — but not later than January 1, 1952.

The vote was eighteen to three, with the Soviet Union, Poland, and Czechoslovakia, who had demanded immediate independence, voting against.

The sub-committee also adopted, with four abstentions, a proposal that once the United Nations had made a final decision Britain and France — the present administering powers — should take immediate steps to hand over sovereignty and all necessary powers of state to a new Libyan Government.

WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

The Winslow Boy Returns

One of the greatest legal fights of the sentury—that between the famous Sir Edward Carson & the Attorney Gen. Archer Shee boy case—is lived again in tne film "The Winslow Boy" where Rabert Donat as the K. C. and Francis L. Sullivan face each other as legal protagonists in "The Winslow Boy" now brought back at New Empire

This famous trial, a trial which roused world-wide interest and proved once and for all the power of British justice, has been brought to the screen by De Grunwald in his productions of Terace Rattigans famous play of the same name. For the trial sequences a complete replica of the Lord Chief Justice's Court was built in the studio, faithfully exact as to detail and procedure. Legal experts supervised procedure and etiquette throughout the shooting of these scenes.

"The Winslow Boy' produced by Anatole de Grunwald, stars Robert Donat, with Cedric Hardwicke, Basil Radford, Kathleen Harisson, Francis L. Sullivan and Margaret Leighton.

REGAL:
"YOUNGER BROTHERS" starring Wayne Morrh and Janis Paige, Geraldine Brooks, Robert Hutton.

NEW EMPIRE:
"THE WINSLOW BOY" starring Robert Donat and Sir Cedric Hardwicke.

METRO:
"COMMAND DECISION" starring Brian Donlevy, Charles Bickford, John Hodiak and Edward Arnold.

STRAND:
"THE BEAUTIFUL BLONDE FROM BASHFUL BEND" starring Betty Grable, Olga San Juan.

AURORA:
"NORTHWEST MOUNTED POLICE" starring Gary Cooper, Paulette Goddard, Madeleine Carroll.

Indian Jute Workers' Federation

CALCUTTA, Oct. 12. (PTI): A conference of jute workers of India will be held in Calcutta on October 23 for the purpose of forming the Indian National Jute Workers Federation Mr. Hariharnath Shastri, General Secretary of the INTUC. will preside.

A scene from "THE BEAUTIFUL BLONDE FROM BASHFUL BEND" starring Betty Grable, Cesar Romero, Sterling Holloway, El Brendal and Hugh Herbert.

"BASHFUL BEND" STARS GRABLE

Blends Action And Laughs

Who else could be "THE BEAUTIFUL BLONDE FROM BASHFUL BEND" but Betty Grable, who was again voted the nation's number one feminine box-office attraction last year. Betty proves, in Technicolor, that she can shoot straighter—and kiss harder than any gal west of the Pecos in the new Twentieth Century-Fox comedy at the STRAND CINEMA. It's a rare blend of songs, laughs and hilarious action in a Western setting that spells entertainment with a capital E.

Directed with gay abandon by Preston Sturges, who also wrote the clever screen play and produced the picture, "THE BEAUTIFUL BLONDE FROM BASHFUL BEND" gives Betty a perfect opportunity to display those luscious charms as well as her hitherto undeveloped flair for comedy.

Cast as a temperamental, triggar-happy cabaret entertainer who adopts the guise of an innocent school teacher to escape the pail that awaits her for nicking a judge, Betty is violently in love with, and jealous of, suave Cesar Romero. Rudy Vallee who heads up the cast with Romero and petite Olga San Juan, enacts the role of a timid mining engineer, who is enamoured of Betty, the school-teacher, not knowing she's the possessor of the biggest pair of six-shooters in the West.

The disguise of the school teacher doesn't last, however, and the climactic gun-fight that ensues when two of Betty's pupils are rumoured to have been killed in one of the most actionful, and at the same time, the most hilarious, ever put on celluloid.

Rounding out the impressive cast of the film are Sterling Hollyoway, Hugh Herbert, El Brendal, Porter Hall and Pati Benrs. The screen play is based on a story by Earl Felton.

Education In Indonesia

REORGANISATION OF PRESENT METHODS

BATAVIA, Oct. 12. (PTI-Reuter): The Education Ministry of the Republic of Indonesia is contemplating a reorganisation of the present methods of education in Indonesia, according to an announcement by the Ministry at Jogjakarta.

Government subsidies and other forms of support to private and official organisations devoted to combating illiteracy have been suspended pending the formulation of the new scheme. The Education Department is said to be of the opinion that the literacy campaign should be solely left to private initiative with the Government acting as supervisor.

Recognising the fact that good administration would be impossible unless the officials—right from the top to the lowest ranks of the village headman—are literate, a literacy drive is shortly to be conducted amongst village officials, and other lower Government employees. Special attention would also be devoted to the eradication of illiteracy from youths of between thirteen and seventeen years of age.

An official of the Ministry explained that the years of the Japanese occupation followed by four years of struggle for national independence had seriously handicapped the education of youth, especially of the adolescent age. With the advent of freedom for the country in the offing, these handicaps should be remedied as early as possible to make them fit to be citizens of the state.

Although the Republicans, throughout the past four years had been running schools of all cadres for the benefit of Republican boys in various villages under their own control, owing to obvious difficulties and threats of aggression this had not proved as effective as it should, the spokesman stated.

An educational conference is scheduled to be held at Jogjakarta to discuss questions relating to the system of education, and decide upon the character of national education.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

AUCTION SALES

1. PLACE OF AUCTION: Pathankot, A.B.S.D.
DATE & TIME: 25-10-49 (Tuesday) at 10 A.M.
STORES: Surplus: Gunny Bags — 2 Mds. size, 90557 Nos. and 1 Md. size, 61730 Nos; Ghee shooks, 5000 Nos; Cases of sorts, 1500 Nos; Tins, 2 Gallon, 1500 Nos; Bottles Misc. 44593 Nos; Jars 1 Gallon and ½ Gallon, 240 Nos, etc.

2. PLACE OF AUCTION: Lucknow Cantt. A.F.M.S.D.
DATE & TIME: 3/4-11-49 (Thursday & Friday) at 10 A.M.
STORES: Surplus: Pilila Scillae Compositae (1,40,000 Nos).; Alcohol Rectificatus (in Gall. Drums) 41415 lbs; Dissecting Sewing Needles size 6 (7068 Pkts.) Nickle White No. 16 (4881 Ozs); Large quantities of numerous items of Surgical, Laboratory and Orthopaedic stores; Emetine Bismuth Iodide Gr. 1 (1207403 Nos), Tannic Acid Jelly 4 Oz. tube (10346 Nos); Dulcite (2991 Ozs) etc.

3. PLACE OF AUCTION: Kanpur, H. & S. Factory.
DATE & TIME: 9/10-11-49 (Wednesday & Thursday) at 10 A.M.
STORES: Surplus — String Lanyard Khaki 3/4" (75000 Yds); Tape Newar, 1" (22000 Yds); Leather Buffalo Crust Sole sides (2,00,000 lbs); Leather Buffalo Factory & Trade finished Sole Sides (33000 lbs); Leather Buffalo Crust Super Sole Harness Sides (88000 lbs.); Ferrous sulphate (504 lbs.); Soda Hyposulphate 1100 lbs); Several thousand yards of Cotton Canvas & Duck in long and cut lengths; and numerous small items of Tape Sotton, Felt webbing etc.

AUCTIONEERS:
1. M/S. Dharampal Chaddha & Sons, 25, Fatehpuri Delhi—will conduct Auction No. 1.
2. M/S. P. Stanwill & Co., The Mall, Kanpur — will conduct Auction Nos. 2 & 3.

IMPORTANT:
(1) Conditions of sale will be announced at the time of auction.
(2) Any stores may be held back from auction.
(3) Octroi/Terminal tax, where in force, is payable by purchasers.
(4) The stores can be viewed 2 days before the date of auction at the depots concerned.
(5) The catalogue of stores will be available with the Auctioneers.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS)
15/240, CIVIL LINES, KANPUR.
AC/RCDK/71.

SHAW, SUCCESSFUL BEEKEEPER

LONDON, Oct. 12 (UPI).—Bernard Shaw has been a successful beekeeper many years, but this summer his bees have broken all records at Shaw's corner of Ayot St. Lawrence.

Fifty pounds worth of finely flavoured brown honey has been put into jars but Shaw was not entirely satisfied. He is specially fond of sectional honey, but bees would not be persuaded to build in sections. Shaw is greatly interested in the three hives he has placed below the statue of St. Joan in the grounds of his house and hopes that science and miracle may combine to fulfil his desire for sectional combs.

LOSS FOR BRITISH STATE AIRLINES

LONDON, Oct. 12. (PTI-Reuter): Britain's three State-owned airlines lost over £9,000,000 in the year ended March 31 last—over £1,000,000 less than last year—it was announced here yesterday.

British Overseas Airways lost £5,844,695. a decrease of £1,246,744 over last year. The British European Airways lost £2,763,085, a reduction of £810,904.

British South American Airways lost £1,133,082—£717,601 more than they lost last year.

NOBEL PEACE PRIZE

Award To Boyd Orr

OSLO, Oct. 12. (PTI-Reuter): Lord Boyd Orr, 69-year-old former Director-General of the United Nations Food and Agricultural Organisation was tonight awarded the Nobel Peace Prize.

This year the prize is worth about £10,000.

Lord Boyd Orr, at his home in Scotland, said tonight: "I think the award is in connection with my proposals to all governments for a world food plan which would get the governments to cooperate in a concrete plan to double food production, and to bring contentment to the people who are in revolt against their hunger and poverty.

"The plan nearly went through. The United States supported it and France fought for it to the last ditch.

"India fought for it, and the majority of countries wanted it.

"I believe it will still come, and it will be a first step to world cooperation, to a world of plenty and world prosperity, which is the only foundation for a world of peace.

Toll Of Alcohol

RANGOON, October 12 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Hospital authorities here today said the death yesterday of Dr. H. R Ogburn, 47-year-old American member of the International Children's Emergency Fund, was caused by sphyxiation through alcoholic effects. Further analysis was awaited.

Dr. Ogburn was found dead in his hotel bedroom.

Dr. Sen's Appeal At Medical Conference

LONDON, Oct. 13 (PTI-Reuter)—Doctors from India, the United States and Sweden pleaded for proper recognition of the work of the "family doctor' at the World Medical Association Conference here yesterday.

Dr. S. C. Sen of India, said 'the tendency of look down on the general practitioner is widespread'

Dr. Sen said that specialists were apt to regard themselves as "higher on the social scale" than the "family doctor", and in the United States, practitioners had been forced to counteract this attitude by calling themselves "specialists in general practice."

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KEEN DOUBLES ENCOUNTERS

Strdents Branch Y.M.C.A. Table Tennis

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The doubles matches played at the Students Branch Y.M.C.A. Table Tennis tournament proved to be keen encounters and many of the more experienced combinations had to put in all they knew to get to the next round.

In the first round of the Women's doubles Mrs. Banoo Cama and Mrs. Mani Bharucha were fully extended by Miss K. Lotwalla and Miss B. Mowdawalla although the seeded pair won they were up against two opponents who never looked like giving way and only due to experience that Mrs. Cama and Bharucha managed to claim the first game over the extra points. Then they settled down in the second game and decided to take no chances which enabled them to win this game rather easily at 21-9 and they went on to win their second round match also against Miss Sethi and Paymaster.

Kumar Ghosh made his appearance in the Men's Doubles event in partnership with V. V. Prabhu and won the opening round with considerable ease but the second round match was quite different as the junior combination of I. R. Joosab and M. M. Desai took them to three games.

JUNIORS' SINGLES

The following were the results:

SECOND ROUND:—A. K. Mudnaney beat M. D. Parkar 21-12, 19-21, 21-15; F. N. Pardiwalla beat E. C Baria 21-18, 12-21, 21-19; P. N. Muzumdar beat H. G. Desai 21-18, 22-20; I. R. Joosab beat N. V. Merchant 21-15, 21-9; A. M. Abdulla beat A. P. Shukla 21-8, 21-13; J. M. Joshi beat S. Gair 21-13, 33-31; K. K. Karanjia beat C. A. Merchant 21-15, 21-19; S. V. Merchant beat A. C. Mudnaney 21-8, 21-9.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES

FIRS T ROUND:—Miss Indu Desai and Miss S. Motiwalla beat Miss D Mistry and Miss R. Satarwalla 21-18, 21-18; Miss S. F. Cooper and partner w.o. "C" Pair; Miss S. Sethi and Miss B. Paymaster w.o. "A" Pair; Mrs. B. Cama and Mrs. M. Bharucha beat Miss K. Lotwalla and Miss B. Moudawalla 23-21, 21-18.

SECOND ROUND:—Mrs. Gool Nasikwalla and Miss E. Bocarro beat Miss A. R. Joosab and Miss N. Merchant 21-15, 21-9; Miss Indu Desai and Miss S. Motiwalla beat Miss S. Cooper and Miss R. Quardazo 21-13, 21-17; Miss S. Dharap and Miss Jaya Wallawalkar w.o. "B" Pair; Mrs. B. Cama and Mrs. M. Bharucha beat Miss S, Sethi and Miss S. Paymaster, 21-9, 21-9.

MEN'S DOUBLES

FIRST ROUND: — Kumar Ghosh and V. V. Prabhu beat T. M. Rasal and S. C. Mudnaney 21-15, 21-18; R. M. Jhaveri and S. G. Vasani w.o. B. J. Poncha and B. S Cooper; A Seth and R. Seth beat A. K. Mudnaney and M. Masters 21-9, 21-13; V. V. Madgaokar and D. Somaya beat R. G. Kallianpur and P. Vithal 21-8, 21-13; M. M. Desai and I. R. Joosab beat S. C. Muzumdar and V. M. Choksey 21-16, 21-15; N. K. Mantri and R. S. Shete beat B. C. Wagle and S. C. Wagle 21-13, 21-12; N. B. Mistry and V. M. Nadkarni w.o. N. B. Samant and partner; S. J. Balsara and J C. Mehta beat J. C. Kajaria and A. C. Vakharia 21-16, 21-18; R. S. Ayer and S. Narayanan w.o. V. R. Prabhu and N. G. Dhavale; B. Hemanth and V. D. Nadkarni beat S. V. Patwardhan and A. N. Joshi 21-11, 21-17; R. W. Dhurandhar and G N. Zarapkar beat M. Karia and P. N. Muzumdar 21-11, 21-13; N. J. Nensey and H. M. Khanchand beat I. A. Laljee and P. S. Varde 25-23, 21-18.

SECOND ROUND: R. W. Dhurandhar and G. Z. Zarapkar beat R. S. Ayer and S. Narayan 21-9, 16-21, 22-20; S. N. Motiwalla and S. L. Shroff beat S. B. Jog and N. Radhakrishna 21-19, 20-22, 21-11; B. P. Baliga and S. N. Gandhi beat K. R. Panjri and D. D. Wallawalkar 21-16, 21-18; R. M. Khatau and O. Dyer beat V. D. Dalal and C. R. Kelekar 21-8, 21-17; Y S Vyas and D. P. Sampat beat R. P. Multani and J. C. Patel 21-9, 21-8; U. S. Bangerra and Y. S. Mahajan w.o. N. R. Samant and J N. Galvankar; S. N. Desai and V. P. Wagh w.o. K. N. S. Narayanan and A. I. Jacob; S. V. Gaokar and P. Kumar beat B. J. David and D. Abraham 21-5, 21-9; J. S. Patkar and B. A. Laljee beat E. M. Ugrankar and G. Shahdeo 21-9, 21-12; S. G. Vasani and R. M. Zaveri beat N. J. Nensey and H. M. Khanchand 22-20, 21-18; V. V. Madgavkar and D. Somaya beat N. K. Mantri and R. S. Shete 21-12, 21-14; A. Seth and R. Seth beat N. B. Samant and K. Khot 21-18, 21-19; V. V. Prabhu and Kumar Ghosh beat M. M. Desai and I. R. Joosab 17-21, 21-12, 21-18; D. H. Varde and P. K. Joshi w.o. "D" Pair; R. S. Thakar and R. Diwan w.o. "C" Pair; B. Hemanth and V. D. Nadkarni beat S. J. Balsara and J. C. Mehta 18-21, 21-19, 21-19.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel.

4-20 p.m. Goan S.C. 'B' vs. Elphinstone Mills (Junior Rovers Cup).

5-20 p.m. Kirkee Rangers vs. St. Francis Goan's 'B'. (H.V.M. Cup semi-final).

Brabourne Stadium

4-15 p.m. Benaulim Youths vs. C.C.I. Boys.

5-15 p.m. St. Francis Goans vs. Candolim S.C. (B.G.A.A. Championship).

TABLE TENNIS

Student YM.C.A., Lamington Road.

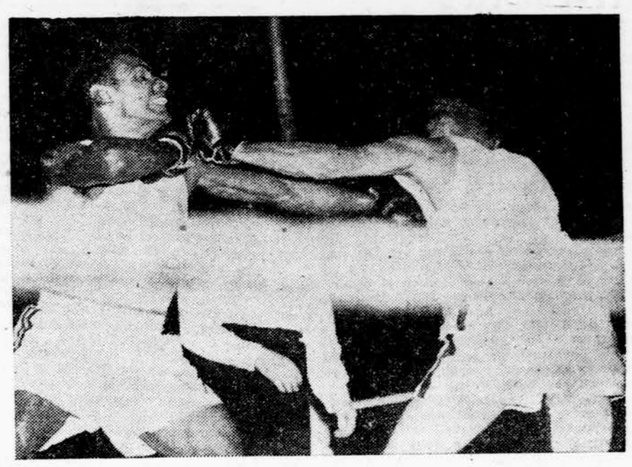
5-45 p.m. Mixed Doubles first and second rounds upper half.

6-15 p.m. Mixed Doubles first and second rounds lower half.

6-45 p.m. Men's Singles third round upper half.

7-45 p.m. Men's singles third round lower half.

Well Defended



The Indo-Ceylon bout between Obeyesekere (left) and Vincent Pereira of Rangers Club provided a very close fight in which Obeyesekere finally won by a narrow margin. The picture shows Vincent Pereira land a left hook at Obeyesekere's jaw, but the Ceylon man has his defence well up. Obeyesekere can be seen bleeding from a cut above the nose.

Raymond Aims A Left

Gene Raymond, of India (left) who lost to Ron Latham of Great Britain on points in the Rangers Boxing Tournament yesterday seen aiming a left at Latham, but the Britisher clever stepped aside and avoided a nasty one.

BOMBAY BILLIARDS LEAGUE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Results of the matches played in the Bombay Billiards League 9th October, 1949.

SOUTH ZONE

P. J. Hindy Gym. 'A' beat Parsee Gymkhana	762-554
Cricket Club of India beat A.C.C. Sports Club	750-675 750-691
Catholic Gymkhana 'A' beat Bombay Gymkhana 'A'	679-675

WEST ZONE

P. J. Hindu Gymkhana 'B' beat Bombay Police Club 'A'	794-700
Bombay Gymkhana 'B' beat Catholic Gymkhana 'B'	811-600
Tata Sports Club beat Islam Gymkhana 'B'	804-478

CENTRAL ZONE

Post Office Rec. Club beat Bombay City Police Club 'B'	834-745
Bombay Port Trust Sp. Club beat Elphinstone C. Club	680-663
Y.M.C.A. Proctor beat Times of India Sports Club	747-727

NORTH ZONE

Dadar Club beat Dadar Parsi Colony Gymkhana	846-799
Bandra Gymkhana beat G.I.P. Rly. Inst. Byculla	766-739
GIP Rly. Mech. Inst. Parel beat Matharpacady Club	803-758

The results of the match between the Willingdon Catholic Gymkhana and the Mysore Association are not yet received.

FOOTBALL MATCH ABANDONED

Das Cup Encounter At Parel

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Play between General Motors and Indian Gymkhana in the quarter-final round of the Das Cup this evening was abandoned three minutes before the final whistle due to failing light by Referee T. S. Mani at the St. Xavier's ground, Parel. General Motors were distinctly unlucky to have been deprived at the last moment of victory when they were leading by seven goals to three.

The Motormen played carefree football due to the poor opposition provided. Their rivals gave an altogether disappointing display, playing much below their usual form due to the absence of some of their regular players.

General Motors had the better of the exchanges from th every start and in the seventh minute Samuel scored the first goal for them from a pass by left winger Salvador. Five minutes later F. Alvares added the second goal with a long shot. Before changing ends Samuel got the third goal with a fine solo effort which started from his own half. He trapped the ball and broke through the rival defence evading two defenders before netting from close in.

Immediately after the resumption Samuel notched the fourth goal but their opponents retaliated by reducing the margin with a lucky goal. R. Sunderraj essayed a low drive at goal which was deflected off a defenders foot into net. Salvador two and Sawant one completed the motormen's tally while S. Raghavan scored two goals to bring his sides score to three.

But when it seemed that General Motors had won the match Referee Mani stepped in and deprived them of victory by abandoning play three minutes before the final whistle giving the opposition a chance of fighting the match all over again.

Earlier in evening in the third round of the Das Cup Blue Wizards and the junior string of R.I.N. were concerned in a goalless draw despite extra time being played.

Inside right Nelson of the Navy was sent off the field in the second half by Referee Swaminathan for dangerous play.

Blue Wizards started the game with nine men and gave the Navy a chance of dictating terms. They were unable to take advantage of this weakness due to the stubborn defence of the opposition and their own weak and erratic shooting.

After the breather Blue Wizards with a full complement took over the attacking and were unfortunate not to score for the horizontal came to the rescue of the Navy.

BETTY SLADE IN HYDERABAD

Exhibition Diving At Fateh Maidan Swimming Pool

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Oct. 12 (PTI) —Miss Betty Slade, one of the world's most talented and versatile divers, and Johnnie Johnson, England's famous "water comedian' gave an exhibition tonight of various kinds of diving and scientific methods of swimming at the swimming pool in the Fateh Maidan before a large gathering.

Major-Gen. J. N. Chaudhury, Military Governor of Hyderabad, and Mrs. Chaudhury were present.

Addressing the gathering Johnnie Johnson, who has coached some of India's best swimmers, said that during the past year or so there had been a tremendous revolution in swimming. This was due to a little Japanese named Furuhashi, who had completely shattered all distance records of the world.

He added that much had to be done still to raise Indian swimming to that of international swimming level. He said even if seven or eight best Indian swimmers were selected to compete in a relay race over a distance of about 1,000 metres, then the Japanese swimmer Furuhashi would beat all of them alone by about a hundred metres.

Johnnie Johnson declared that there were many reasons for this low standard of Indian swimming as indeed there were many others which were responsible for the higher status of Japanese swimming in international competitions today.

The essence of world swimming was speed over distances. Speed was obgtained by stamina and hard work. The Japanese swam a distance of nearly ten miles whereas Indians did two or three miles. This was partly attributable to lack of proper coaching. India had very good endurance swimmers and he would like to see their terrific stamina utilized to achieve speed.

At the conclusion of the demonstration the two swimmers posed for a photograph with Major-General and Mrs. Aruna Chaudhury and Mr. Jeelani, secretary of the Hyderabad State Swimming Association.

ANJUNA HELD TO A DRAW

B.G.A.A. Championship

BOMBAY, Thursday.

St. Michael's Sports Club of Anjuna were held to a goalless draw by Cuncolim Union in the B. G. A. A. Championship at the Brabourne Stadium on Thursday evening. The game was fast and even and both the goals had narrow escapes in either half of play The replay will be held on Saturday at 4-15 p.m.

Earlier, C. Alvares XI beat Movas Conquistas 'A' by three goals to two, but Conquistas protest declaring that only 15 minutes in the first half and 25 in the second was upheld and the game will be replayed.

Boxers To Undergo Regular Medical Examinations

SEQUEL TO DEATH OF TWO FIGHTERS IN A WEEK DUE TO INJURIES

PATERSON (New Jersey), Oct. 12 (PTI-Reuter).

A move to require boxers to undergo regular medical examinations has emerged from death last night of Talmadge Bussey, a 26-year old negro lightweight from Detroit.

Bussey died following an operation for removal of a blood clot from his brain after being knocked out by Luther Rawlings, Chicago, in the eighth round of their contest on Monday night.

Abe Greene, commissioner of the National Boxing Association, said boxers should be examined twice a year by their personal physicians who should then be required to sign a card recommending whether they should be permitted to continue in the ring.

Greene added that he would propose that the National Boxing Association adopt such a rule in November.

The examinations would supplement the official pre—fight checkups now required, he said.

Bussey was the second boxer within a week to die after a fight, and the eighth this year. Enrico Bertola, the Italian heavyweight champion, died in Buffalo, New York, last Wednesday after losing a ten rounds decision to Lee Oma.

CHARLES FAVOURITE AGAINST VALENTINO

World Heavyweight Title Fight

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13, (PTI-Reuter): Ezzard Charles, world heavyweight champion as recognised by the National Boxing Association, has been made a five to one on favourite for his title fight here tomorrow night against Ray Valentino.

Book-makers are offering evens against Valentino being able to answer the bell for the tenth round of the scheduled 15 rounds fight.

Both boxers have been fighting since 1940. Charles is 28, Valentino 29.

They have finished their heavy work in preparation for the fight, and both appear to be in excellent shape.

Freddie Mills' Opponents Ready

NEW YORK, Oct. 13, (PTI-Reuter): Jake La Motta and Ray Robinson, world middle-weight and welterweight champions respectively, and light heavyweight Joe Maxim were reported here to be ready to fight Freddie Mills in London for the British boxers world lightheavyweight crown.

Eddie Borden, English representative of "The Ring" magazine who came to America on behalf of the London promoter Jack Cappell, said the managers of the three boxers had told him they were anxious for a fight with Mills.

INTER-SCHOOL BOXING IN JUBBULPORE

Bishop Cotton's Convincing Victory Over Christ Church

(From Our Own Correspondent)

JUBBUULPORE, Oct. 10.

The ninth Inter-School meet between Bishop Cotton High School Nagpur & Christ Church High School Jubbulpore, concluded with an interesting boxing competition which the home team eventually won by ten fights to two, this victory enabling Jubbulpore to capture the "Bangley" Inter-School trophy for the third year in succession. There were several close contests, the programme terminating with the Walter weight bout which proved the closest and most difficult to judge. L. Nuttal, Nagpur, was awarded the prize for the most scientific boxer, while A. French also of Nagpur, proved to be the best loser.

The following were the results:

Midgetweight: S. Choubey (C.C.S.) beat E. Essai (B.C.S.) on points.

Featherweight: D. Fraser (C.C.S) beat A French (B.C.S.) on points.

Babyweight: R. French (B.C.S.) beat K Deshpande (C.C.S.) on points

Lightweight: R. Mills (C.C.S.) beat A. Paul (B.C.S.) on points.

Mosquitoweight: B. Sutcliffe (C.C.S.) beat D. Richardson (B.C.S.) on pniots.

Middleweight: L. Nuttall (B.C.S.) beat C. Quinn (C.C.S.) on points

Plyweight: D. Doomasia (C.C.S.) beat D. Godfrey (B.C.S.) on points.

Light-heavyweight: A Theoold (C C.S.) beat J. Ray (B.C.S.) on points.

Paperweight: M. Bhargava (C.C.S.) beat A. Gokhale (B.C.S.) on points.

Bantamweight: D. deLang (C.C.S.) beat G. Paul (B.C.S.) the referee stopping the fight in the second round

Heavyweight:: W. Parkinson (C. C.S.) beat V. Lee (B.C.S.) on points.

Welterweight: J. Barry (C.C.S.) beat E. Peters (B.C.S.) on points.

Lieut.-Colonel R. N Sen officiated as referree while Col. J. Russell G.C.F. presided and presented the trophies.

British Women's Team For Empire Games

LONDON, Oct. 13, (PTI-Reuter): The British womens team for the Empire Games in New Zealand next February will be: Sylvia Cheesemen (Spartan) Dorothy Manley (Essex) Jean Desforces (Essex) '1948' battle (London Olympaids) Margaret Walker (Spartan) and Dorothy Tyler (Mitcham.)

They will leave by boat on December 16 and will be unaccompanied unless an official can be found who is prepared to pay her own fare and expenses.

Swimming Federatin Of India To Meet

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The meeting of the Swimming Federation of India will be held at Patiala House on Monday 24th October at 9-30 a.m. The newly formed Bombay Provincial Aquatic Association will be granted the affiliation and this Bombay Aquatis Council will be an independent body to control Aquatics on their own in the province. The question of sending an Aquatic team to Auckland, New Zealand for the British Empire Games in February 1950 will be decided. Sanction may be granted to Mr. Golwalla team to tour Australia and New Zealand if an All India team was not participating in the Games.

Venue to hold the All-India Swimming meet will be discussed at the above meeting.

Messrs Sorab H. Bhoot and Khurshed F. Golwalla have been authorised by the Bombay Provincial Olympic Association Aquatic Council to attend the above meteing on behalf of the Association.

RECEPTION TO INDIAN LINGIAD TEAM

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee accorded the recently returned Indian Lingiad team a public reception at Peoples Hall, Congress House. The picture above shows Shri S. K. Patil, the President of the B.P.C.C. addressing the gathering. The members of the team can be seen seated in black sherwanis.

AUSTRALIAN SPORTS MUSTER

By John Seiffert

Cricketer-Footballer May Go To U. S.

Alan Walker 23-year old bowling find of the 1948-49 Australian cricket season may retire temporarily from the game after the South African tour.

He hopes to take up a scholarship as a physical training student at the University of California. Thus he is likely to be in the United States when the M. C. C. team visits Australia next year. Walker had a meteoric rise from junior grade last season.

He was a member of the New South Wales Colts team that played in Brisbane in November 1948; he moved up into the N. S. W. Sheffield Shield team; headed the Shield bowling average (39 wickets at 15.30 runs each); performed the "hat trick" against Queensland and won a place in the team touring South Africa.

Walker is also an outstanding Rugby Union player. He was a member of the 1947-48 Wallaby touring side and, had he played in Australia this season, would have been an almost automatic selection as centre three-quarter for the Australian team now in New Zealand.

If he goes to California, he will be available to coach the University of California Rugby Union team which played so well against the Wallabies in 1948.

★ ★ ★

150 Australians May Compete At Empire Games

Australian sports authorities plan to send a team of about 150 to take part in the 1950 Empire Games in Auckland, New Zealand.

Cost of such a large contingent, at about Rs. 1,000 a head, will be Rs. 1,50,000, of which Rs. 20,000 has been granted already by New Zealand's Games Association to the Australian Empire Games Association.

The remaining Rs. 1,30,000 is to be raised by Government grant and by public subscription.

Australian teams planned so far by various sporting bodies include 38 athletes, 27 swimmers (as well as 10 water polo players), a rowing eight a four, a pair, a seculler and two coxes; 10 cyclists.

The road cycling team, one of the youngest ever to represent Australia, has already been chosen. Riders selected are: Hec. Sutherland, 19, of Victoria; Peter Pryor, 20, of New South Wales; and Jack Fowler, 21, of Victoria, with Don Matthews, 18, of New South Wales; as reserve. South Australian Olympic cyclist Jim Nestor was a notable omission from the team. He did not show form to warrant selection.

Record of the team is, to date:

Sutherland, won Australian amateur 100 kilometres championship on August 27, 1949. Won first and second Empire Games test races, also over 100 kilos (62½ miles). Fowler, won third Empire Games test, filling minor places in the first and second. Pryor, twice placed second in Empire Games tests, with one third in the Australian road championships. Matthews, second in the Australian championships; third in one of the Games tests.

Olympic riders, Russell Mockridge and Jack Hoobin, both of Victoria, were not available for the team. Mockridge had an injured knee, Hoobin is in the middle of a successful tour of Europe. Sixth in the 1948 Olympic Games road race, Hoobin was placed 10th in the world amateur road title at Copenhagen in August after having mechanical trouble and suffering from cramp.

In rowing, the New South Wales eight has won the right to represent Australia in Auckland by its success in the 1949 King's Cup, symbol of inter-state eights rowing supremacy.

Australia was represented at the London Olympics by Mervyn Wood, who won the sculling; F. Spencer Grace and E. R. Bromley who reached the coxswainless pairs semi-final, and a coxed four, who competed unsuccessfully.

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Badminton's Growing Popularity

Australian sportsmen and women have taken seriously to badminton only in recent years but about 15,000 now play the game regularly and the number of players is growing steadily.

First players in Australia were a few enthusiasts in Perth, Western Australia, who met in friendly matches in the early 1900,s. The first West Australian State badminton championship was held in 1922.

The Eastern Australian States did not see badminton until 1910. The Victorian Association was formed in 1920, the South Australian in 1930, the Tasmanian in 1933 and the New South Wales Association in 1936. An association was not formed in Queensland until 1948.

Australia has only one professional badminton star, Harold Wray, of Victoria, former State champion.

An Australian badminton team toured New Zealand in July, 1949. This was the second Australian team to go overseas; a team previously toured New Zealand in 1938.

Badminton is most popular in Victoria, where the standard of play is the highest. This is shown by the fact that all nine members of the recent touring team in New Zealand were Victorians. The State has more than 200 badminton clubs, approximately 10,000 registered players.

Strongest challenger to Victoria's dominant position is the island State of Tasmania.

Women in Australia like badminton. They secured four of the nine places in the team for New Zealand Queen of Australian badminton is singles title-holder, Miss Eva Robert who also shares the doubles and mixed titles.

Men's national titleholder is Alan McCabe who won the singles championship at Melbourne Town Hall on October 2, 1948. He previously won the title, when 18, in 1938, retained it the following year.

Because of badminton's rapid progress in Australia, the Australian Association is hopeful of being able to enter a team in the 1950-51 International Badminton Championship for the Thomas Cup.

Swedish Football Team To Play At Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Oct. 13 (PTI)—The Helsingfors Swedish Football Federation team will reach Calcutta on December 2 on way back from their Far Eastern tour. They will stay in the city till December 8, and play three matches here, it is learnt today.

Though normally these visits are arranged by the I.F.A. under the auspices of the A.I.F.F., the impesario of the Swedish team's tour will be the Mohan Bagan Athletic Club, who have got the necessary permission from the controlling authority.

Three matches have been provisionally fixed for the visitors, namely against (1) Mohan Banga, (2) East Bengal and (3 I.F.A. XI.

CHAMPION STAKES WON BY DJEDDAH

NEWMARKET, Oct. 13 (PTI-Reuter). Marcel Boussac's, Djeddah won the Champion Stakes over one and a quarter miles here today. Mr. Claude Harper's, Pambidian was second and Mr. Hely Hutchinson's Krakatao was third.

INDIAN PAIR BEATEN

National Covered Courts Championship

LONDON, Oct. 12, (PTI-Reuter): Naresh Kumar and Sawhney of India were beaten 6-2, 3-6, 6-3 by G. L. Paish and H. Billington in the third round of the mens doubles in the national covered courts championships at Queen's Club.

The Australian test all-rounder, Keith Miller, who has been appointed captain of the New South Wales Sheffield team for the 1949-50 Australian cricket season. New South Wales will meet Queensland in the first match at Brisbane on October 28

NEWMARKET TOWN PLATE

Biggest Field In Memory Contests Race

NEWMARKET, Oct. 13, (PTI-Reuter): The historic Newmarket Town Plate established and endowed in 1686 by King Charles II to be run on the second Thursday in October "for ever" was won today by Miss Sybil Lambton on Mr. E. G. Lambton's, Prince Peridorchus.

Miss Lambton won by 15 lengths from Miss "Jacky" Hylton on Mr. J. Hickey's, Hollywood Laddie, with Miss Valda Rogerson third on Mrs. Rogerson's Festival.

The biggest filed in living memory contested the race. There were thirteen runners all of them ridden by women jockeys.

Mrs. Zillah Mitchell, mother of four children, was unplaced on Bulo Poda and Miss Solnah Joel who won the race last year, finished fifth on the fix to four favourite Whistling Buoy.

Betting on the first three was three to one Prince Peridarchus, seven to one Hollywood Laddie and seven to two Estival.

This was the 284th running of the race.

MYSORE'S T.T. TEAM FOR NATIONAL

Ananthraman Selected Captain

MYSORE, Oct. 12, (PTI): The Mysore State Table Tennis Association has selected its players to represent the State in the forthcoming National and Inter-Provincial Table Tennis Championship Tournament to be held at Secunderabad during December.

The selected players are: M. N. Anantharam (Captain), M. V. S. Vittal, Shivdasani K. S. Subbaramayya and K. S. Krishnaswamy.

T. S. Sunderraj Iyengar will be the manager of the team.

The Bombay Chronicle

SUGAR, RUMOUR AND MISCHIEF

The sugar crisis which has been developing for the last fortnight, came to a head when crowds looted some shops yesterday in three localities. Tempers were frayed because of the rumours that salt and match boxes had also gone underground. Panic-stricken crowds rushed to shops to buy these essential commodities. Traders found in the situation that developed an ideal opportunity to profiteer. Prices of salt and match boxes soared. Rowdy elements were not slow in taking advantage of the situation. There were noisy demonstrations which ended in looting of cash boxes of the shops.

The whole situation has developed from the fact that the Government seems to be unwilling to disturb the present channels of sugar distribution, on the plea that there is not enough stock of sugar for rationing. The sugar shortage has been rendered more acute by the festive season through which we are passing. The strain on the sugar stocks is intensified by some amount of accumulation following on all sorts of rumours. On the Government's admission, there can be at most some 40,000 bags of sugar which will have to be eked out till mid-January. The daily needs come to some 2,000 bags a day. It is obvious that the situation is such as to rule out any chance of rationing. On a conservative calculation, if this stock is rationed each person will get 18 ozs. of sugar for the next two months. After that there will be a gap of about three weeks till the middle of January when the new crushing will start. This does not take into consideration the requirements of numerous hotels and restaurants. Thus even rationing will not solve the sugar shortage but at least it will distribute evenly whatever little is available and calm the frayed tempers of the public. Once the people know that there is only this much and not more they will accept the situation philosophically. Of course, the police will have to ferret out ruthlessly all the sugar bags which have gone underground and rumour claims that they are in thousands.

This brings us to the sugar industry which has been given protection for the last 16 years. It is one of the largest industries in India and second in importance only to the cotton textiles. By this time it should have been able not only to provide for the needs of the whole country but should have produced sugar for export. The industry has been built on the sacrifice of the people and in a crisis it is a shame that it is not able to stand by the people. India has about the largest area in the world under sugar cultivation in the United Provinces, Bihar and on a small scale in the Deccan. Thus the land, which should grow food in the present crisis is given to the sugar industry. One cannot say that it has acquitted itself of this grave responsibility. On the assurance of the industry control on sugar was lifted and it was left to the industry to distribute sugar. There will have to be a searching inquiry to find out whether the sugar factories or the wholesalers or the retailers are responsible for the present acute scarcity. If the Government is to continue the protection given to it then the industry must keep its hands clean. Otherwise either the Government will have to nationalise the industry and distribute the product through its own channels or end the protection and import sugar from outside, which will be cheaper for the consumer. Incidentally, if we import sugar we shall be releasing lakhs of acres of land for growing foodgrains, which are the first priority on our economy. It is natural that the Government should hesitate to throw to the wolves of competition an industry, which they have protected for the last 16 years with people's money. But if the men, associated with the industry, continue to be anti-social the Government will have no other choice. It is said that even a threat of importing sugar from abroad will bring out all the underground sugar bags. After all it is not so difficult to import sugar—it does not require dollars also—the imported sugar will not cost more than Rs. 17 per maund. Within 12 to 13 days you can get sugar from Mauritus and in 20 days from Java and a little later from Cuba. An order for a couple of shiploads of sugar will bring the blackmarketers to their senses in no time and also teach a little wisdom to the industry.

There is another side to this bitter story of sugar. It is reported that certain agitators are exploiting the scarcity to serve their own political ends. We refuse to believe that any political party, which believes in democracy, will stoop to such mean tactics. But these elements are there and yesterday's scare about matches and salt are nothing but manufactured. It is for the public not to fall victims to these rumours. Once there is a rush to the shops, the dealer is tempted to raise his prices, may be he wants to conserve his last disappearing stocks or wants to make hay while the sun shines. The public must beware of these rumour-manufactured scarcities and buy only when they need and not to hoard. If they panic they only play into the hands of profiteers and agitators.

Help The Handlooms

Handloom products should be in the proportion of one-third of the cotton textiles needed by the Government of India and should also be purchased by the Provincial and State Governments for their own requirements. A proposal to this effect was made by the handloom committee of the All India Cottage Industries Board and was endorsed by the Textile Advisory Committee. The Government could not have any valid reason for rejecting this proposal. On the contrary, it should consider whether a proportion higher than one-third could be fixed. Encouragement to cottage industries is one of the avowed objectives of the country's industrial policy. It should mean increase in production as well as consumption; and both should be held in balance. As a matter of fact, an increasing demand for any commodity is by itself a stimulus to production. In the case of cottage industries which have an exclusive market, there may not be much difficulty in stimulating production and consumption, but there are several cottage industries which have to face and which, therefore, need to be propped up to withstand competition of the corresponding machine-made products—local as well as foreign. Cotton textiles are prominent among them. In spite of the Government's solicitude for encouragement to them, their proportion in the local requirements and exports has yet to be fixed in order to ensure demand for them. The handloom committee of the All India Cottage Industries Board has suggested a practical measure for encouragement by recommending to the Government to purchase handloom products in the proportion of at least one-third of the cotton textiles required by it. In order to set an example to the people, the Government must be on the buyers' list of hand-made products, like the cotton textiles which it can consume.

In its meeting at New Delhi, the Textile Advisory Committee was understood to have accepted a proposal to set up a committee to explore the possibilities of reserving certain spheres of production to the handloom industry. It is surprising why the spheres of handloom and mill industries were, all this while, not demarcated. The accumulation of stocks and low off-take of the handloom products were counted in the handloom sub-committee, among the difficulties which the handloom industry was facing. Obviously both were consequences of the competition of machine-made textiles. Now the Government should see that immediate steps are taken to define the sphere of the handloom industry. It should also accept other recommendations made by the Textile Advisory Committee. Expansion of the market—local as well as foreign—depends upon various factors among which the quality and appearance of finished products are included. Hand-made textiles should show a progressive and pronounced improvement in their texture and designs; but in spite of the persistent clamour for encouragement to the handloom industry, the establishment of a design centre has now figured in the development schemes which the Textile Advisory Committee has approved of for the Government's action. Let us hope that the Government proceeds with these schemes without delay in the interest of the handloom industry to which it is anxious to extend protection.

Thought For The Day

Great men do not play stage tricks with the doctrines of life and death: only little men do that.

—RUSKIN.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

CALCUTTA, October 12: Mr. J. P. Mitra, President of the Council for Protection of Rights of Minorities in East and West Bengal, stated today that he had written a letter to the Secretary-General of the U. N. O., Mr. Trygvie Lie, complaining against the East Bengal Government's "serfous infraction of rights of minorities."

★ ★ ★

Paying at his dinner to India"s Prime Minister, a gracious tribute to Pandit Nehru as "a man and a fighter', and welcoming him as a man, who had fought for his country, President Truman said, 'we look to him for co-operation in the great tasks that await the world."

Which world? That world. that other world or the world?

★ ★ ★

It was, says a Washington message, understood from authoritative sources that the talks between Mr. Girja Shankar Bajpai and U. S. State Department experts on Indian and Near Eastern affairs centred on the Kashmir problem.

After all if Nehru is to be hailed as the greatest man, literary man, statesman etc. he is expected—yes you are more or less right.

★ ★ ★

NAGPUR, October 12: "We will gladly enrol any R.S.S. member in the Congress", announced Mr. M. S Kannamwar, President of the C. P. Provincial Congress Committee, in an interview today. He added that he believed that R.S.S. members would join the Congress in large numbers. —UPI.

We are afraid his hopeful belief will materialise.

★ ★ ★

It is announced from Oslo that Lord Boyd Orr of Britain has been awarded the 1949 Nobel Peace Prize. There was, it is also recalled, no award for peace for 1948.

We enter a loud and double protest. The Nobel Peace Prize, we declare most emphatically, must have been awarded to the Permanent Members of the Security Council and both for 1949 and 1948.

★ ★ ★

Speaking in the U. N. Political Committee, M. Andrei Vyshinsky denied that Hungary, Bulgaria and Rumania had violated human rights. He counter-charged that the working classes in capitalist countries were denied elementary rights to employment equal housing and equal pay.

The actual fact is that both sides are right in their views—each about the other.

★ ★ ★

PROGRESS OF THE HAGUE TALKS.
Agreement Reached On Many Points.
—Headlines.

Which means no agreement yet on the other points.

IS THE WEST RETURNING TO LIBERALISM?

THERE has been much talk of a revival of Liberalism, but many have dismissed it as being largely due to wishful thinking on the part of Liberals. Dr. Stern-Rubarth, former chief of the Wulff Bureau and spokesman of the Weimar Republic, quotes facts and figures from the election results of the Western European democracies to show that on the Continent at any rate the trend really exists its latest manifestation being the fact that the Liberals did unexpectedly well in the German elections. While warning against drawing unwarranted conclusions about Britain, he suggests that there is a general tendency for the common man to return to the ideal of regard for the individual and his rights and his duties.

By Edgar Stern-Rubarth, Ph. D.

FIFTEEN years ago I asked a leading Liberal why Liberalism had vanished. "It hasn't", so he replied, "it has merely completed its mission. except for a few diehards on the extreme Right of the Conservatives, and a few Communists on the extreme Left of Labour, everybody is Liberal in this country." It sounded comforting. Yet I left my eminent friend with some misgivings.

For if a burglar gets away with my most cherished Old Master, it hasn't "vanished", literally, but I am still deprived of it and God knows what may happen to it in the hands of a fence or its underhand acquirer. And Liberalism likewise is a very precious very delicate thing: too delicate perhaps to have stood its being framed within fast and tight Party lincs. For that very reason Liberal Parties everywhere in Europe had no more fierce opponents than their own members, and were swept away when misery and disorder whipped up the tide of sectional egoism and drowned humanism under cheap catch-phrase oratory.

That tide, arisen between the two wars, is ebbing. The havoc it wrought was brought home to the masses everywhere and slowly, often hesitatingly and half dubiously they come home to that most exacting conception of democracy. The Liberal revival, in practically all European countries west of the Iron Curtain between the war and now cannot be a mere stop of the pendulum that, for many years jerked from the extreme Right to the extreme Left: it would be too much of a coincidence in time, size and curve.

SWEDEN, BELGIUM, DENMARK

Sweden, greatest of the European countries not affected by war had her last election but one in 1944. It produced a Liberal group of 25, smallest out one opposing the 115 Socialists in a parliament of 230 On September 19, 1948 the general election returned 57 Liberals at the expense of all five other Parties, reducing the Conservatives from 39 to 23, the Agrarians from 36 to 30 the Communists from 15 to 8 and even the Socialists from 115 to 112. The Liberal Party, second strongest of the Chamber, now exceeds in numbers both the other non-Marxist groups combined.

In Belgium's first election after her liberation in February 1946, her Liberals won 18 out of 202 seats, leaving them the smallest group, even behind the 23 Communists. On June 26, this year, they were returned to a Chamber of 212 with 29 members, the Communists losing half their seats, the Socialists two, and the Christian Socials previously 92, gaining 13, or 4.5 per cent. compared with the Liberals over 50 per cent advance.

Denmark's liberation parliament, elected October 30, 1945 had 38 Liberals and 11 Radical Liberals against 48 Socialists, 26 Conservatives, 18 Communists and 7 others; on October 28, 1947 already 49 Liberals and 10 Radical Liberals confronted 57 Socialists, 17 Conservatives, 9 Communists and 8 others. While the Communists lost half, the Conservatives over a third and the Socialists gained 18 per cent., the Liberals proper advanced by nearly 30 their combined groups by over 20 per cent

NORWAY, HOLLAND, FRANCE

Norway still has her first post-war parliament, elected October 8, 1945, in which the Liberals held 20 out of 150 seats her new general election was due on October 10 this year. But if her Municipal elections of October 1947 give any lead at all, another striking success of the Liberal cause may be expected: for even then they made a gain of 32 per cent. while the Communists lost heavily and the Socialists in the Government, just held their own.

In the Netherlands where the issue is mainly one of Catholicism versus Calvanism the Liberal (Freedom) Party has hitherto been small. Yet it increased its six-men group in the first post-war Chamber, elected May 17, 1946, to eight in the last election, July 7, 1948: and in the Municipal elections in June this year, the Liberal Party with an increase of seats of no less than 55 per cent. was by far the largest winner, while the Communists—equal in numbers with the Liberals in parliament—suffered heavy losses

Nowhere, however, is the comeback of Liberalism more striking than in France, torn as she was between the extremes of Communism and Gaullism. Her once dominating Liberal Party, the Radicals led by Edouard Herriot were down to 19 of over 600 seats in France's Constituent Assembly elected in October 1945. A year later in the elections of November 1946 for the National Assembly they reappeared with 43 deputies as the fourth-strongest group, behind 183 Communists, 173 M.R.P. and 104 Socialists. Ever since their growth and their influence have continued to assert themselves, with Queille heading one of the most long-lived of modern France's ever endangered Cabinets. There is little doubt but that the Radicals, will gain in another election and perhaps become once more the leading group.

AND EVEN GERMANY

If it needed more proof to show that heart-searching has led, and is leading to a political faith which had been discarded because it exacts self-reliance instead of claims upon the community and ridiculed because it held humanitarian principles higher than class or sectional interests, the German

(Continued on page 8, col. 3)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Rural Education

Newspaper readers fed on the principle that a sensation a day keeps the doctor away are likely to miss an item of news tucked away in a corner. This is the modest message which says: "The first rural university started under the auspices of Sri Ramakrishna Mission—Ramakrishna Vidyalaya—was inaugurated by Mr. K. Madhava Menon, Minister for Education at Perianaickenpalayam, 15 miles from Coimbatore." Political leaders and mountebanks alike have been harping on the glories of India, but very few indeed have put to practice the more enduring aspects of ancient Indian life. One of these is the idea of the Gurukula, built not on huge edifices of stone but around the personality of revered teacher. Here were the ancient Upanishads taught and the written records which have survived—handed down from generation to generation—were the notes taken by the pupils. Apart from the fact that colleges in villages will be free from the contaminating influence of crowded cities—the maddling crowd's ignoble strife—it will mean a great saving to the students, many of whom can ill afford the cost of life in a city. It is apposite that the college should be named after a preceptor who by his example and the inspiration which he gave to one of India's most illustrious sons gave a spiritual background to our national struggle. The rural college evidently owes much to Mr. Avanashilingam Chettiar who for a brief while was the Minister for Education in Madras. Mr. Chettiar's devotion to the cause of the Paramahamsa is well known, and, if he had continued in office for a little longer, it is certain that the educational policy of that Govenment would have been shaped on individual lines.

Zamindari Abolition

Evidently, the first flush of enthusiasm made the Kisans in the United Provinces rush to the Treasuries to deposit their quota to acquire "bhoomidhari rights" has now died, for a report from the province says that the Cabinet have decided to enforce economy to the extent of six crores mostly to meet the expenditure caused by the abolition of Zamindaris. The United Provinces Government, it may be recalled, has had to pay a huge amount as compensation, and the Zamindari Abolition Fund is not attracting as much money as expected. Socialist propaganda which has been dinning into the ears of the peasants that the zamindaris could have been abolished without any compensation has contributed to slackness in collection. Pandit Pant has been quick to realise the mischief of such propaganda and the other day he pointed out that the Socialists were a party to the Congress Election Manifesto which provided for compensation to the Zamindaris. Obviously the Socialists feel that they are not bound by past commitments. Anyway, the subtleties of argumentative logic are hardly likely to have any appeal to the peasant who naturally feels that it is better to wait and see rather than part with his money for something which he might get free. The situation is fraught with grave consequences to the Congressmen of the province, but they will gain nothing by shirking the issue. What is needed urgently is a propaganda drive, telling the peasants that they should fork out their money and that Socialists are only adopting obstructive tactics, not with a view to helping the peasants but only to help themselves in the confusion.

Nationalisation

Time was when they almost unanimously advocated cure for our economic ills was nationalisation. The Karachi Congress set the ball rolling when it said that, in Free India, all key-industrries will be state-owned. After the transfer of power, the industrial policy of the Government has been a confused one. At first capitalists were given ten years, after which they were told the State would take over the key industries. This immediately acted as a damper on the investment market. Industrialists were unwilling to enlarge or plan new factories for they felt that it was not worthwhile to risk money on ventures which they could not hold on for more than ten years. Explanations followed and the Finance Minister assured capital a better deal. The climax of this policy of conciliation was reached in the statement of Sardar Patel who laid the bogey of nationalisation by telling the merchants that the Government of India which was hard put to man the Services was hardly likely to launch on the doubtful venture of running factories. Naturally, the Socialists have taken over where the Congress has left off, and they are advocating nationalisation, which Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan said yesterday, "was necessary not only from the point of view of humanity, but also to put an end to exploitation of labour and to increase production". If by nationalisation, production can be increased, the country as a whole will welcome it. Indeed, Pandit Nehru remarked recently that the industrial policy was dictated by the sole consideration that production must increase. But is nationalisation likely to increase production? We have grave doubts. Private enterprise, in spite of the fact that it gives rise to the evils which Mr. Jayaprakash rightly condemns, ensures efficiency, and the way in which some of the affairs are managed by Government at the moment does not give one the impression that nationalisation will ensure efficiency.

What Price Culture?

Dr. S. C. Sen, who is in London to participate in the World Medical Association Conference, hit the nail on its head when he pointed out that culture is a thing which one can afford only when one had "plenty of money and plenty of leisure to spend". In fact the story of civilisation is the story of the progress wrought by a minority of intellectuals who lived a life of contemplation which the layman often misunderstood for laziness. When Plato visualised his Republic, his philosophers were men who did not have to fight for their living. The whole edifice of the glorious Greek civilisation was built on the slavery of thousands who toiled in the gold and silver mines so that Socrates could conduct his arguments in learned leisure. The Taj Mahal would not have been possible but for the forced labour of thousands, not to say anything about the crores which might have gone to alleviate the sufferings of Shah Jahan's starved millions. But the world has weighed the pros and cons and decided that the Taj was worth that sacrifice. Dr. Sen, of course, was not referring to these aspects, but only arguing the brief of the doctor. Culture in the widest sense he said, was an essential quality of a doctor. Culture, he added, followed social security. But does security always ensure culture? It might in many cases breed a self-centred complacency, and many a doctor whose income is assured whether or not he attends to the bell at the door especially at a late hour, might not go with the best of tempers to meet the patient.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Eat Less Sugar

Timely action by the Government of Bombay has saved the City from the bleak prospect of a sugarless Divali. And now everyone of us can look forward to at least half a pound of sugar to sweeten the dishes during the festival of lights.

The sugar crisis presents another example of how a city or even the entire country can be held to ransom by the merchant community.

Is there no way to combat this growing menace to our economy?

Flogging is the punishment meted out to the hoarder and blackmarketer in the Happy Valley of Kashmir. But our Government is not likely to resort to such harsh, though really effective, methods.

There is another remedy which lies in our own hands and that is to start an "EAT LESS SUGAR" campaign.

Sugar has gone underground because the traders hope to harvest huge profits by holding it back from a sugar-hungry public, particularly during Divali, the festival of festivals.

Let us face the traders with the prospect of having rotten sugar in their hoards unless they come out with it and sell it at the controlled price.

The only chink in our armour is that some of us might feel tempted to replenish their meagre stock of sugar by purchasing it from the black market. That is exactly what should not happen.

We have often celebrated Divali under adverse circumstances. The light had gone out of the festival of lights during the black-outs and brown-outs of World War II. There were no illuminations either during periods of national calamity.

The prospect of a Divali with less sugar, therefore, should not dishearten us. Those of us who have the strength should declare themselves for a sugarless Divali. Those with a sweet tooth should restrict themselves to the half pound quota.

As the quota has been fixed only for Divali, there is no hope of getting sugar, except in the black market, after the festival is over. That is a crucial period for us.

If by then sugar is rationed, well and good. Otherwise, everyone of us should resolve—I admit it is not so easy—not to buy sugar except at the controlled price of Rs. 0-6-9 a pound.

That will bring the sugar trade to its knees and we shall have won at least one battle against one of the most anti-social elements, namely, the blackmarketers

—K. K. S.

Floods And Examination

The I.A.S. & Allied Services Examination was held on September 22, inspite of the record rains and the dislocation of transport on that day. With the result that only a few candidates, who were fortunate enough to stay near the place of the examination, were able to attend. Candidates, who were staying far away could not sit for the examination. When I went to enquire the next day I was told that the examination was over. Is this not unfair to the candidates, who could not attend for no fault on their part? In these circumstances the Federal Public Service Commission should either hold the examination again or exempt the absent candidates in that day's papers. This is rather hard on those candidates, who would not be able to sit for the next examination, because of age restrictions.

—A CANDIDATE.

Supply Of Sugar

Since the day sugar became scarce in Bombay, Government had arranged the distribution of the available stock, through the President of Suburban District Congress Committee, in the suburbs of Bombay. We were informed by the Controller of Sugar that 100 bags per day (minimum) were being given for distribution.

The distribution had so far been most unfair. Also, parties who have nothing to do or had never done business in sugar, were asked to distribute. The distributors never cared to check up if the stock supplied had been fairly distributed. Hence, large scale complaints were heard in the whole area. All the same any amount of sugar can be had if one is prepared to pay Rs. 35 a md. It goes without saying that the maldistribution is directly responsible for this. Parle Co-op. Consumers' Society Ltd., were not supplied any sugar for four days during last week.

When this was brought to the notice of those responsible for distribution, we failed to get any satisfactory reply.

The public feel that the present machinery for distribution should be abolished and allow genuine dealers, especially Co-operative Societies and Government Grainshops, where the possibility of malpractice is less, should be given stocks direct, instead of through a middle man.

—L. C. CHAKRAVARTY,
Hon. Secretary.

Decision On R. S. S.

The decision of the Congress Working Committee to allow the R.S.S. members to become the members of the Indian National Congress must have shocked all honest patriots.

From the explanations offered by the Congress spokesmen it appears that they are convinced of the R.S.S. being a non-political organization.

It is here that a fundamental mistake has been made. And one wonders whether Nehru, who at the time of this decision was on his way to America was consulted on this affair as not many days ago he had expressed that the claim of the R.S.S. being a cultural organization only was not above suspicion.

Circumstances which led to the illegalization of this party may be recalled. The ban on R.S.S. was imposed within 24 hours of the murder of the Father of our Nation, and it was alleged that the R.S.S. had a hand in that crime. The Government is not expected to ban a party without having sufficient reasons to do so. As regards its activities being cultural only, this claim used to be put forward even in the old days. Government, then saw in its activities something uncultural in spite of their cultural label. What change has taken place in their organization now, which makes the Congress revise its opinion?

Further, if R.S.S. is only a cultural organization, why does it not allow non-Hindus to participate in its cultural activities. By restricting its membership to only one community, does it not become a communal organization?

Hindu Mahasabha is a communal organization. All the members of the Hindu Mahasabha are members of R.S.S. also. What does this relation between the two parties indicate?

According to the R.S.S. constitution, its members are free to join any political party. Guruji is a permanent chief and the successor is to be nominated by him. The will of the Guruji is supreme. The implication is that the orders of the Guruji are to be obeyed by all those who adhere loyalty to R.S.S. In practice it boils down to this. The members of the R.S.S. will join a political party at the instance of Guruji. They will join en-bloc and act according to the instructions of their chief. If they choose to join Congress, they will certainly be in large enough numbers to create mischief.

What are the conceptions of Guruji? What is the political ideology of Guruji? "It is nothing else but the establishment of Hindu Raj. The R.S.S. ideology should not be judged from the words they utter. Actions speak louder than words. A study of their activities, past and present, reveals their true colour.

It appears that Congress Working Committee has surrendered before Communalism. But will the people too do likewise? Certainly not.

If Congress leaders think they will get substantial help from R.S.S. in the next elections, they are miserably mistaken. The first thing which the R.S.S. followers will do in Congress, will be to oust Nehru and people are not going to tolerate it. Congress instead of winning supporters is following a path which will create only opponents and if such a rot continues, it will not be a wonder, if Nehru is forced to resign the leadership of the Congress.

—S. L. TANDON.

OPEN AIR

A week-end in Matheran is a glorious treat, but it leaves us with an acute feeling of discontent when we return to "civilisation" in Suburbia once more! Leaving Neral and the plains in the small train with its strident whistle and creaking joints we leave the humdrum everyday existence for a glimpse of Paradise! As the train begins its long winding ascent the air becomes appreciably cooler and fresher and the discomforts of the journey are quite forgotten in the magnificent scenery—the clouds wreathing the mountain tops in a mist of pearly grey, the waterfalls splashing down the hillsides like silver ribbons, the broad expanse of plain below, dappled in the sunshine, its little fields looking like patchwork in different shades and tones of green. On the opposite side of the train we look out on rugged rocks covered ferns and plants of every description. Arrived at Matheran we appreciate more than anything the intense peace and silence, in which the only sounds to be heard are the chirruping of the squirrels, the songs of the birds, and the rustle of the trees as the monkeys swing from branch to branch, for the chief charm of Matheran lies in the fact that it possesses no approach for motor traffic and so its peace is marred only by those parties of visitors who feel that a holiday is no holiday if you do not make a noise about it!

—D. R.

NEHRU ADDRESSES U. S. CONGRESS

(Continued from page 1)

and applauded for almost half a minute as Pandit Nehru mounted the mahogany rostrum and took his place before a microphone.

On his right was Vice-President, Alben Barkeley, who said: "We are greatly honoured by the visit of this distinguished statesman and lawyer of India.

"We have been familiar with his life, career and services on behalf of his people for many years. He became a follower of Mahatma Gandhi. He suffered the hardships of imprisonment which so often accompany the lives of those who devote themselves to the liberty and welfare of their people."

The Vice-President said Pandit Nehru had reached the position of Prime Minister of India through his merits and services in many fields and was now among the American people as a visitor of a goodwill tour.

HONOURED

"We are honoured by his presence and happy to honour him in return," he said.

The Vice-President said he hoped the visit would lead to a greater understanding between the two peoples and that benefits would result.

The Indian statesman spoke in quiet measured tones from a spot below a large gilt-framed painting showing Abraham Lincoln and his Cabinet signing the declaration of emancipation of 1863 which freed the American Negro slaves.

The senators burst into applause when he finished speaking, and the Vice-President, rising to clasp the hand of the Indian leader, expressed on behalf of the Senate their appreciation of the "profound utterances". "May God bless you and your country," he said.

The following is the text of the address delivered by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to the House of Representatives and the Senate today:

"I deem it a high honour and privilege to be given this opportunity of addressing this honourable House, and I must express to you, sir, my gratitude for it. For this House represents in a large measure this great Republic which is playing such a vital part in the destinies of mankind today.

GREATER UNDERSTANDING

"I have come to this country to learn something of your great achievements, I have come also to convey the greetings of my people, and in the nope that my visit may help to create a greater understanding between our respective peoples and make those strong and sometimes invisible links, stronger even than physical links, that bind countries together. The President referred the day before yesterday in language of significance, to my visit as a voyage of discovery of America. The United States of America are not an unknown country even in far off India and many of us have grown up in admiration for the ideals and objectives which have made this country great.

"Yet, though we may know the history and something of the culture of our respective countries, what is required is a true understanding and appreciation of each other, even where we differ. Out of that understanding grows fruitful co-operation in pursuit of common ideals. What the world today perhaps lacks most is understanding and appreciation of each other among nations and peoples.

"I have come here, therefore, on a voyage of discovery of the mind and heart of America and to place before you our own mind and heart. Thus we may promote that understanding and co-operation which I feel sure, both our countries earnestly desire. Alrready I have received a welcome here, the generous warmth of which has created a deep impression on my mind and indeed somewhat overwhelmed me.

"During the last two days I have been in Washington, I have paid visits to the memorials of the great builders of this nation. I have done so not for the sake of mere formality, but because they have long been enshrined in my heart and their example had inspired me as it had inspired innumerable countrymen of mine. These memorials are the real temples to which each generation must pay tribute and, in doing so, must catch something of the fire that burnt in the hearts of those who were the torch bearers of freedom, not only for this country, but for the world: for those who are truly great have a message that cannot be confined within a particular country, but is for all the world."

THE MAHATMA

"In India there came a man in our own generation who inspired us to great endeavour, ever reminding us that thought and action should never be divorced from moral principle, that the true path of man is truth and peace. Under his guidance, we laboured for the freedom of our country with ill-will to none, and achieved that freedom. We called him reverently and affectionately the Father of our Nation. Yet he was too great for the circumscribed borders of any one country, and the message he gave may well help us in considering the wider problems of the world.

"The United States of America have struggled to freedom and unparalleled prosperity during the past century and a half, and today they are a great and powerful nation. They have an amazing record of growth in material well-being and scientific and technological advance. They could not have done so unless they had been anchored in the great principles laid down in the early days of their history. For material progress cannot go far or last long, unless it has its foundations in moral principles and high ideals.

INDIA FOLLOWS

"Those principles and ideals are enshrined in your Declaration of Independence which lays down as a self-evident truth that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their creator with certain inalienable rights, that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. It may interest you to know that in drafting the Constitution of the Republic of India, we have been greatly influenced by your own Constitution. The preamble of our Constitution states that we, the people of India having solemnly resolved to constitute India into a Sovereign Democratic Republic and to secure to all the citizens: justice, social, economic and political liberty of thought, expression, belief, faith and worship: equality of status and of opportunity; and to promote among them all fraternity assuring the dignity of the individual and the unity of the nations: in our Constituent Assembly do hereby adopt, enact and give to ourselves this Constitution'.

"You will recognise in these words that I have quoted an echo of the great voices of the founders of your Republic. You will see that though India may speak to you with a voice that you may not immediately recognise or that may perhaps appear somewhat alien to you, yet in that voice there is a strong resemblance to what you have often heard before.

"Yet it is true that India's voice is somewhat different: it is not the voice of the old world of Europe, but of the older world of Asia. It is the voice of an ancient civilisation, distinctive, vital, which at the same time has renewed itself and learnt much from you and the other countries of the west. It is, therefore, both old and new. It has its roots deep in the past, but it also has the dynamic urges of today.

"But however the voices of India and the United States may appear to differ, there is much in common between them. Like you, we have achieved our freedom through a revolution, though our methods were different from yours.

"Like you we shall be a Republic based on the federal principle, which is an outstanding contribution of the founders of this great Republic. In a vast country like India, as in this great Republic, of the United States, it becomes necessary to have a delicate balance between central control and state autonomy. We have placed in the forefront of our Constitution those fundamental human rights to which all men who love liberty, equality and progress aspire—the freedom of the individual, the equality of men and the rule of law.

ROOTS OF DEMOCRACY

"We enter therefore the community of free nations with the roots of democracy deeply embedded in our institutions, as well as in the thoughts of our people.

"We have achieved political freedom, but revolution is not yet complete and is still in progress, for political freedom without the assurance to the right to live and to pursue happiness, which economic progress alone can bring, can never satisfy a people. Therefore, our immediate task is to raise the living standards of our people, to remove all that comes in the way of the economic growth of the nation. We have tackled the major problem of India, as it is today the major problem of Asia, the agrarian problem. Much that was feudal in our system of land tenure is being changed so that the fruits of cultivation should go to the tiller of the soil and he should be secure in the possession of the land that he cultivates.

"In a country of which agriculture is still the principal industry, this reform is essential not only to the well-being and contentment of the individual, but also to the stability of society. One of the main causes of social instability in many parts of the world, and more especially in Asia, is agrarian discontent due to the continuance of systems of land tenure which are completely out of place in the modern world. Another, and this is also true of the greater part of Asia and Africa, is the low standard of living of the masses.

INDUSTRIALLY DEVELOPED

"India is industrially more developed than many less fortunate countries, and is reckoned as the seventh or eighth among the world's industrial nations. But this arithmetical distinction cannot conceal the poverty of the great majority of our people. To remove this poverty by greater production, more equitable distribution, better education and better health is the paramount problem and the most pressing task before us and we are determined to accomplish it. We realise that self-help is the first condition of success for a nation no less than for an individual.

"We are conscious that ours must be the primary effort, and we shall seek succour from none to escape from any part of our responsibility. is great, its conversion into finished wealth will need much mechanical and technological aid. We shall therefore gladly welcome such aid and co-operation on terms which are of mutual benefit. We believe that this may well help in the larger solution of th eproblems that confront the world. But we do not seek any material advantage in exchange for any part of our hard-won freedom.

"The objectives of our foreign policy are the preservation of world peace and the enlargement of human freedom. Two tragic wars have demonstrated the futility of warfare. Victory, without the will to peace, achieves no lasting result and victor and vanquished alike suffer from past wounds, deep and grievous, and a common fear of the future. May I venture to say that this is not an incorrect description of the world of today. It is not flattering either to man's reason or to our common humanity. Must this unhappy state persist and the power of science and wealth continue to be harnessed to the service of destruction? Every nation, great or small, has to answer this question, and the greater a nation, the greater is its responsibility to find and to work for the right answer.

"India may be new to world politics, and her military strength insignificant by comparison with that of the giants of our epoch. But India is old in thought and experience and has travelled through trackless centuries in the adventure of life. Throughout her long history, she has stood for peace and every prayer that an Indian raises ends with an invocation to peace. It was out of this ancient and yet young India that arose Mahatma Gandhi and he taught us a technique of action which was peaceful, and yet it was effective and yielded results which led us not only to freedom but to friendship with those with whom we were till yesterday in conflict.

THE ONLY METHOD

"How far can that principle be applied to wider spheres of action? I do not know. For circumstances differ and the mean to prevent evil have to be shaped and set to the nature of the evil. Yet I have no doubt that the basic approach which lay behind that technique of action was the right approach in human affairs and the only approach that ultimately solves a problem satisfactorily. We have to achieve freedom and to defend it. We have to meet aggression and to resist it and the force employed must be adequate to the purpose.

"But even when preparing to resist aggression, the ultimate objective, the objective of peace and reconciliation, must never be lost sight of, and heart and mind must be attuned to this supreme aim, and not swayed or clouded by hatred or fear.

"This is the basis and the goal of our foreign policy. We are neither blind to reality nor do we propose to acquiesce in any challenge to man's freedom, from whatever quarter it may come.

"Where freedom is menaced, or justice threatened, or where aggression takes place, we cannot be and shall not be neutral. What we plead for, and endeavour to practice in our own imperfect way, is a binding faith in peace, and an unfailing endeavour of thought and action to ensure it. The great democracy of the United States of America will, I feel sure, understand and appreciate our approach to life's problems, because it could not have any other aim on a different ideal. Friendship and co-operation between our two countries are, therefore, natural. I stand here to offer both in the pursuit of justice, liberty and peace."

'Very Charming' People

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13 (UPI). PRESIDENT TRUMAN, who received Pandit Nehru at the nation airport on Tuesday afternoon, and entertained him at a State Dinner on Tuesday night, said that he found the Prime Minister, his daughter and his sister, the Indian Ambassador, very charming people to whom he had enjoyed talking. The President spoke of Pandit Nehru as a "very agreeable gentleman" and said his stay at Blair House was "a very pleasant occasion."

Stop Press

NEHRU IN STATE DEPT.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13 (PTI-Reuter).—Prime Minister Pandit Nehru arrived at the State Department at 20.25 G.M.T. (1.55 A.M. I.S.T.) to meet the Secretary of State Mr. Dean Acheson.

Pandit Nehru, who arrived at the Department's seven-storey modern building during a slight rain shower, entered Mr. Acheson's office smiling. He came directly to the Department from a luncheon given in his honour by Congressional leaders.

RUSH IN SURAT

SURAT, Oct. 13 (PTI).—People in Surat started rushing to buy salt and matches this evening and long queues were standing before shops. In some localities, grocers said they had no stock of salt.

TRUMAN'S TRIBUTE TO NEHRU

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13, (PTI-Reuter): President Truman at his press conference today described Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru of India as a fine public servant.

SLOW DOWN PROHIBITION

Cut Motion In Bombay Assembly

POONA, Oct. 13, (PTI): What was described as the "break-neck speed" of prohibition enforcement in Bombay Province was today criticised in the Bombay Legislative Assembly by Socialist members of the House.

The discussion arose out of a cut motion moved by Mr. Peter Alvares (Socialist) to the demand under Provincial Excise to discuss the expenditure on prohibition in the merged areas of the Province.

Prefacing his speech with the remark that he was on ardent believer in prohibition, Mr. Alvares said prohibition had raised the question of expenditure on prohibition in the context of the economic crisis in the country.

He asked if it would not be advisible to slow down the policy of prohibition at this time of financial crisis and in view of the board hints thrown by the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru even on the floor of the House.

EXPLANATION

After Mr. G. W. Momin and a number of Congressmen had opposed the cut motion, Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Public Health, intervened to explain the Government's point of view.

Dr. Gilder said that when the Provincial Government enforced prohibition in 1937, they found that the greatest defficulty in making the programme a success was the border area between the dry and wet areas. If they were slow in enforcing prohibition in the merged areas, it would only help to create a boderline which would militate against the success of the prohibition policy enforced in the Province. Besides, the expense to be incurred in guarding the border areas would be much more than the expenses to be incurred in maintaining excise establishment in the merged areas.

Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas (Socialist) supported the cut motion while Mr. G. H. Despande (Congress) and Mr. F. B. Dabhi (Congress) opposed it.

The discussion on the cut motion will be resumed tomorrow.

Sugar Distribution In Poona

POONA, Oct. 13 (UPI)—Two thousand and fortynine bags of sugar obtained from Messrs. Walchand Bros. will be distributed in Poona from Oct. 15. Every ration-card holder will get one fourth seer of sugar, says an announcement by the rationing authority here.

The announcement says that this is "equal distribution and not rationing of sugar". The sugar will be avalable for 13-1|2 annas per seer, excluding sales charges.

P.M. SEES GREAT PAINTINGS

Pandit Nehru began his third day's programme in Washington with a visit to the National Art Gallery where he spent about one hour.

Pandit Nehru was accompanied by Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi, Indian Ambassador, and Mrs. Indira Gandhi, his daughter.

Pandit Nehru showed great interest in the Italian paintings. He stood for a long time in front of Viovanni Sellini's "Feast of the Gods".

The eighteenth century American school of painting also attracted Pandit Nehru's attention, particularly the painting of "George Washington's Family" by Edward Savage, painted from life in 1796.

Other paintings which particularly drew Pt. Nehru's attention were: "A Turk" by Rembrandt van Ryn and a self portrait by the same painter, and "A Girl and her Duenna" by Bartolone Murello.

After spending one hour at the gallery Pandit Nehru left for the House of Representatives.

Mr. MacGill James, Assistant Director of the National Gallery, which is one of America's finest, later told reporters Pandit Nehru had shown both knowledge and appreciation of the exhibits and appeared to know the points about the world's great paintings.

sued and visitors who attempted to enter were turned away by police on duty around the building.

Pandit Nehru was met by a committee and escorted to the room of the Speaker of the House Mr. Sam Rayburn, where he received the official greetings of the House leaders.

Mr. Rayburn escorted the Prime Minister to the Rostrum of the House where the entire membership was assembled.

INTRODUCTION

The Speaker introduced Pandit Nehru, who was accompanied by ten members of his party. The Indian leader spoke for about a quarter of an hour.

The ceremony in the Senate was similar to that in the House.

As is customary when high foreign official visits Washington, both Houses had passed resolutions inviting Pandit Nehru t oaddress them. Only statesmen of the highest rank received the honour of addressing Congress.

The original intenton was to have India's Prime Minister address a joint session of the Senate and House, but he had to make two addresses because both chambers are meeting in temporary quarters.

After his Senate address, Pandit Nehru was the guest of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee at a lunch in the Senate restaurant. Senator Tom Connally, the Committee Chairman, presided.

Washington En Fete

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13, (PTI-Reuter): America's capital city of Washington was en fete today as the climax was reached of Pandit Nehru's visit to the United States.

In cool weather under threatening autumn skies, the Prime Minister carried out one of the fullest days of his American programme.

The highlights of his day's activities were addresses before the House of Representatives and the Senate.

Pandit Nehru addressed members of the House in their cramped temporary chamber in the Ways and Means Committee Room in the new House office building across from the Legislative building.

The House chamber is being repaired. The new office building is a classical marble columned edifice of massive proportions.

There is no room for the public in the chamber. Special passes were is-

FIRING IN BOMBAY

(Continued from page 1)

greeted with violent demonstrations and the crowd became increasingly uncontrollable.

At this stage, the armed police fired in the air warning the crowd to disperse peacefully. But, when this also was ineffective, the police are reported to have fired at the people.

COMMUNIQUE

A communique issued at 4 p.m. by the Director of Publicity said:—

At about noon today one of the 4,000 workmen of the Matunga Railway Workshop who were passing through Matunga Bazar during the recess time, made enquiries at a grocery shop about salt and matches and picked up a quarrel in which the rest of the crowd joined. Three constables, who came there on seeing the crowd, tried to disperse it but it refused to do so. An armed police party had, therefore, to be called in.

On seeing the party, the workers began throwing stones at the party and running towards the workshop compound. Finding the situation getting out of control, the party had to open fire as a result of which five persons were injured. In all thirteen rounds were fired.

The public of Bombay is requested to note that there is no truth whatever in the story of shortage of salt and matches. The apparent shortage is an artificial one caused by a rush of the people on the shops and purchases made by them beyond their requirements. Actually, plenty of stocks of salt and matches is available in Bombay.

Mr. P. R. Singh, General Secretary, G.I.P. Railway Mazdoor Panchayat in a statement says:—

"The actual quarrel took place at a grocery shop outside the Railway premises at about 11-50 a.m. when the Railway workers were inside the Workshops. By the time the armed police arrived it was already to o clock and the workme nwere coming out in thousands for their lunch.

"The police went up the overbridge fired 13 rounds injuring ten men—some in the workmen's tiffin shed and one in the workshop itself. Three of these men are in a serious condition."

By evening, though the demand for matches had considerably abated, and salt had again emerged from the underground, some shops in Northern Bombay had been already broken into and looted, after a liberal pelting with stones. The incidents are reported to have occurred at Ranade Road, Lady Jameshedji Road and Gokhale Road North.

Armed police in jeeps, posted all over Bombay, are patrolling the city. Police Bandobust in the lanes and bylanes is specially thorough.

EARLIER

Earlier in the day, salt and matches, suddenly disappeared from the shops of Bombay, following the way of sugar. There was a literal stampede for these commodities from the early hours of the morning from one end of Bombay to another.

The panic started on Wednesay evening, and thousands of Bombay people who were yet bitter with the memory of the sugar famine, feared that salt would follow, suit; matches also. They feared that if a real matches' famine set in, there would be no cooking at home an consequently no food to eat. Chronic smokers also added to the confusion by queuing up for matches to light the "comforting weed", and bought matches by the dozen, when formerly they never bought more than one at a time.

The agents of a matches' Manufacturing Concern at Crawford Market, said that there were unlimited stocks of matches at their disposal. They were prepared to meet any demand of any size; only they wanted the public to behave peacefully.

Within four hours after opening their concerns in the morning, they had sold at Crawford Market and Null Bazaar alone 4,500 gross of match boxes. Normally they did not sell within this short period more than 500 gross. It may be mentioned that one gross is equal to 144 match boxes. The total sale of match boxes between eight to twelve in the morning was 6,48,000.

QUEUES

Unending queues were seen at Dana Bunder and at Null Bazaar, the the two salt-selling centres of Bombay There were innumerable queues at all grocers' shops all over Bombay, and the police had to be despatched to many places to prevent untoward incidents.

Small shopkeepers sold salt upto noon today at fantastic prices ranging from annas ten a Paylee for black, impure, rock salt to Rs. one-eight and more for the better varieties. White salt was practically vanished. Inside Crawford Market one dealer was selling a vile and obnoxious variety of salt at ten annas a Paylee. Despite his slogan of "Take it or leave it", he did a brisk trade. He admitted in reply to a question that the stuff which he was selling, would be reduced by about 50 per cent, after purification.

RUSH

From Colaba to Mahim shops, there was a rush last night and this morning. Minor trouble occurred, at Mazagaon near Matharpakadi, Girgaum, Dadar, Dhobi Talao and many other places, wherever people had queued up and had to go away empty-handed. Turbulent-looking crowds were seen at D'Lisle Road, Parel and other labour areas this morning, clamouring for salt, matches and sugar.

Sugar Is Dear!

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A CITY typist paid yesterday Rs. 8 for one pound of sugar. He nearly lost his job for it.

From Dadar to Pydhonie, he trekked and waited patiently in a queue for four hours. At noon he got his pound of sugar.

When he went to office later, his bosses told him, they had marked him absent, and would cut Rs. 7/8 from his salary, for one day's absence.

Ample Stocks

A press note says: The Government of Bombay regrets to note that an unnecessary scare has been created regarding the salt position in Bombay City. The Government would like to assure the public that there is no justification whatsoever for this scare, which appears to have been engineered by certain anti-social elements.

Apart from the quantities already held by the trade, there are over 45 lakh maunds available on the salt works within easy reach of Bombay. An equal quantity is available in the other producing areas in the Province. It is clear, therefore, that the total stocks are more than ample to meet the normal requirements both in the City as well as in the rest of the Province. The public, therefore, need have no apprehensions whatever regarding the shortage of salt.

ARRANGEMENTS

In the view of the recent scare however, the Government is making arrangements for the supply of salt through Government grain shops and co-operative societies. The distribution of salt through these agencies will commence on Saturday, October 15. Salt will be sold at four and a half annas per paylee. The co-operative societies who desire supplies of this commodity are requested to contact the Bombay Salt Merchants and Shilotri Associations 583, Cheera Bazar, Bombay.

With a view to accelerating the supply of salt from the works to the consuming centres, the Deputy Controller of Salt has already relaxed certain existing restrictions regarding check-weighment and other formalities.

SALT PANIC IN NAGPUR TOO

NAGPUR, Oct. 13 (UPI): While people have not yet recovered from the shock of sugar famine, they appear to be confronted with the sudden and unexpected increase in the price of salt which went up from Rs. 6 per maund to Rs. 9 per maund, yesterday.

There was a stampede in the grocers' shops. People running to the shops and making purchases out of panic created some rumours.

BIHAR DETENUS' APPLICATION

Federal Court Reserves Judgment

NEW DELHI, Oct. 13, (P. T. I.): The hearing in the appeals to the Federal Court by 13 Bihar detenus challenging the Bihar Public Safety and Maintenance of Order Ordinance, 1949 against the decision of the Patna High Court was concluded today. The Federal Court reserved judgment.

LAST ARMY COMMANDER LEAVES CANTON

HONG KONG, Oct. 13, (PTI-Reuter): General Li Chi San, Canton garrison Commander and the last high-ranking Nationalist military officer in the city, left Canton in a requisitioned ship tonight, according to a Chinese report reaching here.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON (DECEMBER)

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.

Previous Closing	29.76
Today's Opening	29.75
Difference	—1
Today's Closing	29.65
Difference	—11

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

	Rs. As.
Silver Kartak	166 10
Gold Kartak	110 8
Silver Bullion	166 10
Silver Mint	166 14
Gold Forward	116 0
Sovereign	75 4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper mining dol. 28-1/2.

General Motors unquoted.

United States Steel Common dol. 24-1/4.

United States Steel Preference unquoted.—(PTI-Reuter).

R

The Government of Bombay has revised the prices of certain products of Messrs Parke Davis and Company and Messrs Ciba Pharma Limited specified in the Schedule to the Bombay Drugs Control Order, 1949. An order amending the Schedule has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette, Part I Extraordinary dated 11th October, 1949. Copies of the order can be obtained from the Government Book Depot, Charni Road, Bombay.

LLOYDS BANK LIMITED

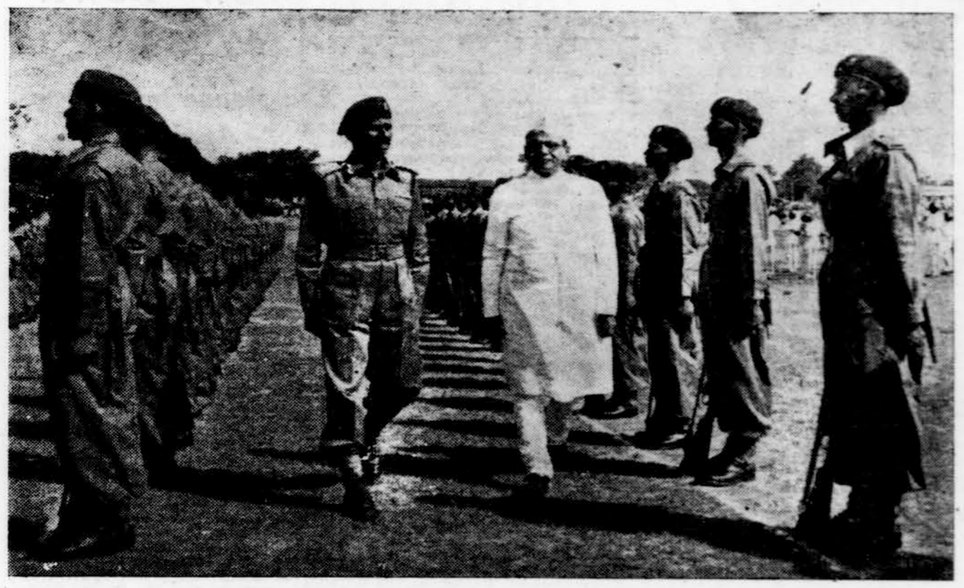
Subscribed Capital £ 73,302,076

Paid-up Capital £ 15,810,252

Reserve Fund £ 13,800,000

Let LLOYDS BANK look after YOUR interests

Territorial Army was formally launched with a spectacular military display on Goli Bar maidan in Poona. Mr. B. G. Kher Premier of Bombay presided over the show which was witnessed by over 25,000 people. (left) a leap across a burning ring. (right) Instructors and trainees of the Army School of Physical Training gave an impressive physical training demonstration.



Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay inspecting the parade of a detachment of the Kumaon Regiment.

Our Second Line Of Defence

A SHERMAN TANK IN ACTION CLEARING THE MINE FIELD.

GOOD RESPONSE TO RECRUITMENT DRIVE

POONA, October 13.

RECRUITMENT to the Territorial Army is in full swing throughout the country for the last three weeks. Reports received from various centres indicate that public response to join the Territorial Army has been most gratifying.

With a view to familiarize the people with full details of the terms and conditions of service in the Territorial Army, launching ceremonies were held at important centres throughout the country. In New Delhi the Governor-General himself inaugurated the Territorial Army in front of the historic Red Fort.

In his characteristic speech, he emphasised that the Kshatriya caste had been abolished in India by common consent long ago. Everyone must now be a Kshatriya in spirit, willing and trained and equipped, to serve as a soldier when an emergency arose.

PERNICIOUS THEORY

The pernicious British theory of classifying the people of India into martial and non-martial classes already stands self-condemned and exploded. The last war proved if any proofs were needed, that in modern warfare where much technical skill and mechanical aptitude were needed, the division of people into martial and non-martial classes was meaningless.

Government's decision to raise a Territorial Army spread evenly throughout the country to serve as a second line of defence is a welcome opportunity for those living in the hitherto non-martial areas. The fanfare of inaugural ceremonies heralding its creation was mainly intended to provide for the people, especially in South India and Bengal, an opportunity to have a glimpse at the Armed Forces in action.

In Poona Mr. B. G. Kher Premier of Bombay on Sunday last inaugurated the Territorial Army. He was received by Lieut.-General Maharaj Shri Rajendrasinhji, DSO, GOC-in-C, Southern Command, and Brig D. A. Surve, Sub-Area Commander, Poona. After inspecting the parade, the Premier addressed the vast gathering, which was estimated at over 25,000.

He said that both in war and emergency the Territorial Army would relieve the regular forces of internal security commitments. The Territorial Army was open to young men from all walks of life between the age of 18 and 35. The training provided was interesting but not strenuous.

SOLDIER CITIZEN

It was designed to equip a person not only to be a good soldier but also to be a good citizen. The training was also spread in such a way that it would easily be taken in one's leisure, without much effort. The Territorial Army, he emphasised, afforded the much needed opportunity to every person, from an unskilled labourer to a highly trained technician to have his share in making his country's freedom secure and to guard it against aggression.

Addressing himself to the people of Maharashtra, Mr. Kher declared: "Maharashtra, particularly, had a very high reputation to maintain. Our soldiers had been in the forefront in all theatres of war and had given an account of themselves of which all of us could rightly be proud. It was now for the younger generation to carry on the excellent traditions laid down by our soldiers."

There was a two-hour programme of army display, which included such interesting items as erecting of a Baily Bridge, flail Sherman Tank clearing mine fields, assembling of a jeep, the erection of a scissors bridge for tank crossing, and an Infantry platoon in attack supported by flame-throwers. Most popular item School of demonstration by the Army School of Physical Training which was repeatedly cheered by the vast audience.

BLACK-OUT IN DACCA

Coal Shortage And Electricity Cut

DACCA, Oct. 11 (PTI-Reuter): As a result of a "drastic reduction" in the use of electricity ordered by the District Magistrate, the city of Dacca is experiencing every night a "black out" reminiscent of wartime days. Almost all the cinema houses remain closed for the evening show, only one or two working on their own power generating plants.

"Coal shortage" is believed to the cause of this order of reduction in the use of electric energy. The local Electric Supply Company, it is stated, has not been able to import any coal from India, following Pakistan's decision not to devalue her currency, as the Government of India have prohibited export of coal on any private account.

CONFIDENCE VOTE FOR E. GERMAN PREMIER

BERLIN, Oct. 12. (PTI-Reuter): Herr Otto Grotewohl, Premier of the new Soviet-sponsored East German Government, tonight received a unanimous vote of confidence from the Lower House (Volkskammer) for himself and the 17-Minister Cabinet which he presented today.

The Prime Minister, who is also Co-Chairman of the Communist Socialist Unity Party (S.E.D.), has given seven Cabinet posts to members of the S.E.D. four to Soviet zone Christian Democrats, three to Liberal Democrats and one each to the National Democrats and the Peasants Party.

Dinner In Honour Of Kotah Maharao

THE HAGUE, Oct. 12. (PTI-Reuter): Dr. M. S. Mehta, Indian Ambassador to the Netherlands, gave a dinner tonight in honour of the Maharao of Kotah who is on a short visit to Holland.

The guests included Sir Philip Nichols, the British Ambassador and Lady Nichols; Dr. Mohammed Hatta, Republican Premier; Sultan Hamid, Leader of the Federalist Indonesians; M. Iskander El Wahhaby Bey, Egyptian Minister; M. Zeki Polar, Turkish Minister, and Dutch Minister of Reconstruction.

INDIAN TEXTILES FOR INDONESIA

Approach To Be Made

BATAVIA, Oct. 12 (PTI)—The Republican Minister for Supplies, Dr. Laoh, stated that he is thinking of approaching India for textile stores for the people and the supply of badly needed uniforms for the Republican Army.

Under a recent agreement between the Republicans and the Dutch, it had been agreed that the latter would provide 100,000 uniforms for the Republican Army as soon as possible, Mr. Laoh stated. This was, however, not sufficient. The Army needed at least 150,000 uniforms more forthwith.

U. P. TO CUT EXPENSES

Economy Drive

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 12.

The provincial cabinet has reported to have discussed economy measures and it is likely that Government may reduce their expenditure by as much as Rs. 6 crores. Out of this one crore may be recurring expenditure and the rest non-recurring. Government is apparently compelled by logic of events to reduce expenditure following the devaluaton of the rupee and the lead given by Centre in economy measures. But it is felt that these small cuts in central or provincial expenditure are mere drops in the ocean in view of the fact that the assets of the Government of India and provincial Governments are fast vanishing owing to reckless expenditure. In U.P. Government has to pay huge amounts to zamindars as compensation while the Zamindari Abolition Fund is not making satisfactory progress. The initial enthusiasm among tenants has considerably waned owing to the indecisive and vacillating policy of the Government regarding the rights of tenants who have to pay ten times the amount of rent. The Socialists have been creating much trouble for Government over the compensation issue which excited the Premier in uttering a serious warning to the tenants against their propaganda. But if Zamindari Abolition Fund, proves a flop the Government themselves will be mainly responsible for it. At a cabinet meeting held recently the utility of Information Director and the bloated expenditure incurred on it appear to have been questioned and this department may be heavily retrenched.

DADOO RETURNS TO S. AFRICA

JOHANNESBURG, October 12 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The President of the Transvaal Indian Congress, Dr. Y. M. Dadoo, returned here by air today from India, after a year overseas.

He also visited Pakistan, Britain and other European countries.

He told reporters, "I firmly believe that in emplaining to the outside world the implications of the racial and anti-democratic policy of the Malan Government, I have rendered useful service to the cause of South Africa and its 11,000,000 inhabitants".

TIME FOR ATOMIC DEFENCE HAS COME

U.S. Army Chief's Plans

AKRON (Ohio), Oct. 13 (PTI-Reuter)—Russia's atomic explosion set off the second phase of the United States orderly timetable of preparations for atomic defence", General Omar Bradley, Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, said here last night.

General Bradley said that like a plan for mobilisation in case of attack, the timetable was tied to a day in the future when a specific event should occur.

"That day has arrived—Red Atom Day—and our programme to provide for defence in this second phase is already well under way" the General added.

General Bradley said his staff had had now made estimates of the time when Russia could have enough atomic bombs "to influence the outcome of a modern war", but he did not disclose the estimate.

"If our pleas for control of atomic energy are not met with honest agreement then the blow may strike at the heart of industrial America.

'If that is the case, we may have to invest our funds in anti-aircraft guided missiles, necessary radar screen for Canada and the United States and the Arctic, and the necessary fighter interceptor squadrons to dispel long-range bombardment attack."

HEAVY FALL IN RAW JUTE PRICES

DACCA, Oct. 11 (PTI-Reuter): The stalemate in the jute market in East Bengal, which has been in evidende since Pakistan's decision not to devalue its currency still continues. The "kutcha" balers, who supply raw jute to Indian jute mills are completely idle. There is no appreciable activity on the part of "pucca" balers for exporting overseas. As a result, the price of raw jute, which was ruling more tnan Rs. 30 per maund has now come down to Rs. 15 per maund in many of the jute centres.

Reports from rural areas indicate that there has been "distress selling" of small quantities of the jute by needy cultivators to some middlemen at a rate varying from Rs. 12 to Rs. 15 per maund.

ON 7th OCTOBER 1949
K·L·M
ROYAL DUTCH AIRLINES
COMMEMORATE THEIR
30th ANNIVERSARY

Don't miss the
ANNIVERSARY COMPETITION
with 3 Return Trips* and
100 Consolation Prizes

Articles on K.L.M. appearing in the Indian air journals and the press during September-October will give you a clue to the first three questions. We wish you luck in guessing the correct answer to our fourth question.

QUESTIONS

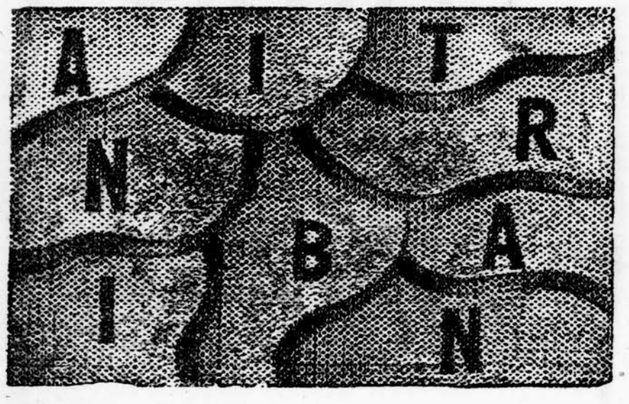
1. When and on what route did K.L.M. inaugurate their regular air service — the world's oldest?
2. In what year did K.L.M. establish what became the first regular air service from Europe across this subcontinent?
3. In what type of aircraft and in what time did K.L.M. win the Melbourne Handicap Race?
4. What is your estimate of the total number of passengers carried by K.L.M. in the 'area of India and Pakistan during this Company's 30th Anniversary month of October 1949?

Entries will be accepted free.
Closing Date 31st October 1949.

Entries to be sent on ordinary letter paper or on printed forms available from any accredited Travel Agent, to any of the following General Agents:

(1) Messrs. Jan Bangal Line, 5—7 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta. (2) Messrs. Volkart Brothers, McLeod Road, Karachi. (3) Messrs. Indian National Airways, Malhotra Building, Queensway, New Delhi. (4) Messrs. Trading Co., (Late Hegt & Co., Ltd.) Taj Mahal Hotel, Sea Face, Bombay.

*Terms



Take two "A"s, take a "B";
Take two "I"s, take a "T";
Take two "N"s, take an "R";
Take the lot and there you are.
Now take the riddle and solve it:
just name your favourite biscuit.

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Is The West Returning To Liberalism?

(Continued from page 6)

elections of August 14, have furnished it. With 52 of 402 seats in the new Federal Parliament, its third-largest group, the Liberal Party is the only one of the Parties originally licensed, has made progress since the 1946-47 elections to the Diets of the eleven Laender. It has increased its share by just 40 per cent. while the Christian Democrats lost 17 per cent. and the Socialists 14 per cent., and the Centre 16 per cent. and the Communists more than 60 per cent. of the share they had held in consequence of these earlier elections. The electorate increased by more than 10 to 32 million, gave 55 mandates to new groups and independent candidates; all the more remarkable is the absolute and relative success of the Liberals.

It may be risky to draw conclusions from this overall picture of the Continent, as to what will hapnen in Britain. It may be that longer and more cruel experience with regimentation, direction and lack of individual liberty accelerated elsewhere a process hampered in this country frequently by the phrase: "I am a Liberal, but I don't want to see my vote wasted." Which, in effect, leads to one potential Liberal voting Conservative, the second Labour, according to what each considers the lesser evil; and thus the two of them cancelling each other out.

In any case it seems to me that the re-awakening of Liberalism is, simultaneously, the turning back of the citizen from tub-thumping demagogy to real parliamentary democracy. For, in the last instance, true, non-doctrinaire Liberalism with its exacting demands upon, and regard for, the individual, his rights and his duties is the true expression of democracy.

INDIA TRAINING PERSONNEL FOR THE BRITISH

U. S. Educationist's Impression Of Our Universities

MIAMI, (Florida), Oct. 12 (PTI-Reuter)—India should "Indianise" her educational system to make it fit the needs of the new India, said Dr. John J. Tigert, one of two American memberes of a mission making a ten months survey in that country.

Dr. Tigert is a former United States Commissioner of Education, a Rhodes scholar and for 19 years until his retirement last year was President of the University of Florida.

He and Dr. Arthur E. Morgan, President of Antioch College in Ohio, served with one English and seven Indian educators to survey India's schooling system.

The principal efforts in the 22 Indian Universities he visited appears to "have been in the traning of personnel for the British administration", he reported. "My recommendation would be a sharp revision and a training of Indian University students in the use of ther own land and other resources, the development of their own manufacturing.

"In many respects, India's Universities of 1,500 years ago were greater tan those of recent years. In the fifth century philosophers and other scholars were drawn there to teach.

In that century the University of Nalanda, run by the Buddhists had 8,500 students and 1,500 instructors. That is a better ratio than some of our good American Universities have today.

REBEL JEEP SHOT AT FROM AIR

RANGOON, Oct. 12 (UPI)—An Oxford B.A.F. plane piloted by Wing-Commander Selwyn Khin Machine-gunned a jeep carrying KNDO officers in the Shan States and as a result, the army claimed, Lt-Col. Saw Jame and Lt.-Col. Michael were killed. Another KNDO Captain was also killed but his identity had not been traced.

Another B.A.F. plane claimed to have hit a KNDO ammunition dump at the north end of the town of Taunggyi, there was a loud explosion immediately after the machine-gunning.

NO CUT IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Oct. 12 (PTI).—Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja, Premier of Madras indicated today there would not be any cut in the salaries of Mnisters or the employees of the Provincial Government as in the Centre.

The only way by which the Government could economise their expenditure, he said, was to defer new development schemes and proposals like construction of buildings for medical and engineering colleges and other Government purposes.

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NEHRU OVERWHELMED BY AMERICA'S GOODWILL

Acheson Greets The "Scholar In Politics"

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13 (PTI).

PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU was the guest of honour at a State Dinner last night given by Secretary of State Dean Acheson and Mrs. Acheson at Anderson House, cables the PTI correspondent.

It was a brilliant function attended by the Cabinet Ministers and some of the topmost personalities in Washington.

Mr. Dean Acheson, proposing a toast to Pandit Nehru, said that the Prime Minister of India was a scholar in politics who understood the art of Government. Mr. Acheson said that when he was a boy, (he referred to the days of President Woodrow Wilson) a phrased that echoed around was "scholar in politics." Somehow, the idea of scholarship in politics did not appeal to many, Mr. Acheson said, but it was "abrutly settled" when President Wilson was elected later and became one of the greatest Presidents of the United States.

"As I was thinking, I thought one of the things I would like to witness was a conversation between President Truman and Pandit Nehru" said Mr Acheson.

Mr. Dean Acheson then said that he wished still more to hear a conversation between Thomas Jefferson, Woodrow Wilson, and "our distinguished guest."

Although the three scholars would be separated by a century or more, he would like to hear such a conversation as an invisible spectator.

THE BEST OF THEM

But the conversation he would like to hear most of all, Mr. Acheson said, would be one between Lincoln and Nehru.

(Abraham Lincoln was the President who prevented the division of the country and gave freedom to the Negroes).

Although the two might have slight difficulties over the phraseologies of the two different periods, Mr. Acheson had no doubt that they would soon settle down to a perfect understanding and the things they would say could "reach the very depths of the human spirit and human mind."

Describing Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru as a man who had changed the whole course of living in his own country, Mr. Acheson said, Pandit Nehru was not afraid of the word "politics" and had "a vibrant understanding of human feelings."

A COMPARISON

Paying a tribute to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's spirit in the conduct of public affairs, the U.S. Secretary of State compared him to General Andrew Jackson, a military hero, who was known for his indomitable spirit and was nicknamed "Hickory", symbolising the hard core of the hickory tree.

As Pandit Nehru, dressed in a "churidar", white Sherwani and Gandhi cap, rose to speak, the whole company rose spontaneously and stood up for nearly a minute.

EXCITED AND ANXIOUS

Pandit Nehru said that when the question of his coming to the United States arose he had been greatly excited and also a little bit anxious.

"I always had much love for this great country and I have been an admirer of your leaders since my boyhood. Some of them have been my heroes," he said.

So when the chance came of visitng the United States, he was excited about coming here and meeting some of the leading personalities in the country.

He was also a little alarmed at the prospect, he said. He was not used to speech-making early in his career. The kind of audiences he had normally addressed were simple folks "and simple folks do not find too much fault with what you say."

As the numbers of his audiences grew, he attained greater confidence, he said, "but shyness returns to me on occasions like this", and when things of the kind that Mr. Acheson has said are mentioned "it makes me still more alarmed and embarrassed."

As for scholarship, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said, he did not lay claim to a great deal of it.

A MISFORTUNE

"Unfortunately for me, I had long periods of self-education. I had the peculiar misfortune of spending a large number of years in prison."

That period, Pandit Nehru said, was a significant and profitable period of his life. It had led him not only to reading a great deal, but also to much thinking. It was during this period that he used to practice standing on his head for relief both for the body and the mind. It had enabled him to face life's problems without too much education.

No state in the world, Pandit Nehru said, could be without blemish. India was a very old country and age had for any country advantages and disadvantages. It was easy to pick out good things and bad things and India had both qualities.

For example, the city of Banaras, one of the oldest in the world, where Buddha preached 2,500 years ago, had both its good and bad points to any visitor.

The United States was a country much younger in years. It had aspects from which it would be easy to pick out things one liked or disliked. It depended on one's friendly feelings whether one saw good or bad in any country. That, said Pandit Nehru, had been his whole background.

FRIENDLY EYE

"I have come here not with a blind eye, but with a friendly eye and a friendly outlook," Pandit Nehru said. "I have come here with a sincere desire to learn.

"I feel rather overwhelmed by the kindness and friendship I have met with since I arrived. By the time I finish, I am afraid I shall be in a state of collapse from the amount of goodwill and friendship that I shall have received here. I thank you very much for all your goodwill."

After the dinner, the guests went out on the lawns of Anderson House where the banquet was held. Pandit Nehru talked for some time with several of the guests and then left for the Indian Embassy where he is staying.

The dinner was marked by a spirit of great cordiality and many guests described it as one of the most unique functions held in Washington for a long time.

R.S.S. SHOWS TEETH

Attempt To Assault Govind Sahai

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 13.

A report from Aligarh received here says that Mr. Govind Sahai, Parliamentary Secretary to the U. P. Government, who has been carrying on an agitation against the "soft" policy of the Congress towards the R.S.S., narrowly escaped a severe beating.

He was addressing a meeting in Dharansamaj College, Aligarh, when a gang of R.S.S. men attempted to assault him and threw dust at him. Luckily, thanks to the presence of the District Magistrate and many policemen in plain clothes, they could not do much mischief.

After Mr. Sahai left the meeting, some students approached him ostensibly for getting autographs, while a few others started pushing him and threw dust at him. But he escaped without any hurt.

During the meeting, Mr. Sahai had condemned the R.S.S. mentality describing it as fascist. He asked students to ask him questions on the subject, but none were put.

It may be noted that the Parliamentary Secretary is the most vocal critic of the R.S.S. in the U. P. Government.

BNR Accident

(Continued from page 1)

the derailment, Mr. A. C. Bysack, a retired Government engineer of Calcutta, a passenger on the ill-fated train, told the Press Trust of India he was sitting on his berth when the accident occurred. "I heard loud rumbling sound and felt as if my coach was going down. Before I could realise what actually had happened I was thrown off my berth by a terrific jerk" he said.

Mr. Bysack said that during the next few moment he heard a rattling noise and everything seemed to be shaking violently resulting in a smashing crash. Shrieks and cries for help were heard all around. He himself received minor injuries in the face and arms and was helped out of the derailed coach. He said he saw the engine, the brake van, two upper class coaches, two ladies compartments and three class III coaches toppling over. The third coach from the engine, meant for long distance passengers, appeared to have been badly damaged.

Mr. Bysack said that he found two dead bodies on the spot. Two others, gasping in the relief train, died a little after.

The railway men and the people of the locality rendered all possible help to the injured. He was given first aid on the spot and was later treated at the Kharagpur hospital. He returned to calcutta by the Down Bombay Mail in the afternoon.

Three of the coaches in the rearmost part of the train were on the track and these were later used in the relief train in which the injured were removed to hospital.

A press note issued by the G.I.P. Railway here today said: "At 22-35 hours on the night of 12th inst., The Bombay bound Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) derailed five miles beyond Kharagpur. One brake and Class III bogie was capsized while two class III bogies derailed, capsized and telescoped. The fourth carriage from the engine which was an upper class bogie telescoped into the rear of the last class III bogie. The fifth and sixth carriages which were upper class bogies were also derailed. The cause of the accident is unknown.

"Four passengers are reported to be dead and 30 injured. The G. I. P. railway authorities are in contact with Calcutta to ascertain further details regarding the names of those killed and injured. The Bengal Nagpur Railway expect to clear the track by 18-00 hours this evening. A duplicate train is being run by the B. N. Railway from Kharagpur via Adra and Chakradarpur and it is expected to run 14 hours late in addition the G.I.P. Railway will run a duplicate Bombay Mail from Nagpur to the advertised timings.

"The Bombay-Calcutta Mail which left Bombay at 19-00 hours on the 12th inst. is expected to go through by the direct route."

STABILISING JAVA CEASE-FIRE

Dutch-Indonesian Talks Under U. N. Auspices

BATAVIA, Oct. 13 (PTI)—Indonesian Republican and Netherlands representatives are due to meet here tomorrow, under the auspices of the United Nations Commission on Indonesia, for what is regarded as a final attempt to stabilise the cease-fire situation in Java, cables, N. Rajamani PTI correspondent in Batavia.

Two months' working of the cease-fire agreement has convinced both parties of the need to co-operate in smoothing out administration difficulties in their respective areas.

They have, in fact, been negotiating for the past four weeks on methods to be adopted in setting up joint civil administrations in areas where the other side occupies "pockets."

FOUR EGYPTIANS GET LIFE

Conspiracy In Murder Of Nokrashy Pasha

CAIRO, Oct. 13, (PTI-Reuter): The Supreme Military Tribunal here today sentenced four young Egyptians to penal servitude for conspiracy in the murder of the former Premier, Nokrashy Pasha, who was assassinated last December. Nine other accused were acquitted.

The Tribunal last Sunday sentenced to death Abdul Megid Hassan, a veterinary student, for carrying out the crime by shooting the ex-Premier.

CLAIMS OF HARIJANS TO SERVICES

NEW DELHI, Oct. 13 (UPI)—The Congress Party in the Constituent Assemly today agreed on the provision relating to claims of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes to services and posts, which provided that the claims of the members of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes shall be taken into consideration consisting with the maintenance of efficiency of administration, in the making of appointments to services and posts in connection with the affairs of the Union or of State.

The provision relating to the appointment of a special officer to investigate all matters relating to the safeguards provided for minorities under the constitution and to report to the President upon the working of the safeguard from time to time, was also agreed to by the party.

Both the articles will be moved by Dr. Ambedkar in the Constituent Assembly tomorrow.

SIGNING OF OUR CONSTITUTION

Last Day's Work

NEW DELHI, Oct. 13, (P. T. I): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, announced in the Constituent Assembly today that he proposed to set apart the last day of the session during the third reading stage to getting a copy of the constitution signed by all members. The announcement was greeted with cheers.

This "historic document", he said, would be kept as a record.

It was hoped to hold the next session for the third reading from November 14 to 25 or 26. The Legislative Assembly would begin on November 28.

Mr. V. L. Mehta's Assurance In Assembly

NO FORWARD TRADING IN COTTON SEEDS AND GROUNDNUTS

POONA, Oct. 13. (PTI): The Finance Minister of Bombay, Mr. V. L. Mehta, today stated that Government did not propose to permit forward trading in cotton seeds and groundnuts.

He was answering a plea made by Mr. Chandulal Parikh (Ahmedabad Millowners) and Mr. Peter Alvares (Socialist), during discussion in the Bombay Legislative Assembly of the Bill to amend the Bombay Finance Act of 1932, that forward trading in those commodities, which could be used for human consumption, should not be permitted, as prices of those commodities were likely to be pushed up if forward trading was permitted.

CENTRE'S PERMISSION

The Finance Minister said the fact that they were coming forward with a bill to enable them to levy stamp duty on forward trading in oil-seeds should not be interpreted that forward trading in groundnuts and cotton seeds would be permitted on the morrow of the enforcement of the legislation. A decision to permit trading in these commodities would have to be taken only after consultation with the Central Government. The Government proposed to permit and regulate transactions only in commodities like castor seed and such oil-seeds which could not be used for human consumption.

Moving the bill Mr. Mehta said that the Bombay Forward Contracts Control Act was being applied and stamp duty levied on transactions in share, cotton and bullion markets. It was now proposed to extend the scope of that Act to trading in oil-seeds.

CENTRAL BAN

In 1943, the Government of India banned for a period of three years forward trading in all oil-seeds. Certain conditions arose in the market which compelled Government to suspend trading in castor seeds, and it was then stated that no forward trading in that commodity would be permitted until trading in oil seeds could be regulated and controlled through a recognised association.

SALES TAX

The House passed all the three readings of the Bill before adopting another bill—the bill to amend the Bombay Sales Tax Act of 1946.

Moving the second bill, the Finance Minister said that the legislation proposed to make it clear that all exports of goods outside the province, whatever shape those exports might take, would be subjected to the payment of sales tax.

The sales tax he said played the same role in the financial structure of the province as the income tax played in the central finances. It, was therefore, his duty to see that the maximum possible revenue was collected under the legislation.

SEEK CONFIDENCE VOTE FROM PARTY

Parliamentary Board's Advice To Sachar

NEW DELHI, Oct. 13 (PTI): The Congress Central Parliamentary Board has requested Mr. Bhim Sen Sachar, Premier of East Punjab, to seek a vote of confidence from the party by October 17.

The Board adopted a resolution to this effect after nearly two and a half hours' discussion at Sardar Patel's residence. Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Sardar Patel, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Maulana Azad, Kala Venkata Rao and Mr. Shankarrao Deo were present.

The Board is further of the opinion that in the absence of such a vote of confidence, it cannot prevent the vote of no-confidence of which notice has been given by 34 members, and to which two more signatures have been since added.

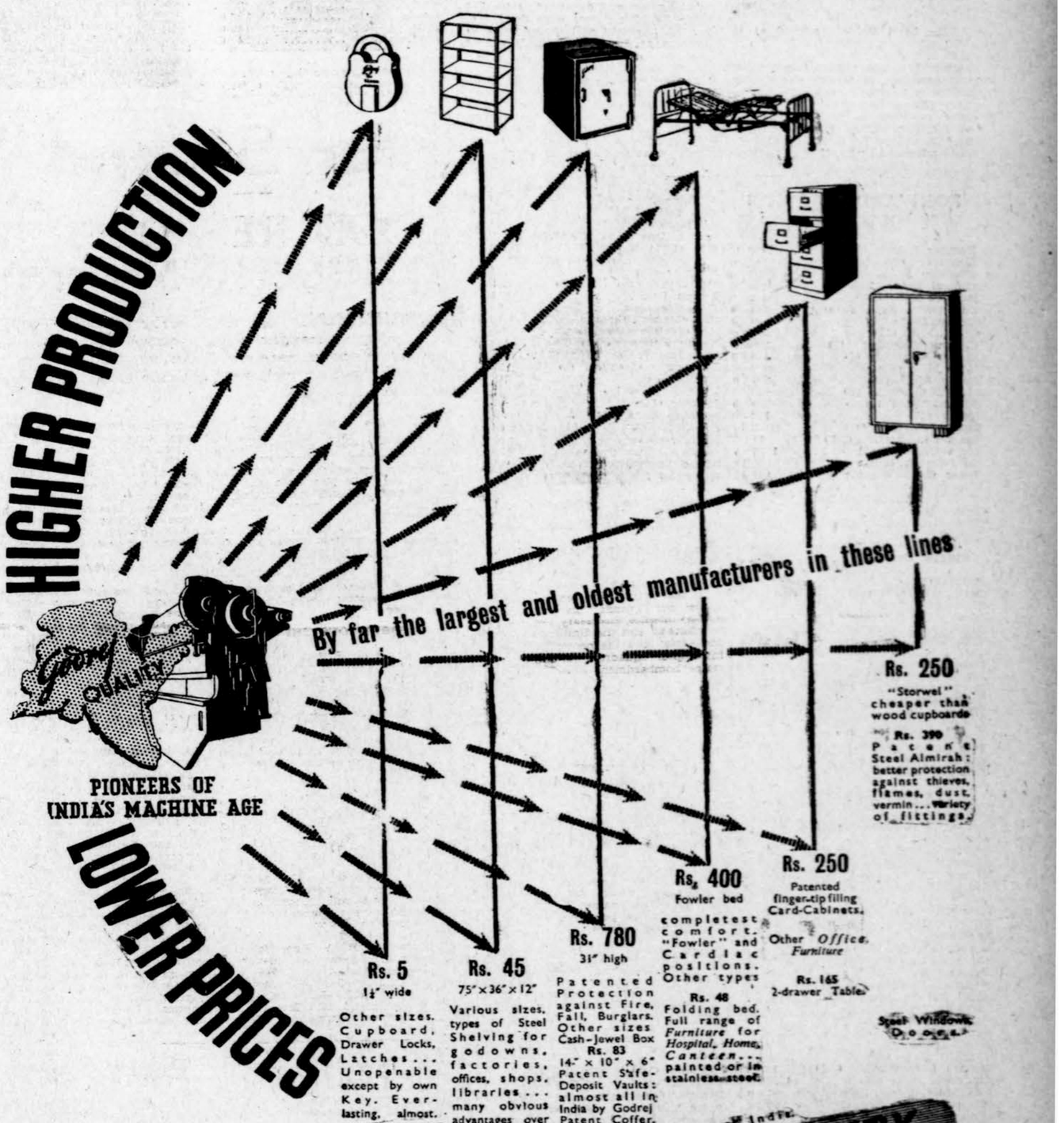
The Premier may take such further time for sending his explanation as he considers necessary.

The Board which met here today to consider the representation made by Dr. Gopichand Bhargava against the leadership of Mr. Sachar and other cognate matters came to this decision as it felt that the issue must be decided in the present sitting of the East Punjab Assembly.

REPRESENTATIONS

The Board, when it met here today, had before it, the representation by Dr. Gopichand Bhargava and also a separate collective representation of some 34 members of the East Punjab Congress Assembly Party. It also considered a letter from Mr. Bhim Sen Sachar, dated Aug. 27, 1949, in which he had expressed doubts about the feasibilitiy of the composite Ministry in the Province continuing to function, and another letter asking for time to reply to the representation.

Mr. Kala Venkat Rao, the General Secretary of the Congress, when asked what would happen if Mr. Sachar obtains a vote of confidence, told P.T.I. that Mr. Sachar would be allowed to form his own Cabinet.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TATA STEEL SHARES DECLINE AFTER EARLY RISE

Textile Issues Rule Quiet With Limited Business

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

The local share bazar opened quiet today and declined few points under scattered selling. But at the decline there was moderate buying support from bull operators and prices moved up.

Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs. 1420 against yesterday's close at Rs. 1435 and declined at Rs. 1415 under scattered selling. At this level there was cessation of selling and prices gradually improved at Rs. 1435. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 282 and after declining at Rs. 281 improved at Rs. 283. Indian Irons opened at Rs. 29 and after declining at Rs. 28-15 advanced at Rs. 29-9 and steadied at Rs. 29-3.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1037 and declined at Rs. 1032. At this level there was improved buying and Dyeings advanced at Rs. 1040 and steadied at Rs. 1037. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 268 and advanced at Rs. 270 while Simplex shares were done at Rs. 184. Svadeshi mill shares came in business at Rs. 252. Scindia shares also after declining at Rs. 14-4 advanced at Rs. 14-8.

Thereafter there was increased selling in Tata Steel Defds. which declined at Rs. 1413-12 and Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 281. Bombay Dyeings were placed at Rs. 1038 and Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 267. Closing tone was barely steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1038	12
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	267	0
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	252	0
Central India Mills (4)	220	0
Simplex Mills (6-8)	182	0
New Great Eastern (8)	145	0
Indore (8-13)	120	0
Gokak Mills (12)	260	0
Century Spinning (15)	222	8
Indian Bleaching (6)	145	0
Swan Mills (20)	298	0
Finlay Mills (15)	257	0
Morarji Goculdas (S)	436	4
Edward Sassoon (30)	210	0
Meyer (12)	110	0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2	12
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	11	5
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1	13 0
Madhusudan Mills (15)	168	12
Podar (S)	136	14
Khatau Makanji (5)	170	0

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. (14)	281	0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1415	0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	135	8

CEMENT

Associated Cement (6)	141	0

INDUSTRIES

Burma (12-8)	333	12
Belapur Sugar (9)	190	8
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	31	0
Scindia Steam (0-8)	14	1 6
Premier Construction	97	0
Tata Chemical	11	9
Tata Oil (2)	51	8
Indian Iron (0-12)	28	11
Bengal Steel (0-12)	20	8
British India Corp. (0-9)	8	10
Indian Copper	2	8 6
Wimco	182	8
Alcock	247	8

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tata Power (25)	1510	0
Andhra Valley (30)	1425	0
Tata Hydro (3)	155	8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS

Elphinstone Mills (5)	56	8
Phoenix (50)	131	4
Indian Mfg.	1925	0
Kurla XD	107	8
Colaba (12)	118	0
New City (11)	159	6
Minerva (12)	137	8
Bradbury	435	0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4	5
Bharat Mills (2)	29	8
Mysore (4)	170	0
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14	8
Model Mills (12-8)	191	4
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	660	0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	227	8
Western India (40)	2925	0
Standard (15)	223	12
Sholapur Mills (200)	2950	0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	16	2
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000	0
Tata Mills (2-4)	51	0
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	255	0
Ahmedabad Advance New	195	0
Sassoon Silk (3) XD	36	0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15	8
Madhusudan S (2-8)	35	0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	162	8
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	72	8
Berar Mills	250	0
Victoria Mills	225	0

ELECTRIC (CASH)

Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	125	0
Ahmedabad New	71	8
Surat Electric (2-8)	138	12
Karachi Electric (2)	136	14
Broach (0-5)	6	12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	7	2
Amalgamated (0-12)	12	8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26	8
Poona Electricity Supply (S)	133	12
Bombay Suburban XR	145	0
Bombay Suburban New	83	0

BANK SHARES

Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	1762	8
Imperial Bank PP. (8-12)	433	12
Central Bank (1-8)	77	0
Central Bank New (1-8)	79	8
Bank of India (4) XD	174	0
Union (0-5)	7	3
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	119	0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40	8
United Commercial (8)7	48	0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35	12
Hindustan Commercial	17	0
Mysore Bank (8)	305	0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	94	0

INSURANCE

Oriental (125)	4125	0
Empire (10)	625	0
New India (1-8)	53	0
Jupiter (0-12)	12	12
Vulcan (0-10)	11	13
Indian Mercantile (2)	37	0
Universal (0-4)	11	4
B.I.G. (1)	15	0
Industrial and Prudential	26	12
Neptune	1	0
New Great	25	0
All India General	11	14

RAILWAY SHARES

C.P. (1-14) XD	113	8

MISCELLANEOUS SHARES

Steamer (10)	246	8
Bombay Burma New (5)	125	0
Burma Petrol	1	8
Mackenzie (6)	65	0
Port Canning (3)	60	12
Kemp & Co. (30)	395	0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125	0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	85	0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	38	8
Mukund Iron	13	0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16	0
Alembic (15)	61	4
Supreme India X.R.	78	12
Jam Wire (6)	67	4
Bombay Uganda	67	8
Bombay Motor Cycle	30	0
Indian Cement (1937)	171	4
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	152	8
United Motor	28	0
Associated Cement New (3)	138	8
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880	0
Hydary Construction	19	10
Mahmadi Steam	96	0

DIWALI MAHOORAT BUSINESS

The Bombay Stock Exchange will remain open for Diwali Mahoorat business on Friday the 21st inst. from 6-15 p.m. to 7-30 p.m.

Gujarat Motor	28	0
Sardar Carbonic X.D.	700	0
Harvey Press	410	0
Estrella Batteries	32	2
Manmad Press	120	0
National Rayon	36	8

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st (6)	198	2
Andhra Valley (7)	1235	0
Tata Power (7-8)	1340	0
Hydro Electric (7)	132	8
Bombay Steamer (6)	237	8
Central India (5)	625	0
Swadeshi Mills	126	4
Vishnu Mills (7)		
Lakshmi Mills	260	0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220	0
Podar Mills (4)	105	0
Shrinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106	4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	316	4
Surat Electricity (3-4)	137	8
Pre. Construction First	102	8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	99	8
Amalgamated	115	0
Habib	72	9
Tata Chemical	117	8
Walchandnagar	130	0
Jupiter	19	14
Supreme	100	0
Meyer	110	0
Mackenzie (1st)	85	0
Mackenzie (2)	80	0
Ahmedabad Advance	132	8
Mysore Mill	50	0
Standard	99	0
Madhusudan	12	0
Khatau	100	12
Morarji	94	8
National Rayon	74	8

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952	103	8
Gula Kajamsingh	8	9
Rubber Planting	17	0
Bombay Steamer	97	0
Indian Hume Pipe	101	0
Tata Power 1951	103	0
Walchandnagar	105	0

OUTSIDE SHARES

Burma Corporation	2	9 6
New Victoria	2	4
New Victoria 2 (Pref.)	4	10
Palton (8)	113	0
Gold Mohor	282	8
New Kaiser Hind	420	0
Sajjan Mills (20)	155	0
Osmanshahi (16)	245	0
Azamshahi	275	0
Air Services	5	10
Air India Tata	64	0
Hind Motor	5	1
Indian Steam	8	2

Tone: Firm.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

QUOTATIONS AT 2 P.M.

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

Tata Ordinary 281-8 Tata Deferred 1425 Indian Iron 29-1 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 20-10 Bombay Dyeing 1035 Central India 221-14 Gokak 260 Kohinoor 268-12 Simplex 183 Swadeshi 254-6 Tata Power 1512-8 Associated Cement 141-14 Belapur 190 Bombay Burma (Old) 333-12 Scindia 14-5 Central Bank 77-12 New India 52-12 Tata 2nd Pref. 135-12.

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, October 13.

The Reserve Bank of India Sold today 200 bars Silver at Rs. 165/10 and Gold tenders which were priced at Rs. 114/4 were rejected.

The market is at a loss to understand that the Bank is inviting daily tenders for to thousand tolas of Gold for the last four days but is not inclined to accept. It appears that the Bank wants to realise higher prices and those who sold short in anticipation of Bank sales are badly caught and Gold prices are moving up. If the Bank has decided any price to accept tenders, it is best to announce the price and those who are in need will come forward to buy.

Forward Silver opened today at Rs. 166/8 and improved at Rs. 167/7 on moderate buying. Ready Silver business was done at Rs. 167/4. Kartak Gold opened at Rs. 110/12 and after improving at Rs. 111/4 steadied at Rs. 111/-. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 116/- while Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 76/-.

Final quotations were under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	166	10	0
Kartak dely.	166	12	0
Ready Gold	115	12	0
Karatak dely.	110	10	0
Sovereigns	75	12	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, October 13.

There was no forward business today in the local market today. At yesterday's meeting of the Board the present question was fully discussed and the President of the association will meet the Bombay Finance Minister.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, October 12.

KARNAK	
November	72.95+235
January	70.80+220
March	69.85+195
ASHMOUNI	
October	62.00+200
December	59.85+110
February	59.00+ 70

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, October 13.

The produce market was quietly steady with restricted business. Quotation were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	44	12	0
Madras	44	4	0
Bold	44	4	0
Oil local mills	25	2	0
Oil up-country mills	24	2	0
LINSEED—			
Bold	33	8	8
Small	32	4	0
Oil	20	6	0
Castorseeds	26	6	0

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

120 Spot Japan	3	11	0
150 Spot Japan	3	14	6
120 Spot Italy	3	7	6
150 Spot Italy	3	14	0
150 D. Box October	772	0	0
150 D. Box November	782	0	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, October 13.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	12	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	12	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99	6	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	0	0
2 3/4 per cent 1978	96	0	0
3 per cent non terminable	97	5	6
3 per cent Con.	97	6	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	11	0
3 per cent 1952-55	101	15	0
3 per cent 1957	101	9	0
3 per cent 1959-61	100	13	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	2	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	1	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	10	0
3 1/2 per cent 1960-70	110	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	102	0	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-60	110	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114	4	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

3 per cent Bombay 1962	98	13	0
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97	0	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	0	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	6	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	6	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-68	99	12	0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	99	0	0
4 per cent B.P.T. long dated	109	12	0
4 per cent Bombay Muni.	109	8	0
5 p.c. Bombay Muni. 1959	114	0	0
6 per cent Bom. Municipality 1954	113	8	0
6 per cent K. P. T. 1956	113	12	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100	0	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 13.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th & 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th—9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 5/32 5th & 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th & 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th—9th Month. —

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs 478 1/4. Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4. Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 474 3/4. Montreal 431 3/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2. Montreal Rs. 429 3/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C., Montreal Rs. 430 1/2 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.

Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 89 1/2.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Glds. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 83 1/2.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 156 1/2

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 1/2.

New York/London Cross Rate $2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia. 97 1/4-3/4. London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65, London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 35. London Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10. London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36 London/Hongkong Cross Rate 29/32 7/3, London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 90.20, London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65, London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 80.35. London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 5.60-5.65. London Montreal Cross Rate $3.07 3/4-3.08 1/4. London/New York Cross Rate $2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8. London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02. London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. 141. London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4-2/4 1/8. London Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 12,11-12.13.

London Discts 3 Mos. 5/8 p.c. London Discts. 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money: Call 3/4 per cent, 3 Mos. 1 per cent, 6 Mos. 1-1/4 per cent, 12 Mos 1-1/2 per cent.

Tone: Easier.

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR

MADRAS, Oct. 13.

Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Market:—

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA LOANS: Three per cent Paper 97/6. Three per cent 1986 97/7 Do. 1970/75 100/1, Government of Travancore Loan Three per cent 1952/54 100/12, Government of Madras Three per cent 1960 100.

BANKS: Travancore 13/4.

PLANTINGS: Balmadies 1/9, Blue Mountain 2/5. Chembra 4/9, Devashola 13/2, Midland 3/7, Nelliampathy 1/0/6, Ouchterlony 5/7, Pullangode 1/3, Thirumbadi 1/11/6, T. R. and T. Co. 5/7, Vaikundam 5/8.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 139, Do. Pref. 188, Cambodia 10/10, Coimbatore CM 117/8, Do. Pioneer 126/8, Do. Spg. 44/12, Lakshmi 61/8, Madura 38/8, Mettur 320, Radhakrishna 144, Rajalakshmi 56, Ranga Vilas 46, Trav Rayons 4/1, Trichinopoly 9/14.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 69, F. A. C. T. 4/7, India Cement 17/9, Mettur Chem. 6/6, Mysore Chem. Fert. -/10.

The local market continued quiet except for some activity in tea shares.

On upcountry buying Imperial Bank Fully Paid improved to 1730.

Plantings were dull and quiet with business done in Thirumbadies at 1/11/6, Coorg Teas improved to Rs. 6 and Periyakuramalais to Rs. 21/4.

In Textiles Mettur noted a deal at 320 and Buckinghams at 139.

The Miscellaneous section remained featureless. The market closed dull.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

MILLS

Apollo 2/12

Bharat 29/12 29/8

B. Dyeing 1032/8 37/8 35 40 38/12

C. India 220/8 23 20

Century 222/8

Colaba 120

Elphinstone Ord. 58

Finlay 257

Gokak 260

I. U. Defd 1/12/6 1/13

I. U. Ord 11/4/6 11/4 11/6 11/4 11/5

Indore 121/4 20 21/4 20

Kohinoor 269 69/8 67/12 71 67

Laxmi 660

Meyer 110

Model 191/4

Mysore 170

New Great 145

Podar 135

Simplex 183/8 82/8 83 82

Svadeshi 254 53 54/8 54 55 52

Tata Mills 48/8 47

Vishnu 227/8

C P. Rly. 113/8

Scindia 14/7 14/3 14/9 14/1/6

BANKS

Central 77/12 77/4 77/8 76/12 77

Central New 79/8

Imperial Old 1762/8

Imperial New 433/12

India 173/8

Union 7/1 7/2

U. Commercial 48/8 48

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 125

Hydro 155 55/8

Power 1513/12 10

New India 52/12 53/8 53

STEEL

B. Steel 20/12 21/1 20/8

I. Iron 29/1 29/8 28/11

Tata Defd 1420 25 12/8 35 25 40 15

Tata Ord. 282 80/8 83/8 82/8 84/8 81

Tata 2nd Pref 135 35/12 35/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 243/12 47/8

A.C.C. Old 141/4 42 41

A.C.C. New 138/8 38/12

Belapur 190 89/8 91/8 90/8

B.B. Old 335 32/8 37/8 33/12

B.B. Petrol 1/7/9 1/8

B.I.C. 8/9

I. Copper 2/8/6

P. Const. 97/8 96/12 97/8 96

Shivrajpur 31

Tata Chem. 11/5 11/4 11/8 11/5

Tata Pref 116/4

Tata Oil 51 51/12 51/8

Walchandnagar 132/8

Wimco 183/12 82/8

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 71 71/8

Bombay Suburban Elec. New 83

Dena Bank 40

Motor House (Gujerat) Ord. 28

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

The following is an Account of the Reserve Bank of India, for the week ended the 7th day of October:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	23,00,49,000
Notes in circulation	1085,24,16,000
Total Notes issued	1108.24,65,000
Total Liabilities	1108,24,65,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
Held in India	40,01,71,000
Foreign Securities	600,34,38,000
Rupee Coin	52,61,48,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	415,27,08,000
Total Assets	1108.24,65,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 57.781 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES

	Rs
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
Government	
Central Government	147,32,62,000
Other Governments	21,55,90,000
Banks	57,52,89,000
Others	75,72,08,000
Bills Payable	4,25,56,000
Other Liabilities	7,97,44,000
Total Rs.	324,36,49,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
Notes	23,00,49,000
Rupees Coin	9,05,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,47,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
Internal	18,000
Government Treasury Bills	1,90,33,000
Balances held abroad	190,33,06,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	72,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	9,30,39,000
Investments	90,85,97,000
Other Assets	3,13,55,000
Total Rs.	324,36,49,000

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

The following is the Statement of the affairs of the Imperial of India on the 7th October:—

LIABILITIES

	Rs.
CAPITAL:—	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,30,00,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts	265,61,25,000
Sundries	1,64,34,000
Total Rs.	279,18,09,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—	
Government Securities	120,51,95,000
Other Authorised Investments	11,72,40,000
ADVANCES:—	
Loans	23,12,16,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	65,56,29,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	5,78,36,000
Dead Stock	1,58,92,000
Sundries	1,73,57,000
CASH:—	
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	35,30,66,000
Balances with other Banks	13,83,79,000
Total Rs.	279,18,09,000

In the absence of fixed exchange rates between India and Pakistan for Pakistan rupees, figures in respect of Bank's Pakistan branches have been entered at par in the above statement.

LONDON STOCKS

LONDON, October 12.

2-1/2 per cent British Consols £ 69-3/4.

3-1/2 per cent Conversion Loan 1961 £ 94-1/4.

4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90 £ 107.

3-1/2 per cent War Loan on or after December 1, 1952 £ 94.

Charter Bank of India £ 10-3/16.

Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank London Reg. £ 86-1/2.

National Bank of India £ 32-1/2.

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 7,257.

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, October 12.

T. T. London on:

New York selling 2.7987 buying 2.8012.

Montreal selling 3.0775 buying 3.0825.

Zurich selling 12.23 buying 12.26.

Sweden selling 14.47 to buying 14.50.

PARIS STOCK EXCHANGE

PARIS, Oct. 12.

Bourse: Political and labour uncertainties again restricted business, the latter causing a decline in metallurgical issues on the belief that this industry would be the first to suffer from labour troubles. In contrast chemicals, foods and certain colonials made good showing on prospects of increased export trade.

BRUSSELS STOCK EXCHANGE

BRUSSELS, Oct. 12.

Hopes of increased exports to the United States as a result of the Annecy Tariff Agreement favourably influenced the Bourse and most sections recorded varying gains. The firmness of the rubber price in London assisted rubber shares in Brussels.

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 12.

There was little activity, with the public preferring to await the results of the Indonesian Conference. Indonesian estates were again neglected and losses of two points were shown by leading shares. Internationals showed an improved tone closing above the previous levels in some cases.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, Oct. 13 (PTI)—On the Calcutta Stock Exchange today the speculative counters showed an easier trend due to selling pressure, while other shares remained more or less unchanged.

Following are today's final transactions up to 3-30 p.m.

GOVT. SECURITIES:—3 per cent India Govt Loan 1986 97-9, 3 per cent Govt. Loan 1970/75 99-14.

BANKS:—Hindusthan Commercial 25-8, Hindusthan Mercantile 21-4.

COTTONS:—Muir Mills 246, New Victoria Mills pref 4-5.

COALS:—Bengal 492, Bhalgora 8, Burrakur 13-8, Equitable 44-14, Katras Jherriah 29, Samla 7-8, Talcher 3-3, West Jamuria 34.

JUTES:—Howrah 27-9, Kanknarrah 185, Megna 117, Naihati 115, Presidency 5-13.

ENGINEERINGS:—Burn and Co. ordy. 272, Marshals 6-5, Indian Iron and Steel ordy. 28-10, Saran Eng. 8, Steel Corpn. of Benfal ordy 20-14, Textile Machinery 8-1.

MISCELLANEOUS:—Burmia Corn. 2-8, Indian Copper Corpn. 2-8, Karanpura Development 27-10, Sone Valley Cement 6, Calcutta Electric 16-11, B.I.C. 8-8, Indian Wood Products 27-8, India Cables 39-8, Martin Burn 16-4, C.T. Metal Corpn. 5-12, B.B. Petrol 1-9, Northern India Oil 7-8, India Steamship 8-4

SUGARS:—Ramnuger Cane and Sugar 13-12.

TEAS:—New Terai 10-14.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 13.

With the bear hammering market was subdued and closed with a weak tone:—

FLUCTUATIONS: Calico Opened 261, Highest 262, Lowest 258, Arvind Opened 794, Highest ....., Lowest 792, Ambica Opened 331, Highest 332, Lowest 327, Deferred Opened 1407.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS: Calico 258, Arvind 795, Deferred 1409, Ambica 328.

HAPUR MARKET RATES

(From Our Correspondent.)

HAPUR, Oct. 13.

Maize 15, Guwar 12, Bejhar 13, Peas Ready 14/4, Mangsir 14/7, Arhar Ready 13, Mangsir 13/3, Urd 16, Moong 21, Masoor 15 to 13/4, Gur Ready 33/4 to 30, Shakkar 35, Crystal 33 to 70, Khandsari 60 to 70. Fagan privately quoted 15/7/3, Fagun last night touched 15/5, after formally closed at 14/12, Sarson 31/8, Tarraseed 27 to 25, Groundnut 23, Cottonseed 16/8, Mustardoil 90, Linseedoil 56, Oilcake 11/4, Oats 11, Silver Opened 167/14, Gold Opened 109, very steady. Bardana Ready Rs. 118, White 134, Mangsir 120, March 130.

CALICUT MARKET

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALICUT, Oct. 13.

Coiryar, Beypore 135/145, Quilandy 145/155, Fibre Garbled 90. Ungarbled 85, Cocoanuts Raw 185/187. Dry 205, Cocoanut Oil 670, Copra Office 467/8, Dilpasand 480, Madrasnottam 510. Pepper Wynaad 3450. Country 2400, Dry Ginger Chernad 1125, Ernad 1100, Coffee Robusta 166, Timber Pali 60/65, Junglewood 30/35, Vellapine 60/65, Benteak 45/50, Teak 90/120, Mango 3/3/4, Teak 20/22/8. Rosewood 20/22/8.

KARACHI COTTON MARKET

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Oct. 13.

Cotton New Crop NT 67/8, Punjab 289, F 73, Four F 65/8, easier owing increasing arrivals from upcountry and limited demand. Yesterday's business 2,000 bales, 289 F December 73, Four F Bahawalpur December at 65, and NT November at 67/8. Exports nil, Arrivals 825 bales.

Cottonseeds NT Ready 6/6, November 5/10, steady, but export trade at standstill. Gold 100/4, Sovereigns 67/4, Steady.

STOCK EXCHANGE: Valika Textile 80, Colony Textile 44, Orient Airways 9/12, Three per cent 1960 Government Loan 101/14, steady.

INDORE SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE, Oct. 13.

Today's closing quotations on Indore Stock Exchange:—

Indore Malwa 115, Hukamchand Mill 550, Bhandare Mill 650, Vinod Mill 386, Kalyanmal Mill 81, Kalyanmal Pref. 93, Rajkumar Mill 130, Indore Bank 62.

SINGAPORE PEPPER VERY ACTIVE

SINGAPORE, Oct. 12.

The pepper market was very active today on United Kingdom inquiries and competitive bidding for about six tons loose pepper, arrivals of which four tons black and two tons white were sold at 610 and 760 dollars respectively. Sellers ex-godown prices were again raised of black Lampong by 15 dollars to 625 and white Muntok 40 dollars to 790 perpicul.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET FIRM

LONDON, Oct. 12.

A firm undertone prevailed on the London pepper market today with sellers unwilling to offer. Black Lampong was nominally indicated at 11sh. 9d. and white Muntok and Sarawak at 14sh. 9d. per pound c.i.f. basis ports October shipment. Buyers were quoting 965sh. for Malabar afloat and 985 sh. per cwt., for October shipment c.i.f. basis ports.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, October 12.

London Silver Spot and Forward both 64d.

Gold Bars fine per oz. £ 12-8/-.

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON, October 12.

Australian Wheat 89/7-1/2 October/November.

NAVY-ARMY DUEL ON AGAIN!

Bombers Will Not Deter Aggressor

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12. (P.T.I.-Reuter): United States Fleet Admiral William F. Halsey addressing the House of Representatives Armed Services Committee today continued the Navy's attack on the policy of putting too much emphasis on the Army's huge six-engined "intercontinental Bombers" "B. 36". He said they could only be used for "mass attack on large areas and not on military targets.

Bombers by-passing paramount military targets, would "not stop anything", he said. "The mass bombing of cities can only produce delay".

Admiral King supporting this said it was dangerous to base defence on a belief that an aggressor would be deterred by bombers.

BRITISH CHARGE AGAINST RUSSIA

Front Against Small Nations

SINGAPORE, Oct. 12 (PTI-Reuter).—Mr. P. J. H. Stent, of the United Kingdom, alleged at a meeting of the Committee on Industry and Trade of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East today that Russia had consistently opposed the participation of smaller countries in the Commission.

Mr. A. Memtchina, heading the eleven-man Soviet Delegation described the charge as a deliberate and incorrect insinuation against the Soviet Union, and added that Russia had, at all international conferences, fought for the rights of smaller nations.

The United Kingdom charge was made when the Soviet Delegation objected to Thailand's proposal that Mr. Andrew Gilmour, Chief of the Malayan Delegation, be elected Chairman. The Russians objected on the grounds that Malaya was an associate member of ECAFE without a vote.

HAD A VOTE

The Secretary of ECAFE, Dr. T. S. Lokanathan, who was presiding, said that in a subordinate body of ECAFE such as this Committee associate members had a vote.

The motion for Mr. Gilmour's election as Chairman was seconded by India and adopted.

Mr. Gilmour is Secretary for Economic Affairs in Singapore.

Sixteen countries represented at the meeting were Australia, Burma, China, France, India, New Zealand

INDIAN TRIBUTE TO UNKNOWN WARRIOR

H. E. Sardar Malik, Indian Ambassador to France paid his homage to the Unknown Warrior at the Arc de Triomphe, Paris, recently.

NEHRU AND TRUMAN SHOULD DISCUSS CHINA

"Baltimore Sun's" Suggestion

BALTIMORE, October 12, (PTI-Reuter): The 'Baltimore Sun,' one of the best known newspapers in the United States, today urged that President Truman and Prime Minister Nehru should exchange views on the situation in China.

In a leading article the "Sun" states: There has been no suggestion of a financial or economic background to the Indian Premier's visit. But in the course of the lavish festivities planned for the ensuing days it is to be hoped that the President and the Premier of the newest and mightiest state in Asia will have an opportunity to exchange views on the China situation which will be beneficial to both".

"The new nation has increased its stature in foreign affairs. By its championing of the Indonesian cause it has assumed the role of leadership for the Asiatic peoples

Its delegates in the United Nations have distinguished themselves for their activities there. And, with rare diplomacy and political judgement, the Indian nation, which is officially to achieve its status as a Republic next January, has decided to remain a part of the British Commonwealth while enjoying full political independence.

"In all of these achievements Mr. Nehru has played a vital role. Therefore, this triumphant visit to the Western Hemisphere is indeed a personal tribute to him as well as to his nation"

VOICE OF INDIA

The Washington Evening Star today hailed the visit of the Indian Prime Minister Nehru as a mission of deep significance and wide importance from which "momentous consequences" may flow the 'Star said."

Pandit Nehru's authority and prestige personal as well as official, are so outstanding with his own people that he represents and voices India as no other individual could possibly do. What he has to say to us should therefore be listened to with the utmost attention.

And what he takes back to India with him in the shape of impressions and opinions, even more than in concrete agreements, should deeply affect our relations with India and other parts of Asia as well."

CONTACT WITH INDIAN COMMUNITY

Pandit Nehru today began his first contact with the Indian community in Washington when he attended a reception given by the Indian Ambassador, Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit writes D. P. Wagle P.T.I. representative in Washington.

Pandit Nehru first met at another function at the Chancery the staff of the Indian Embassy and spent about an hour with them.

The reception to the Indian community was also attended by a large number of Indian students from the district of Columbia.

About 1,000 persons, including many Indian women dressed in rich sarees were present at the reception and the ground floor of the Chancery was filled.

A number of Americans gathered across the road outside the Chancery waiting for Pandit Nehru.

A small group of school girls stood for more than an hour refusing to be disappointed as Pandit Nehru was delayed inside the Chancery owing to the reception lengthening beyond the scheduled time.

Every one of the Indians present filed past Pandit Nehru while the Prime Minister shook hands with or said "namaste" to them.

Many of the women had brought even small children with them. They made the children fold their hands and say "Jay Hind" to Pandit Nehru. The Prime Minister was delighted to see the children.

Mrs. Pandit picked up one of these little infants and held it in her arms while Pandit Nehru fondled.

Later Pandit Nehru expressed a wish that as there were so many Indian women and children in Washington, an early opportunity should be taken to open a school where Indian women could usefully play a part in teaching Hindustani to the children. Mrs. Pandit fully agreed with this and said she was already thinking along those lines and that action would soon be taken.

The Prime Minister spent two hours in the Chancery tonight he is attending a dinner given by Secretary of State Dean Acheson and Mrs Acheson.

The following tribute was paid by Pandit Nehru to Gorge Washington for me to visit this not only historical place but a Temple of Liberty where not only one who is the greatest American but one of the very great men have trod the earth, lived and worked, and who built the American Nation as a Temple of Liberty. And so coming here I am happy to pay my homage and my country's homage to his memory".

FIRING ON PEOPLE OUT TO BUY SUGAR

B.P.T.U.C. Protest Call

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress the vice-President of the Girni Kamgar Union, the President of the G.I.P. Railwaymen's Union and the General Secretary of the B.B. & C.I. Railwaymen's Union, have issued the following statement:

On behalf of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress and the workers of Bombay we strongly condemn the firing at the G.I.P. Railway Workshop Matunga and lathi charge at Lalbaug, Dadar, Delisle Road and other place on workers and other citizens who were demanding that profiteering shopkeepers be forced by the authorities to unearth their hoarded stocks and sell them at controlled rates. It is reported that at the G.I.P. Workshops at Matunga, one worker died as a result of the firing and several have been injured all over the city.

The capitalist Congress regime, by its policy of decontrol and its derationing of sugar have given the magnates and the profiteering merchants a free reign. Sugar prices have been steadily mounting and a few weeks ago sugar completely disappeared from the markets; at the same time it is an open secret that sugar in unlimited quantities is available for those who can afford to pay Rs 3 per pound or more. Thousands for workers have been forced to stand in queues for hours on end only to be told that sugar is 'out of stock'. When they protest, knowing well that unlimited quantities of sugar are being hoarded, they are confronted with lathi charges and bullets.

Emboldened by Government support to their criminal profiteering, the merchants have, today, gone even further. Salt, oil, matches and jaggery have now been withdrawn from sale.

FREEDOM FOR PROFITEERS

At a meeting of the Corporators, industrialists, hotel keepers and sugar merchants called by the Congress Mayor of Bombay, Mr. S. K. Patil, the Government representative, Mr. Samarth, Controller of Rationing declared that Government had no intention of rationing sugar, whatever happened. Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister for Supplies, can offer the people nothing more than a promise that the situation will improve in two months time.

From this it is quite clear that the Government is determined to persist in its policy of freedom for the profiteers and hunger for the people. Only a united movement of the common people will force the government to unearth the hoards and make them available to the people at controlled rates.

On behalf of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress and our Unions we call upon the workers and other citizens of Bombay to join in a mighty movement of protest against these policies and force Government to reverse them.

We demand that the Government immediately take over the sugar factories, seize the stocks of the hoards and make them available to the people at controlled rates in Government shops.

RUSSIA'S FINEST HOUR—*On Celluloid*

Biggest box-office draw in the cinemas of the U.S.S.R., is the film "Battle of Stalingrad". Realistically produced, yet factually incorrect, it shows Stalin as the master mind freeing the city—entirely omitting the vital part played by the real "Defender of Stalingrad", Marshal Gregori Zhukov.

While pillorying Winston Churchill as the cause of the delay in opening the second front, it depicts the late President Franklin D. Roosevelt as an eager supporter of Soviet strategy.

By Jack Oakley

CIRCULATING round the cinemas of the Soviet Union is a film telling the story of the Battle of Stalingrad. Already it has been seen by several million Russians and has been hailed by one Western observer as "The most amazing war film I have ever seen."

The film portrays Stalin (acted by A. Diky) himself directing the master plan which freed the hero city from the Germans. Among those featured are Marshal Alexander Mikhailovich Vassilevsky, then chief of Staff and General Vassili Ivanovich Chuikov commander of the forces defending the last strip of Stalingrad.

But the film is like "Hamlet without the Prince of Denmark", The hero, victor of the Stalingrad battle, Marshal Gregori Zhukov, recognised as one of the greatest generals of World War II, who was at that time second in command only to Stalin himself, receives not one mention.

At first it was rumoured that Zhukov was to play himself in the film Early in 1946, however, Zhukov fell into disgrace, being relieved of his post as Commander-in-Chief of ground forces and appointed to the very minor post of Commander of the garrison of Odessa. His demotion was due, it is said, to the Kremlin's policy of not allowing a virtually non-party general to occupy such a high position.

In the film Stalin and Vassilevsky—a communist politician-Marshal get all the credit for Zhukov's planning of the relief of Stalingrad.

Based on the highly successful play "Great Days" by Nikolai Virta, much of the film was shot in and around Stalingrad itself. The scenes vividly depict all the sweat, toil, tears and the agony of soldiers defending Stalingrad in their frontline trenches. German troops are shown as uncultured vandals, wantonly destroying all in their path.

In between battle scenes shots of Stalin in the Kremlin, poring over maps and war reports, receiving military commanders and state leaders, are given. Churchill and Mr. Averell Harriman, then U.S. Ambassador to the Soviet Union, are shown arriving for talks with Stalin.

Churchill The "Villain"

One scene depicts President Franklin D. Roosevelt sitting in the White House talking to a journalist back from Russia who wants to know about the opening of the second front. 'That does not depend on me", answers Roosevelt, "the British are trying to get a cheap victory. They shout about North Africa as if the fate of the war is being decided there. But there is one thing for which I am too old. I can't drag Churchill across the Channel in handcuffs."

Mr Winston Churchill is portrayed as being shifty and discomfited, full of excuses about the delay in opening the Second Front when Stalin tells him at talks in Moscow "the entire responsibility for tens of thousands of victims in Europe will lie on those who violated their solemn promises."

When Mr. Churchill has taken his leave, Stalin says to Molotov: "They want to exhaust us so that later they dictate their will to us—they want to achieve their purpose with someone else's hands. They won't succeed. They hope we will surrender Stalingrad and thus lose a bridgehead for an offensive. Wrong again."

Stalin is shown in all his roles—military commander, statesman, party leader and as a very human being who, tired after an exhausting day at the Kremlin, sinks into a chair in his study, selects Tolstoy's "War and Peace" from his library, and turns on the radio.

ROOSEVELT—RUSSIA'S FRIEND: An American journalist back from Russia questions Roosevelt on the timing of the second front. In this scene the producer has made Roosevelt decry Churchill as the cause of the delay.

STALIN THE STRATEGIST: In his luxurious study at the Kremlin, Stalin (A. Diky) in his role as the military genius discusses plans for the defence of Stalingrad with Marshal Vassilevsky who in fact played a smaller role in the defence than Marshal Gregori Zhukov. Actors were made to look exactly like the characters they portrayed.

CANTON READY FOR SURRENDER

Reds To Enter City On Sunday

HONG KONG, Oct. 13, (PTI-Reuter).

THE Nationalist authorities in Canton have reached a reasonable peace agreement with the Communists advancing on the temporary capital. Red units would enter the City on Sunday to take over the administration.

Meanwhile a giant arc of Communist forces today closed rapidly on the heart of South China. Nationalist Acting President Li Tsung Jen, flew from Canton with other officials to Kweilin, capital of neighbouring Kwangsi province.

In the city, all foreigners were warned to keep off the streets. Merchants pulled down street stalls, and joined the helter skelter stream of eleventh-hour evacuees. They jammed the narrow streets and poured out on to the highways with bundles and bedding piled high on overloaded carts.

Canton civil airport closed this afternoon Thousands arrived in Hong Kong today by air, ship and train. Hotel accommodation in the Colony, already overtaxed since the end of the Pacific war, was stretched to the limit. Chinese hotel owners, charging heavy premiums, were reported making huge profits from the evacuation. Usually reliable Chinese sources said a group of Chinese Communists had assembled in the British Colony awaiting Canton's capture, when they would go there to aid in establishing the new Communist administration.

News BRIEFS

—INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES

The industrial disputes between the Jayant Metal Works and the H. A. Shakur Dyeing and Printing Works, both of Bombay, and their respective workers have been referred for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal of Mr. I. G. Thakore.

REDS IN C. P

Pandit D. P. Mishra, Home Minister, told the C. P. Legislative Assembly on Thursday at question-time that 132 Communists were detained at present in the Province under the Public Safety Act. Family allowance were being paid to 17 Communist detenus, he added.

AINEC BODY

Mr. C. R. Srinivasan, President of the All-India Newspaper Editors Conference announces that he has nominated Messrs. Ivor S Jehu, Editor, "Times of India" and K. Gopalaswamy, Editor, "Bharat", as members of the Standing Committee of the conference.

ENTERTAINED

Mr. M. P Gandhi, Editor, Indian Cotton Textile Industry Annual, entertained Sardar Datar Singh, Vice-Chairman, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, to a lunch at the Radio Club Bombay on Thursday.

POLICE BUTTONS

Asoka's lions with the inscription "Satyameva Jayate" in Devanagari script will replace the "crown" insignia on the brass buttons of the uniforms of the Delhi police. An order has been placed with a firm of button manufacturers in Ludhiana, East Punjab.

CULTURAL COUNSELLOR

Indian Ambassador Syed Ali Zaheer attended a meeting at Teheran on Wednesday night to mark the departure for New Delhi of Mohit Tabatabai, distinguished Persian writer and scholar, as first Cultural Counsellor to the Persian Embassy.

GERMAN STRIKE

About 12,000 workers of the Neuwied industrial area on the Rhine in the British zone, on Thursday struck work for half an hour in protest against dismantling of the Friendrich Siegert soap factory there.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION

All telegrams addressed to the following stations (in Kashmir State) Astor, Bag, Bunji, Chenari, Chilars, Drosh, Garhi Domel, Gilgit, Gupes, Kargil, Keram, Khabitur, Kotli, Leh, Muzaffarabad, Palan Kari, Skardo Machor and Teetwal which are occupied by the raiders will not be accepted, even if routed through Pakistan.

VIETMINH CALL

All Vietminh (Indo-Chinese Autonomist) law students have been called up for active service, the Vietminh Radio announced on Thursday, according to an Agence France press dispatch from Hanoi.

U.S. Cotton Loan Entries To Increase

NEW YORK, October 11.

Cotton loan entries have been small, because although the total carryover was far above last year, free stock in mills and warehouses was far below last year. Hence early marketings met keen demand for immediate requirements. But loan entries have been slightly increasing and may increase sharply, since immediate trade needs have been met and the market declined to about the loan level. Export is running somewhat above last year, but the outlook is obscure.

If the parity next August were the same as now, loan rates for middling 15/16 on the 1950 crop would be 28.63 under the Gore Bill, (which is now favoured), 27.26 under the Anderson Bill and 22.43 under the Aiken Bill (Anderson and Aiken calculations assuming controls on the 1950 crop).

WHIP PROFITEERS PUBLICLY

Member's Plea In City Corporation

STRICT MEASURES FOR SUGAR SUPPLY URGED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A suggestion that profiteers and black-marketeers in sugar should be whipped publicly, was made by a member during the resumed debate on the prevailing sugar crisis, in the Bombay Municipal Corporation today. Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor, presided.

After a further one-hour discussion the House passed Mr. K. K. Shah's amendment urging Government to take stricter measures without resorting to rationing, in order to make available the supply of sugar at a cheap rate to the consumer. The amendment also sought to delete the portion from the main resolution blaming Government for the present crisis.

Mr. Mohiuddin Harris's amendment urging to add to the main resolution that "the Central Government be requested to import sugar in adequate quantities so as to tide over the present crisis." was thrown out by the House

Speaking on the amendment Mr. Harris pleaded for fool-proof rationing. He believed that rationing as well import of sugar from foreign countries would ease the situation.

Mr. J. D. Daruwalla charged the Sugar Syndicate with creating a false sense of security in the public mind about the sufficiency of sugar. He said that at no time there was ample stock of sugar in the city. The Sugar Syndicate knew fully well that there was no possibility of an export quota being available. However, in order to create a false sense of security among the public with a view to prevent them from hoarding sugar, the Syndicate had announced that two lakhs of tons of sugar could be exported from India. This was wrong and misleading statement.

Mr. Daruwalla further pleaded that Government should issue an ordinance by which black-marketeers and profiteers in sugar should be whipped publicly. He further suggested that these anti-social elements, if found guilty, should be divested of all their worldly assets.

Mr. Dinker Desai, in reply, supported the amendment of Mr. Harris. He said that equitable distribution of the available quantity of sugar was possible only through resort to scientific rationing.

VICTIMS OF RECENT RAINS

The Corporation further discussed a resolution moved by Mr. M. V. Donde offering the corporators' sympathy to those who had suffered on account of the recent heavy downpour in the city. The resolution requested the Commissioner to submit a report suggesting ways and means for giving practical relief to the victims of the disaster. The resolution also requested the Mayor to consider the desirability of starting a "Mayor's Relief Fund" for the purpose of giving adequate relief to those in distress.

Opposing the resolution Mr Dahyabhai Patel, leader of, the Congress Party, said that the Government was already alive to the reality of the situation arising out of the heavy rains in the city. In fact it had already done whatever that was needful The resolution was merely a political stunt.

The Municipal Commissioner Mr. B. K. Patel tried to explain that the rains had caused only a temporary inconvenience to the people. A rough estimate of the damage caused by the rains was sent to the Government.

The debate was not over when the House rose for the day.

PROBLEM OF TELLING THE CULTIVATOR

Food Chief's Views

NEW DELHI, Oct. 13 (UPI)—India's Commissioner for Food Production, Mr. R. K. Patil, said here today that the co-operation of a body of non-official workers was most needed by the Government to convey to the cultivator "as to what it wanted him to do."

Mr. Patil who was addressing students of the Delhi University, described the problem of conveying to the peasant the requirement of the Government, as "the greatest hurdle in making grow more food campaign a success." He added that the administrative machinery being already over-burdened could not take up this work.

Emphasising that under-production, particularly that of food, was the main difficulty of India, Mr. Patil said that it could best be overcome by the concerted co-operative effort of "brain and muscle."

Maharashtra Congress Retains Its Senses

POONA, Oct. 13 (UPI)—The emphatic opinion that the R.S.S. still continues to be communal and anti-democratic in its mentality and policy as before has been expressed by the Executive Committee of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee which met here today under the presidentship of Bhausahib Hire.

The Executive has, therefore, requested the Congress Working Committee that primary membership of the Congress should not be open to members of the R.S.S.

Technical Terminology In Hindi

NAGPUR, Oct. 13 (PTI)—A proposal for convening a committee of experts from all Provinces to prepare technical terminology in Hindi is being considered by Dr Rajendra Prasad, according to Pandit Mishra, Home Minister of C.P and Berar in the Provincial Assembly today.

Government of Maharashtra
on 21 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1965

Pandit Nehru having tea with Mr. Gordon Walker and Mr. D. M. Mitra, Legal Adviser to the Indian Government on his arrival at London Airport.

Pandit Nehru on his arrival at London Airport on October 8 was received by Mr. Gordon Walker and Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, Indian High Commissioner in London.

CONSTITUTION OF STATES ADOPTED

INDIA IS NOW MORE UNITED THAN EVER

Guarantees To Rulers Confirmed

NEW DELHI, Oct. 13.

THE Constituent Assembly today accepted amidst cheers, the Constitution of the Indian States, bringing them to the level of the Governors' Provinces, except in certain matters.

The Constitution guarantees the assurances given to the rulers in respect of personal rights, privileges and dignities and embodies a provision enabling the Centre to exercise general supervisory control over the States during a period of ten years from the commencement of the Constitution, or during such longer or shorter period as Parliament might provide.

Certain consequential amendments to some provisions of the Draft Constitution which had already been agreed to by the House earlier were taken up by the House when it reassembled after lunch.

Before proceeding further, Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari, a member of the Drafting Committee, stated that the technicalities of procedure required that all the articles to which the proposed consequential amendments related be declared as reopened for consideration. This was needed, he pointed out, because the Articles had already been passed by the House earlier.

Leave was granted by the House to the President to declare that all such articles were reopened for discussion.

NATIONAL ANTHEM

At the end of the afternoon session, the President Rajendra Prasad suggested to the Assembly the appointment of an expert committee to consider the question of the National Anthem. Just as the National Flag was adopted by a resolution, the National Anthem might also be adopted at a later stage by a resolution, said the President.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

Soon after the Constituent Assembly met today to resume consideration of the new part (6 A) which placed the Indian states on a par with the provinces in respect of internal constitution and their relation with the centre, the President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, suggested that other provisions governing the Indian states might also be moved so that the house could consider the scheme as a whole.

Thereupon, Dr. Ambedkar moved a number of amendments, some proposing entirely new articles and others seeking to delete a few draft articles. Dr. Ambedkar moved for the deletion articles 224, 225, 237 and clause nine of article 67. The other amendments related to new articles numbering 8.

A new article 235(A) on armed forces in Indian states reads: (1) notwithstanding anything contained in this constitution, a state for the time being specified in part three of the first schedule having any armed forces immediately before the commencement of this constitution, may, until parliament by law otherwise provides, continue to maintain the said force after such commencement subject to such general orders as the President may from time to time issue in this behalf.

(2) Any such armed force as is referred to in clause (1) of this article shall form part of the forces of the Union".

Article 302-A provides for the rights and privileges of rulers of Indian States being guaranteed, while Article 306B provides for Central control of States for a period of ten years, or more or less at the Parliament's discretion.

A new clause in Article 258 which replaces clause one of the Article, provides for agreement in regard to taxation and other fiscal matters.

A new Article 267-A on Privy Purse of rulers, exempt such payments from Income tax where prior agreement has been reached on the point.

Another Article 70A relating to succession to property assets, liabilities and obligations of Indian States vests succession of matters enumerated in the Union List with the government of India, while "The Government of each State for the time being specified in part III of the First Schedule shall be the successor of the Government of the corresponding Indian State as regards all property, assets, liabilities and obligations other than the assets and liabilities referred to in Clause (1) of this article."

TRIBUTES TO SARDAR

Representatives from the States paid warm tributes to the States Ministry and Sardar Patel in particular for bringing about the unification of India in accordance with the wishes of the people of India and the people of the States themselves.

ASSURANCE TO MYSORE

Mr. K. C. Reddy, Premier of Mysore, said that the Mysore Constituent Assembly was unanimously of the opinion that so far as Mysore, at any rate, was concerned, Article 306B which envisaged central control of states for a ten-year period, should not be made applicable to that State. If the Ministry of States felt that in the present circumstances some such power was necessary to make democracy firm in some of the States, he would not question its wisdom. He, however, hoped that this Article would, more or less, remain a dead letter in the Constitution. He welcomed Sardar Patel's assurance to Mysore on this question.

Mr. Jainarain Vyas (from Jodhpur) hoped that there would be no occasion for using Article 306B when Legislatures started functioning in those States, which did not have them at present.

Kunwar Jaswanta Singh, a Jagirdar of Rajasthan, welcomed Article 306-B both from the security point of view of Rajasthan's proximity of Pakistan, and from the point of view of the jagirdars.

DREAM FULFILLED

Mr. P. Govinda Menon (Cochin) said: "I am extremely happy today I enjoy the happiness of a man who has fulfilled a dream of his life. Even before the States Ministry thought of having a common Constitution for the Provinces and States, we from the South Indian States met in Mysore in May 1946 and favoured such a step".

We welcomed Sardar Patel's assurance that Article 306B was not intended to apply to Travancore-Cochin which had representative institutions as far back as 1860, and which were the first States to hold elections based on adult franchise.

MORE HARMONIOUS THAN EVER

Munshi's Picture Of New India

Mr. K. M. Munshi, replying to the debate, said that after the "exhaustive and brilliant survey" of the whole question by Sardar Patel there was no need for a detailed reply. He, however, refered to the remarks by speakers in regard to Article 306B (central control and direction) and said that the policy in this regard had been authoritatively laid down in the statement of Sardar Patel. So far as Mysore and Travancore-Cochin were concerned, there was no reason to feel that the provisions could be applied, unless they fell from the steady and stable administration which they had inherited.

He agreed with Mr. Govinda Menon in his remarks that today was a historic occasion when thanks to the genius of Sardar Patel and his statesmanship, India had been completely integrated.

'We have now an India, which even without Pakistan is as large as it had ever been and much more integrated, harmonious and unified than ever before in history. It is now for us, particularly the future Parliament and Government of India, to consolidate the different parts of the country so that India can march as a strong and compact nation. (Cheers).

The House agreed to two amendments moved by Mr. K. Santhanam and rejected all other amendments. Mr. Santanam's amendment referred to the residence of the Rajpramukh and the salary of the judges.

On the suggestion of Mr. Munshi, the House agreed to hold over Article 274DD.

Amid cheers, the House then adopted the new schedules six and seven, new articles governing the Indian States.

AMENDMENT

When the Constituent Assembly reassembled in the afternoon, the consequential amendments, necessitated by the chapter on States passed earlier today to some of the articles already passed, were taken up for consideration.

Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari moved a consequential amendment to Article Three, relating to alteration of boundaries of existing States seeking to substitute Clauses (A) and (B) of the original proviso to the article. His proviso read: "Where the proposal contained in the bill affects the boundaries of any State or States for the time being specified in Part One and Three of the First Schedule, or the name or names of any such State or States the views of the Legislature of the State, or as the case may be, of each of the States both with respect to the proposal to introduce the bill and with respect to the provisions thereof have been ascertained by the President."

After some discussion, the amendment was passed.

Pandit Nehru talking to Mr. Gordon Walker, Parliamentary Secretary to the Commonwealth, as he alighted from his plane at London Airport.

COLLECTIONS FORCED FROM HINDUS

Razvi Trial Witness Tells Court "My Life Is In Danger"

HYDERABAD, Oct. 13 (PTI).

SYED KADIRULLA, prosecution witness summoned for further cross-examination by the defence told the Special Tribunal hearing the Shoebullah Khan Murder Case today, that he had made some forcible money collections from some people.

He had done so, Kadirulla deposed, under orders from his Salar (commander) of the Razakar organisation, Mr. Hissam Beg, who had asked him to collect subscriptions for charity from Hindus, if necessary, by force.

Kadirulla added that all the collections he made in this way were handed over to his commander.

LIFE IN DANGER

The witness represented to the Court that because he was giving evidence for the prosecution in this case, he apprehended trouble from certain persons and had even changed his residence. His life was in danger, he added.

The Chairman of the Tribunal, however, asked the witness to approach the police if he apprehended any trouble.

The records of speeches made by Syed Kasim Razvi between August 15, 1947 and September 17, 1948 for the production of which summons had been issued by the Tribunal to the police earlier, were today examined by Nawab Askar Yar Jung, counsel for Syed Kasim Razvi.

The defence had submitted an application for production by the police of records of speeches of all those persons who spoke at meetings at which Syed Kasim Razvi was present between August 15, 1947 and September 17, 1948.

After examination, Nawab Askar Yar Jung told the Court that all the speeches he had examined were those of Syed Kasim Razvi and the records produced did not contain those of other speakers at the meeting.

RAZVI'S REQUEST

As the Registrar of the Tribunal was being examined by the Court as a witness in connection with the issue of summons to the police for production of records, Nawab Askar Yar Jung told the Court that Syed Kasim Razvi had requested the Court "to drop the matter as it was too late."

The request of the defence was recorded.

The Tribunal adjourned to meet again on Saturday.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

SUGAR—Salt— Matches— Sweet Oil—and what will you?

Bombay has passed through one of those cyclones of mass hysteria for which there is no explanation and at the same time many explanations. You can suit yourself. Do you dislike the Government? Then what the h---l, there are these wretched fellows; cannot even manage a little thing like that; know what Goa has done? Why, ship it all in from Java, or Cuba, anywhere, but just ship it in and see. Do you hate the Communists? Then, there you are; these are very fellows for trouble; police-firing at Matunga? Why, they asked for blood on the streets and, by jove, they got it all right; it is just the firm hand that Government must show. Do you detest the merchants? There you are; the public at last has done the Right Thing and covered the gap left by the Government; looting the shops, of course, it was the only way to strike the fear of God into these black-marketers, profiteers and crooks; serve them right too; where is the shortage now? Put your penny and take your choice.

But all this is beside the point. The failure of people to see the facts as they are is due to our excessive interest in politics and our eagerness to find a political reason for every thing big or small. But here is the picture as it unfolded to me on Thursday morning.

Waking late after a late night, I had the ill-luck to light my eyes on the travelling carpenter who haunts you in the suburbs, offering to patch that long neglected hole in your back fence. He was insistent that he needed another five rupees to redo what he had done a week before. As he saw my expression, he leant forward ingratiatingly and began: "Saaab, arre, you don't know. Kya hoa. Salt is finished. Matches is finished. But I have bought three brash of matches and four pailis of salt and locked them up at home". (After some questioning, I learnt that "brash" was his own term for a dozen, picked up some unfortunate day when a doomed suburbanite had entrusted some filling in job to him.) I can do you also, Saaab." I did not rise to the bait. After all, it is bad enough to pay out a fiver and I was going to put the cut in spending into effect. So I told him that it was very bad to hoard, that it created unnecessary shortages and all the wisdom that one might expect from a rationing officer. He left, after remembering a slight miscalculation which had reduced his need to five rupees from what should have been really rupees ten. We split the differences and he left with eight rupees.

Just as he left, my bread-man came up, very confidentially edging up to me. His story was awful. Sugar had fled the markets; salt was Re. 1 a paili; matches were 14 annas a dozen. He had—oh, yes, he had stored in a little. Not much but a dozen matches; a couple of pailis. Luckily he too had just got them at the old (yesterday's) price. I brushed him irritably aside. What nonsense! The Government was quite able to look after these things. "Guvmut!" he asked with a sneering upper lip, and spat out of the verandah. "Guvmut ka karenga? Bania ka raj ayya—bania ka raj." He had collected a fairly large and appreciative audience and I was anxious to shove him off. So I laughed at them all for being old women and wasting time in idle gossip. As I had the one chance of lecturing my assembled family, I took it and warned them all not to buy any of the short commodities at fancy prices.

A little later, one of them came up to me. Mrs. so-and-so had bought salt at Rs. 2 a paili; someone else had bought match-boxes at Rs. 1/8/- a dozen. I sought defence in rudeness.

The tale went on in driblets, coming in all morning. Finally, I stepped out of the house as a last means of protection. At the bus stop, I was hailed by a friend. He was very indignant. Three buses had gone by without taking him. Then he said. "Have you heard? Salt is Rs. 3 a paili; matches are 8 as. per box". I touched my hat in all humility. Who was I to seem better than other men? I went back home and laid in my little nest egg. Eight pailis of salt; and six dozen boxes of matches. Who said I was not prepared?

MAKING CYCLES AND CHOCOLATES IN INDIA

British Firms Granted Permission

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Oct. 12

The Government of India have given permission to British manufacturers to set up their undertakings in this country, I learn.

It is proposed to incorporate an Indian company in which non-Indian capital would not exceed 50 per cent

According to the scheme, three makes of cycles will be manufactured here, namely, B.S.A., Raleigh and Hercules.

Initially, these cyles will be merely assembled here but the company proposes to manufacture the complete cycle within three years.

Undertakings will be located in Bengal and Madras provinces, probably in Calcutta and Bangalore.

Similar permission has been given to Cadburys to manufacture chocolates.

Mobile Frontier Force For Israel

TEL AVIV, October 12 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The Israel Defence Ministry today announced the creation of a mobile frontier force within the framework of a standing peace time army.

The force will include cavalry and mechanised units and will be called upon "to protect the long border as well as ensure law and order in the frontier areas", according to the announcement.

HUMAN CARGO

BRANKFURT, (P.T.I.-Reuter): A German family of four escaped from their home at Ratibor in Polish-occupied Upper Silesia by having themselves nailed into a huge box which was sent and arrived safely at Furth in Malde in the American zone, according to press reports here.

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Must Have Been Trained In A Night Club — By BUD FISHER.

HELLO, MUTT! HOW'S BUSINESS?
PUNK! I SERVE THE BEST FOOD AND EVERYTHING AND I AIN'T HAD A CUSTOMER SINCE I OPENED!
HOT FRANKS 1
I'LL GIVE YOU TWO BUCKS FOR THE PLACE!
KID, YA CAN HAVE THE JOINT! I'M THROUGH!
LATER...
WHAT'S THIS? A FULL PAGE AD ADVERTISING JEFF'S PLACE!
?
MAYBE I DON'T HAVE THE BEST FOOD BUT-
A DOUBLE JEFF'S SPECIAL!
CURB SERVICE WITH A SMILE!

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